

# **VOCABULARY**

producer servant history historian judge editor adviser chief (n) chief (adj) employee lad dealer

# **EXERCISE N1.1**



- 1. The producer of this movie is going to be very famous.
- 2. He is an honest servant of our family.
- 3. My brother is interested in the history of this old town.
- 4. She is curious about this international historian on TV.
- 5. We have to see the judge in the court today.
- 6. She applied as an editor at our company.
- 7. My adviser told me to continue my studies in London.
- 8. The chief police officer died in a car accident yesterday.
- 9. His father is the chief of their organization.
- 10. She wants to meet the dealer of this beautiful car on the road.
- 11. That lad on the stage is really nice and interesting.
- 12. The manager was talking when the new employee arrived.

# **EXERCISE N1.2**



- 1. We have to see the judge in the court today.
- 2. We have to see the judge in the room today.
- 3. We have to see the teacher in the room today.
- 4. We have to see the doctor in the room today.
- 5. We have to see the doctor in the hospital today.
- 6. We have to see the doctor in the hospital this afternoon.
- 7. We have to see the nurse in the hospital this afternoon.
- 8. We have to see the manager in the hospital this afternoon.



# **EXERCISE N1.3**



- 1. He is an honest servant of our family. Repeat.
- 2. He is an honest servant of our family. Change: she.
- 3. She is an honest servant of our family. Change: good.
- 4. She is a good servant of our family. Change: friendly.
- 5. She is a friendly servant of our family. Change: their.
- 6. She is a friendly servant of their family. Change: company.
- 7. She is a friendly servant of their company. Change: kind.
- 8. She is a kind servant of their company. Change: manager.

# **EXERCISE N1.4**



- 1. That lad is nice.
- 2. That lad is really nice.
- 3. That lad is really nice and interesting.
- 4. That lad on the stage is really nice and interesting.
- 5. That lad on the big stage is really nice and interesting.
- 6. That cute lad on the big stage is really nice and interesting.

# **EXERCISE N1.5**



- 1. She wants to meet the dealer. Repeat.
- 2. She wants to meet the dealer. Add: of this car.
- 3. She wants to meet the dealer of this car. Add: beautiful.
- 4. She wants to meet the dealer of this beautiful car. Add: black.
- 5. She wants to meet the dealer of this beautiful black car. Add: on the road.
- 6. She wants to meet the dealer of this beautiful black car on the road. Add: this afternoon.



# **EXERCISE N1.6**



- 1. The chief police officer died in his car yesterday. Repeat
- 2. The chief police officer died in his car yesterday. Transform: who.
- 3. The chief police officer died in his car yesterday. Transform: where.
- 4. The chief police officer died in his car yesterday. Transform: when.
- 5. The chief police officer died in his car yesterday. Transform: not.

# **EXERCISE N1.7**



- 1. My adviser told me to continue my studies in London. Repeat.
- 2. My adviser told me to continue my studies in London. Transform: who.
- 3. My adviser told me to continue my studies in London. Transform: what.
- 4. My adviser told me to continue my studies in London. Transform: where.
- 5. My adviser told me to continue my studies in London. Transform: not.
- 6. My brother is interested in the history of this old town. Repeat.
- 7. My brother is interested in the history of this old town. Transform: who.
- 8. My brother is interested in the history of this old town. Transform: what.
- 9. My brother is interested in the history of this old town. Transform: not.

# **EXERCISE N1.8**



- 1. Who is curious about this international historian on TV? She is curious ...

2. Who is the chief of their organization? His father ...

3. Is he an honest servant of our family?

Yes, he is ...

4. Where did she apply as an editor?

She applied ...

- 5. Is that lad on the stage really nice and interesting? Yes, that lad ...
- 6. Who is going to be very famous?

The producer ...

- 7. Was the manager talking when the new employee arrived? Yes, the manager ...
- 8. Is his father the chief of their organization?
- Yes, his father ...

# **EXERCISE N1.9**



# Open Questions Exercise

- 1. Do you know the producer of your favorite movie? Who?
- 2. Who is the most interesting historian you know?
- 3. Do you like to be a judge?
- 4. Are you an employee? Where?
- 5. Do you want to be an employee in a specific company?
- 6. Who is the editor of your favorite book?
- 7. Do you want to be the chief of a company?



