

INTRODUCTION 1

What is the TOEIC® test?

“TOEIC®” stands for the Test of English for International Communication. TOEIC® test scores indicate how well people can communicate in English with others in the global workplace. The test does not require specialized knowledge or vocabulary; it measures only the kind of English used in everyday activities.

What is the format of the TOEIC® test?

The TOEIC® test is a two hour, paper and pencil, multiple choice test that consists of 200 questions divided into two separately timed sections: listening and reading.

Listening Section

This section consists of 100 questions and is divided into four parts. The entire Listening Section takes approximately 45 minutes.

Part 1: Photographs (6 photographs each followed by 4 spoken statements)

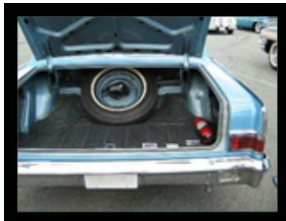
Part 2: Question and Response (25 questions each followed by 3 spoken responses)

Part 3: Short Conversations (Total of 39 questions across 13 short conversations, more than two speakers in some conversations each followed by 3 spoken questions. Question types testing the connection of what is heard in a conversation and what is seen in a graphic. Each question has 4 answer choices)

Part 4: Short talks (Total of 30 questions across 10 short talks each followed by 3 questions. Question types testing the connection of what is heard in a conversation and what is seen in a graphic. Each question has 4 answer choices)

MATCHING WORDS

A.



B.



C.



D.



E.



1-() 2-() 3-() 4-() 5-()

DICTATION

1. He's pushing a _____.
2. _____ are _____ on top of one another.
3. He's _____ baggage into the _____.
4. She's standing next to the _____.
5. There's an _____ at the foot of the table.

HOMEWORK (Vocabulary)

1. During the flight, check the magazines in the seat pocket.
2. Use those maps to determine where your arriving and departing gates are located.
3. Listen closely to the announcements as the plane you're on has landed and is taxiing to the gate.
4. Make sure that the boarding pass for your connecting flight is on yourself.
5. You usually do not need to visit baggage claim.

INTRODUCTION 2

Reading Section

The Reading Section consists of 100 questions presented in written format in the test booklet. Candidates read a variety of materials and respond at their own pace to questions based on the materials. The entire Reading Section takes 75 minutes.

- Part 5: Incomplete Sentences (Total of 30 questions across 30 fill-in-the-blank sentences, each followed by 4 answer choices.)
- Part 6: Text Completion (Total of 16 questions across 4 sets of reading passages. Each passage has 4 fill-in-the-blank sentences, each followed by 4 answer choices.)
- Part 7: Reading Comprehension (First portion has a total of 29 questions across 10 *Single reading passages*, each followed by 2 and 4 questions. Each question has 4 answer choices. / Second portion has a total of 25 questions across 2 sets of *double reading passages* and 3 sets of *triple reading passages*, each followed by 5 questions. Each question has 4 answer choices.)

PART 5

- **Directions:** A word or phrase is missing in each of the sentences below. Four answer choices are given below each sentence. Select the best answer to complete the sentence.
- **STRATEGY 1:** Read all of the 4 choices before reading the sentence. Know the two types of answer choices.

Example 1:

The recent increase in tourism has done less to improve the business of small retailers in this area than we _____ predicted.

(A) original (B) originated (C) originally (D) originality

Example 2:

Conference participants interested in industrial development should _____ schedule a visit to Auckland's factories.

(A) recently (B) definitely (C) practically (D) fortunately

- **STRATEGY 2: TIME MANAGEMENT**

Example 3: He is a ___ person (creative/ create/ creation/creatively).

Example 4: You have to think ___ (creative/ create/ creation/ creatively).

Example 5: I would like to propose the ___ of a new project (creative/ create/ creation/ creatively).

Example 6: Nuclear warfare could destroy all ___ (creative/ create/creation/creatively)

Part of Speech Items

Answer Choice TYPE A: “Part of Speech Items” → 10 seconds

Step 1

First of all, check the four answer choices → if they have the same stem and different suffixes, the question typically asks about “Part of Speech”. → Check each “suffix”.

Step 2

Check the “Word Order” to determine what part of speech is required.

- If the blank word is followed by a noun choose the adjective (what kind, what size, what color, how many, etc.)

Example: He is a _____ person. (creative/create/creation/creatively).

- If the sentence is perfect without the blank word which modifies the verb or adjective, choose the adverb.

Example: You have to think _____ (creative/create/creation/creatively).

- If the blank word follows a determiner such as an article (a/an/the) or a possessive adjective (my/ your, etc.) and is followed by a preposition, choose the noun.

Example: I would like to propose the _____ of a new project (creative/create/creation/creatively).

- If an object is required, choose the noun.

Example 1: Nuclear warfare could destroy all _____ (creative/create/creation/creatively).

<The verb “destroy” here is the transitive verb which requires an object.>

Example 2: Man is the lord of all _____ (creative/create/creation/creatively).

<The preposition “of” requires an object.>

EXERCISE

1. The report stresses the _____ of eating plenty of fresh fruit and vegetables.

(A) necessary (B) necessity (C) necessarily (D) necessitate

2. The human resources manager who interviewed the candidate over the phone said that she lacks the _____ skills for the job.

(A) necessary (B) necessity (C) necessarily (D) necessitate

3. The fact that something is cheap does not _____ mean it is of low quality.

(A) necessary (B) necessity (C) necessarily (D) necessitate

4. Reduction in government spending will _____ further cuts in public services.

(A) necessary (B) necessity (C) necessarily (D) necessitate

5. Rates for the use of recreational facilities do not include tax and are subject to change without _____.

(A) signal (B) necessity (C) report (D) notice

Post-lesson Comments: