

The logo for 'Smart Kids' is displayed in a stylized, bubbly font. 'Smart' is in a light purple color, and 'Kids' is in a darker purple color with a small heart shape above the 'i'.

Smart  
Kids

# Unit 5

## Merry Christmas

### Lesson 5 Reading





## We Wish You a Merry Christmas

We wish you a merry Christmas.

We wish you a merry Christmas.

We wish you a merry Christmas and a happy New Year.

Good tidings we bring to you and your kin.

Good tidings for Christmas and a happy New Year.






### Fill in the blanks

**Sam:** Annie, I \_\_\_\_\_ (see) Santa Claus this morning.

**Annie:** Wow, it sounds great! What did he look like?

**Sam:** He was fat. He \_\_\_\_\_ a pair of , but he didn't have a long beard.

**Annie:** Santa Claus usually has a long beard. Did he wear boots?

**Sam:** No, he wore a pair of .

**Annie:** Sneakers?! My dad wore a pair of sneakers this morning.

**Sam:** What does your dad \_\_\_\_\_?

**Annie:** My dad is fat. He has curly hair and a square face.  
He wears glasses, too. Oh, my dad has a \_\_\_\_\_.

**Sam:** Really?! That Santa Claus also had a moustache. Let's ask your dad together.



**Describe the person in the picture**

**What**  
does she  
look like?





**Listen to the passage**



## Christmas and Spring Festival

Western people and Chinese people celebrate festivals on different days and in different ways.

For example, Christmas falls on December 25th, while Spring Festival falls on the first day of the first lunar month. On Christmas, people usually decorate the Christmas trees in Christmas colors (red, green, white). They hang lights and ribbons on Christmas trees, while people in China usually stick red spring couplets and red paper-cuts on doors and windows. On Christmas, children receive gifts in the stockings, while in Spring Festival, children receive lucky money in red envelopes.

## Read and learn



lights



ribbons

福  
满  
人  
间

春  
回  
大  
地

couplets



paper-cuts

lucky money



red envelope



### Read and learn



**hang + noun + on + noun**

1. **hang** lights **on** the Christmas tree
2. **hang** ribbons **on** the Christmas tree



**stick + noun + on + noun**

1. **stick** couplets **on** the door
2. **stick** paper-cuts **on** the window

**Look and choose the correct phrase for each picture**

send...to

receive...from

stick...to

hang...on

1. Annie \_\_\_\_\_ paper-cuts \_\_\_\_\_ the window last Spring Festival.



2. Look, Annie \_\_\_\_\_ a gift \_\_\_\_\_ her mom.



3. He \_\_\_\_\_ a picture \_\_\_\_\_ the wall yesterday.



4. Teacher usually \_\_\_\_\_ some flowers \_\_\_\_\_ her students.





Read aloud

### Christmas and Spring Festival

Western people and Chinese people celebrate festivals on different days and in different ways.



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### Read and learn



Christmas **falls on** December 25th.



The Spring Festival **falls on**  
the first day of the first lunar month.

fall on + date



Thanksgiving Day **falls on**  
the fourth Thursday in November.

When is Mother's Day?  
When is Halloween?



**Describe the differences between Christmas and Spring Festival using “while”**

Christmas

Spring Festival

date:

.....

.....

colors:

.....

.....

decoration:

.....

.....

what children receive:

.....

.....