# **VOCABULARY**

hurry illustrate jump (n) over (v) kick explore demonstrate design designer jump (v) offer (v) kiss acquire

### **GRAMMAR FOCUS**

Talking About the Future future perfect

The future perfect tense indicates that an action will have been completed (finished or perfected) at some point in the future. This tense is formed with "will" plus "have" plus the past participle of the verb:

subject + will + has/have + past participle



# For example:

I will have spent all my money by this time next week. Sam will have run twenty kilometers after tomorrow. They will have finished studying English when this year ends.

# **EXERCISE N2.1**



- 1. She will have jumped with excitement after I tell her the good news.
- 2. They will have acquired a good education two years from now.
- 3. I will have illustrated my plan for the company next week.
- 4. He will have demonstrated the cause of the problem after today.
- 5. We will have hurried going home next month.
- 6. Sam will have designed his new house after work on Saturday.
- 7. Peter will have explored different countries after his long holiday.
- 8. He will have offered a job to him before he leaves.
- 9. She will have kissed her mother before she goes to school tomorrow.
- 10. He will have kicked the ball on the ground after cleaning the house.
- 11. I will have made a long jump after the exam tomorrow.
- 12. She will have accepted his offer of love by this time tomorrow.
- 13. The designer of her dress owns a big shop in this town.



# **EXERCISE N2.2**



- 1. I will have made a long jump after the exam tomorrow.
- 2. He will have made a long jump after the exam tomorrow.
- 3. She will have made a long jump after the exam tomorrow.
- 4. She will have made a long jump after the exam on Monday.
- 5. She will have made a long jump after the test on Monday.
- 6. She will have made a long jump after the test this afternoon.
- 7. They will have made a long jump after the test this afternoon.

### **EXERCISE N2.3**



- 1. He will have offered a job to him before he leaves. Repeat.
- 2. He will have offered a job to him before he leaves. Change: she.
- 3. She will have offered a job to him before she leaves. Change: given.
- 4. She will have given a job to him before she leaves. Change: house.
- 5. She will have given a house to him before she leaves. Change: them.
- 6. She will have given a house to them before she leaves. Change: bought.
- 7. She will have bought a house to them before she leaves. Change: car.

### **EXERCISE N2.4**



- 1. She will have kissed her mother.
- 2. She will have kissed her mother before she goes to school.
- 3. She will have kissed her beautiful mother before she goes to school.
- 4. She will have kissed her beautiful mother before she goes to her new school.
- 5. She will have kissed her beautiful mother before she goes to her new school tomorrow.

# **EXERCISE N2.5**



1. He will have demonstrated the problem.



- 2. He will have demonstrated the cause of the problem.
- 3. He will have demonstrated the cause of the problem in the company.
- 4. He will have demonstrated the cause of the problem in the company today.
- 5. He will have demonstrated the cause of the problem in the company at 5 o'clock today.

# **EXERCISE N2.6**



Basic Sentence Expansion Drill

- 1. Peter will have explored different countries.
- 2. Peter will have explored different countries after his holiday.
- 3. Peter will have explored different countries after his long holiday.
- 4. Peter will have explored different countries after his long holiday in Japan and China.
- 5. Peter will have explored different countries after his long holiday in Japan, China and London.

# **EXERCISE N2.7**



Intermediate Sentence Expansion Drill

- 1. I will have illustrated my plan. Repeat.
- 2. I will have illustrated my plan. Add: nice.
- 3. I will have illustrated my nice plan. Add: for the company.
- 4. I will have illustrated my nice plan for the company. Add: after work.
- 5. I will have illustrated my nice plan for the company after work. Add: next week.

### **EXERCISE N2.8**



Mixed Drill

- 1. We will have hurried going home next month. Repeat.
- 2. We will have hurried going home next month. Change: the designer.
- 3. The designer will have hurried going home next month. Add: after work.
- 4. The designer will have hurried going home after work next month. Change: week.
- 5. The designer will have hurried going home after work next week. Add: at 5 o'clock.
- 6. The designer will have hurried going home after work at 5 o'clock next week. Transform: who.
- 7. The designer will have hurried going home after work at 5 o'clock next week. Transform: when.



# **EXERCISE N2.9**



- 1. Who will have jumped with excitement after I tell her the good news?
- 2. When will he have demonstrated the cause of the problem?
- 3. Who will have designed his new house after work on Saturday?
- 4. Will he have offered a job to him before he leaves?
- 5. What will he have kicked on the ground after cleaning the house?
- 6. Who will have hurried going home next month?
- 7. Will Peter have explored different countries after his long holiday?
- 8. When will they have acquired a good education?

# **EXERCISE N2.10**



- 1. Do you like to talk in front of many people?
- 2. Have you accomplished all your dreams in life?
- 3. Do you always have to hurry when you go to work/school?
- 4. Do you want to explore the world? Why or why not?
- 5. When was the last time you received an offer for something?
- 6. Would you like to design your own house?
- 7. Do you know any famous designers?



# **VOCABULARY**

situation smoke society glove garbage space

furniture grocery handbag handle heater

# **EXERCISE N3.1**



- 1. We are having a difficult and complicated situation in the office.
- 2. The smoke from the cars makes me feel sick every day.
- 3. We do have an individual role in our society.
- 4. This new furniture in the room is not necessary for the family.
- 5. There's a big space for the children to play outside her house.
- 6. She needs to buy the groceries before the shop closes at 6pm.
- 7. I need to buy two new handbags for my holiday next week.
- 8. She was opening the window when I turned the door handle.
- 9. The garbage outside their house smells really bad.
- 10. He lost his favorite gloves in the field yesterday morning.
- 11. I was making breakfast when the water heater fell on the floor.
- 12. We need to throw our garbage in the trash bin outside the house.

# **EXERCISE N3.2**

- Basic Single-slot Substitution Drill
- 1. I need to buy a new handbag for my holiday next week.
- 2. She needs to buy a new handbag for her holiday next week.
- 3. She needs to buy a new handbag for her show next week.
- 4. She needs to buy a new handbag for her show on Sunday.
- 5. She needs to bring a new handbag for her show on Sunday.
- 6. She needs to bring a nice handbag for her show on Sunday.
- 7. She needs to bring a nice dress for her show on Sunday.
- 8. She needs to bring a nice hat for her show on Sunday.



### **EXERCISE N3.3**

- Market Single-slot Substitution Drill
- 1. He lost his favorite gloves in the field yesterday morning. Repeat.
- 2. He lost his favorite gloves in the field yesterday morning. Change: hat.
- 3. He lost his favorite hat in the field yesterday morning. Change: new.
- 4. He lost his new hat in the field yesterday morning. Change: afternoon.
- 5. He lost his new hat in the field yesterday afternoon. Change: office.
- 6. He lost his new hat in the office yesterday afternoon. Change: she.
- 7. She lost her new hat in the office yesterday afternoon. Change: bag.
- 8. She lost her new bag in the office yesterday afternoon. Change: gave.

# **EXERCISE N3.4**



- 1. This furniture is expensive.
- 2. This new furniture is expensive.
- 3. This new furniture is very expensive.
- 4. This new furniture in the room is very expensive.
- 5. This new furniture in the big room is very expensive.
- 6. This new furniture in the big room is very expensive and not necessary.
- 7. This new furniture in the big room is very expensive and not necessary for the family.

# **EXERCISE N3.5**



- 1. She needs to buy the groceries.
- 2. She needs to buy the groceries at the supermarket.
- 3. She needs to buy the groceries at the supermarket before it closes.
- 4. She needs to buy the groceries at the supermarket before it closes at 6pm.
- 5. She needs to buy the groceries at the supermarket before it closes at 6pm this evening.



### **EXERCISE N3.6**



- 1. There's a space for the children.
- 2. There's a big space for the children.
- 3. There's a big space for the children to play.
- 4. There's a big space for the children to play outside her house.
- 5. There's a big space for the children to play outside her new house.

# **EXERCISE N3.7**



- 1. She needs to buy the groceries before the shop closes at 6pm. Repeat.
- 2. She needs to buy the groceries before the shop closes at 6pm. Transform: what.
- 3. She needs to buy the groceries before the shop closes at 6pm. Transform: who.
- 4. She needs to buy the groceries before the shop closes at 6pm. Transform: when.
- 5. She needs to buy the groceries before the shop closes at 6pm. Transform: not.

### **EXERCISE N3.8**



- 1. He lost his favorite gloves in the field yesterday morning. Repeat.
- 2. He lost his favorite gloves in the field yesterday morning. Transform: what.
- 3. He lost his favorite gloves in the field yesterday morning. Transform: who.
- 4. He lost his favorite gloves in the field yesterday morning. Transform: where.
- 5. He lost his favorite gloves in the field yesterday morning. Transform: when.
- 6. He lost his favorite gloves in the field yesterday morning. Transform: not.

# **EXERCISE N3.9**



1. Who is having a difficult and complicated situation in the office? We are having ...



- 2. Did he lose his favorite gloves in the field yesterday morning? Yes, he lost ...
- 3. What was she opening when I turned the door handle? She was opening ...
- 4. Is this new furniture in the room necessary for the family?

  No, this new furniture ...
- 5. Who needs to buy the groceries before the shop closes at 6pm? She needs ...
- 6. Is there a big space for the children to play outside her house? Yes, there's ...
- 7. What smells really bad outside their house? The garbage ...
- 8. What makes you feel sick every day?
  The smoke ...

# **EXERCISE N3.10**



- 1. What can you say about our society?
- 2. Is there anything you want to change in our society?
- 3. Do you like buying expensive furniture?
- 4. Who buys your groceries at home?
- 5. How often do you buy the groceries?
- 6. Does the smoke from cars make you feel sick?
- 7. Do you like to have a big space outside your house?
- 8. What was the most difficult situation you have experienced?





Reading Exercise

- 1. She applied to be an editor at our company.
- 2. My adviser told me to continue my studies in London.
- 3. The chief police officer died in a car accident yesterday.
- 4. His father is the chief of their organization.
- 5. She wants to meet the dealer of this beautiful car on the road.
- 6. That lad on the stage is really nice and interesting.
- 7. The manager was talking when the new employee arrived.
- 8. She will have jumped for excitement after I tell her the good news.
- 9. We are having a difficult and complicated situation in the office.
- 10. The smoke from the cars makes me feel sick every day.

# **EXERCISE N REV1.2**



Reading Exercise

- 1. They will have acquired a good education two years from now.
- 2. I will have illustrated my plan for the company next week.
- 3. He will have demonstrated the cause of the problem after today.
- 4. We will have hurried going home by next month.
- 5. I will have made a long jump after the exam tomorrow.
- 6. She will have accepted his offer of love by this time tomorrow.
- 7. The designer of her dress owns a big shop in this town.
- 8. We do have an individual role in our society.
- 9. This new furniture in the room is not necessary for the family.
- 10. There's a big space for the children to play outside her house.

# **EXERCISE N REV1.3**



Reading Exercise

- 1. I will have made a long jump after the exam tomorrow.
- 2. He will have made a long jump after the exam tomorrow.
- 3. She will have made a long jump after the exam tomorrow.
- 4. She will have made a long jump after the exam on Monday.
- 5. She will have made a long jump after the test on Monday.
- 6. She will have made a long jump after the test this afternoon.
- 7. They will have made a long jump after the test this afternoon.





- 1. The producer of this movie is going to be very famous.
- 2. He is an honest servant of our family.
- 3. She is curious about this international historian on TV.
- 4. We have to see the judge in the court today.
- 5. The designer of her dress owns a big shop in this town.
- 6. Sam will have designed his new house after work on Saturday.
- 7. Peter will have explored different countries after his long holiday.
- 8. He will have offered a job to him before he leaves.
- 9. She will have kissed her mother before she goes to school tomorrow.
- 10. He will have kicked the ball on the ground after cleaning the house.

# **EXERCISE N REV1.5**



- 1. We have to see the judge in the court today.
- 2. We have to see the judge in the room today.
- 3. We have to see the teacher in the room today.
- 4. We have to see the doctor in the room today.
- 5. We have to see the doctor in the hospital today.
- 6. We have to see the doctor in the hospital this afternoon.
- 7. We have to see the nurse in the hospital this afternoon.
- 8. We have to see the manager in the hospital this afternoon.

# **EXERCISE N REV1.6**



- 1. He will have offered a job for him before he leaves. Repeat.
- 2. He will have offered a job for him before he leaves. Change: she.

  She will have offered a job for him before she leaves.
- 3. She will have offered a job for him before she leaves. Change: given. She will have given a job for him before she leaves.
- 4. She will have given a job for him before she leaves. Change: house. She will have given a house for him before she leaves.
- 5. She will have given a house for him before she leaves. Change: them. She will have given a house for them before she leaves.



- 6. She will have given a house for them before she leaves. Change: bought.
  - She will have bought a house for them before she leaves.
- 7. She will have bought a house for them before she leaves. Change: car. She will have bought a car for them before she leaves.



Basic Sentence Expansion Drill

- 1. This furniture is expensive.
- 2. This new furniture is expensive.
- 3. This new furniture is very expensive.
- 4. This new furniture in the room is very expensive.
- 5. This new furniture in the big room is very expensive.
- 6. This new furniture in the big room is very expensive and not necessary.
- 7. This new furniture in the big room is very expensive and not necessary for the family.

# **EXERCISE N REV1.8**



Basic Sentence Expansion Drill

- 1. That lad is nice.
- 2. That lad is really nice.
- 3. That lad is really nice and interesting.
- 4. That lad on the stage is really nice and interesting.
- 5. That lad on the big stage is really nice and interesting.
- 6. That cute lad on the big stage is really nice and interesting.

# **EXERCISE N REV1.9**



Intermediate Sentence Expansion Drill

- 1. She wants to meet the dealer. Repeat.
- 2. She wants to meet the dealer. Add: of this car.

She wants to meet the dealer of this car.

3. She wants to meet the dealer of this car. Add: beautiful. She wants to meet the dealer of this beautiful car.



- 4. She wants to meet the dealer of this beautiful car. Add: black.
  - She wants to meet the dealer of this beautiful black car.
  - 5. She wants to meet the dealer of this beautiful black car. Add: on the road. She wants to meet the dealer of this beautiful black car on the road.
  - 6. She wants to meet the dealer of this beautiful black car on the road. Add: this afternoon. She wants to meet the dealer of this beautiful black car on the road this afternoon.



- 1. I will have illustrated my plan. Repeat.
- 2. I will have illustrated my plan. Add: nice.
  I will have illustrated my nice plan.
- 3. I will have illustrated my nice plan. Add: for the company.

  I will have illustrated my nice plan for the company.
- 4. I will have illustrated my nice plan for the company. Add: after work.

  I will have illustrated my nice plan for the company after work.
- 5. I will have illustrated my nice plan for the company after work. Add: next week. I will have illustrated my nice plan for the company after work next week.

# **EXERCISE N REV1.11**



- 1. She needs to buy the groceries before the shop closes at 6pm. Repeat.
- 2. She needs to buy the groceries before the shop closes at 6pm. Transform: what. What does she need to do before the shop closes at 6pm?
- 3. She needs to buy the groceries before the shop closes at 6pm. Transform: who. Who needs to buy the groceries before the shop closes at 6pm?
- 4. She needs to buy the groceries before the shop closes at 6pm. Transform: when. When does she need to buy the groceries?
- 5. She needs to buy the groceries before the shop closes at 6pm. Transform: not. She doesn't need to buy the groceries before the shop closes at 6pm.





- 1. He lost his favorite gloves in the field yesterday morning. Repeat.
- 2. He lost his favorite gloves in the field yesterday morning. Transform: what. What did he lose in the field yesterday morning?
- 3. He lost his favorite gloves in the field yesterday morning. Transform: who. Who lost his favorite gloves in the field yesterday morning?
- 4. He lost his favorite gloves in the field yesterday morning. Transform: where. Where did he lose his favorite gloves yesterday morning?
- 5. He lost his favorite gloves in the field yesterday morning. Transform: when. When did he lose his favorite gloves in the field?
- 6. He lost his favorite gloves in the field yesterday morning. Transform: not. He didn't lose his favorite gloves in the field yesterday morning.

### **EXERCISE N REV1.13**



- 1. My adviser told me to continue my studies in London. Repeat.
- 2. My adviser told me to continue my studies in London. Transform: who. Who told me to continue my studies in London?
- 3. My adviser told me to continue my studies in London. Transform: what. What did my adviser tell me to continue in London?
- 4. My adviser told me to continue my studies in London. Transform: where.

  Where did my adviser tell me to continue my studies?
- 5. My adviser told me to continue my studies in London. Transform: not.

  My adviser didn't tell me to continue my studies in London.

# **EXERCISE N REV1.14**



- 1. We will have hurried going home by next month. Repeat.
- 2. We will have hurried going home by next month. Change: she.

  She will have hurried going home by next month.
- 3. She will have hurried going home by next month. Add: after work. She will have hurried going home after work by next month.



- 4. She will have hurried going home after work by next month. Change: week. She will have hurried going home after work by next week.
- 5. She will have hurried going home after work by next week. Add: at 5 o'clock. She will have hurried going home after work at 5 o'clock by next week.
- 6. She will have hurried going home after work at 5 o'clock by next week. Transform: who. Who will have hurried going home after work at 5 o'clock by next week?
- 7. She will have hurried going home after work at 5 o'clock by next week. Transform: when. When will she have hurried going home after work at 5 o'clock?



1. He lost his favorite gloves in the field yesterday morning. Write.

Change: hat - He lost his favorite hat in the field yesterday morning.

2. He lost his favorite hat in the field yesterday morning. Write.

Change: new - He lost his new hat in the field yesterday morning.

3. He will have offered a job to him before he leaves. Write.

Change: she - She will have offered a job to him before she leaves.

4. She will have given a job to him before she leaves. Write.

Change: house - She will have given a house to him before she leaves.

5. She will have bought a house for them before she leaves. Write.

Change: car - She will have bought a car for them before she leaves.

6. The designer will have hurried going home after work next month. Write.

Change: week - The designer will have hurried going home after work next week.

7. She is a friendly servant of their family. Write.

Change: company - She is a friendly servant of their company.

8. He is an honest servant of our family. Write.

Change: she - She is an honest servant of our family.



# **VOCABULARY**

perform performance switch (n) switch (v) twist swap wrap submit go back run away set off march

go back = return to a place run away = to escape, to flee set off = to start a journey

# **EXERCISE N4.1**



- 1. She has performed successfully in different international shows.
- 2. Their performance last night was really amazing.
- 3. I swapped rooms with my sister last week.
- 4. He was using the switch to turn off the light when she fell on the floor.
- 5. Science was my major, then I switched to English.
- 6. Peter twisted his knee while playing basketball last Sunday.
- 7. The nurse wrapped the baby and brought her to her mother.
- 8. Mary submitted the papers to her enthusiastic professor.
- 9. We need to go back to our previous house before the weekend.
- 10. The children were really scared when they ran away from the criminals.
- 11. Maria and James set off on a holiday to Japan this December.
- 12. The police officers marched towards the building.

# **EXERCISE N4.P1**



Pronunciation Repetition Drill

### Pronounce the words.

- 1. performance
- 2. twist
- 3. switch
- 4. wrap
- 5. march



# **EXERCISE N4.2**

- Basic Single-slot Substitution Drill
- 1. Their performance last night was really amazing.
- 2. His performance last night was really amazing.
- 3. Peter's performance last night was really amazing.
- 4. Peter's performance last week was really amazing.
- 5. Peter's performance last week was really successful.
- 6. Peter's performance last week was really enjoyable.
- 7. Sally's performance last week was really enjoyable.
- 8. Sally's performance last Sunday was really enjoyable.

# **EXERCISE N4.3**

- Intermediate Single-slot Substitution Drill
- 1. Maria and James will set off on a holiday to Japan this December. Repeat.
- 2. Maria and James will set off on a holiday to Japan this December. Change: they.
- 3. They will set off on a holiday to Japan this December. Change: we.
- 4. We will set off on a holiday to Japan this December. Change: London.
- 5. We will set off on a holiday to London this December. Change: next year.
- 6. We will set off on a holiday to London next year. Change: short.
- 7. We will set off on a short holiday to London next year. Change: my parents.

# **EXERCISE N4.4**

- Basic Sentence Expansion Drill
- 1. She has performed in different shows.
- 2. She has performed in different international shows.
- 3. She has performed successfully in different international shows.
- 4. She has performed successfully in three different international shows.
- 5. She has performed successfully in three different international shows this year.

# **EXERCISE N4.5**

- Basic Sentence Expansion Drill
- 1. We need to go back to our house.



- 2. We need to go back to our previous house.
- 3. We need to go back to our previous house before the weekend.
- 4. We need to go back to our previous house immediately before the weekend.

### **EXERCISE N4.6**



- 1. Mary submitted the papers to her enthusiastic professor.
- 2. Change: John.
- 3. Change: Sam.
- 4. Change: kind.
- 5. Change: Sally.
- 6. Change: gave.
- 7. Change: teacher.
- 8. Change: friendly.

# **EXERCISE N4.7**



- 1. I swapped rooms with my sister last week. Repeat.
- 2. I swapped rooms with my sister last week. Transform: what.
- 3. I swapped rooms with my sister last week. Transform: who.
- 4. I swapped rooms with my sister last week. Transform: when.
- 5. I swapped rooms with my sister last week. Transform: not.

### **EXERCISE N4.8**



- 1. Peter twisted his knee while playing basketball in the field last Sunday. Repeat.
- 2. Peter twisted his knee while playing basketball in the field last Sunday. Transform: who.
- 3. Peter twisted his knee while playing basketball in the field last Sunday. Transform: when.
- 4. Peter twisted his knee while playing basketball in the field last Sunday. Transform: where.
- 5. Peter twisted his knee while playing basketball in the field last Sunday. Transform: not.



### **EXERCISE N4.P2**



# Sentence Intonation Drill

- 1. She has performed successfully | in different international shows. ¬
- 2. Their performance last night | was really amazing. \(\gamma\)
- 3. I swapped rooms with my sister | last week. ¬
- 4. He was using the switch to turn off the light | when she fell on the floor.  $\supset$
- 5. Science was my major, | then I switched to English. ¬

### **EXERCISE N4.9**



### Jumbled Sentences Exercise

- 1. really / performance / night / their / was / amazing / last /.
- 2. last / sister / rooms / week / swapped / I / my / with /.
- 3. towards / police / the / marched / building / the / officers /.
- 4. when / floor / the / she / switch / to / turn off / the light / was / using / fell / she / on /.
- 5. baby / mother / the / wrapped / brought / her / the / nurse / her / and / to / .
- 6. papers / her / professor / Mary / the / submitted / to / enthusiastic /.
- 7. weekend / the / house / we / go back / need / previous / house / our / before / to / to /.
- 8. shows / has / successfully / different / in / performed / she / international /.



# **VOCABULARY**

release management witness raise regis**t**er employment repair (n) repair (v) rob serve file

#### **GRAMMAR FOCUS**

future continuous + conjunction (when) + present simple

We use the future continuous to indicate that a longer action in the future will be interrupted by a shorter action in the future. This can be a real interruption or just an interruption in time. The interruption or the shorter action in the future is in the simple present. This is because the interruptions are in time clauses, and we cannot use future tenses in time clauses.

# For example:

- 1. I will be watching TV when she arrives tonight.
- 2. Sally will be reading books when John knocks on the door this evening.
- 3. She will be sitting on the chair when the children sing tomorrow.

### **EXERCISE N5.1**



- 1. The teachers will be releasing the result of the test when everyone finishes.
- 2. The company will be raising the pay of the employees when this year ends.
- 3. Mark will be repairing his car when he finishes his work on Saturday.
- 4. Sarah will be having a good image when she accepts ABC company's employment.
- 5. The management will be improving their performance when the president arrives next week.
- 6. The witnesses of the show will be shouting when the amazing performer dances.
- 7. I will be registering my name when the new shop opens tomorrow.
- 8. My mother will be frying some food for dinner when my father arrives from the office.
- 9. Mark will be serving some tea for us when we visit him this weekend.
- 10. His car will be needing a repair when he returns from the mountains.
- 11. She will be filing the documents on the table when the manager finishes his meeting.
- 12. The two men will be robbing the bank when the employees arrive tomorrow.



# **EXERCISE N5.2**



Basic Single-slot Substitution Drill

- 1. Mark will be repairing his car when he finishes his work this Saturday.
- 2. James will be repairing his car when he finishes his work this Saturday.
- 3. James will be driving his car when he finishes his work this Saturday.
- 4. James will be driving his car when he finishes his work tomorrow.
- 5. James will be driving his car when he finishes his meeting tomorrow.
- 6. James will be driving his car when he finishes his lunch tomorrow.
- 7. Sally will be driving her car when she finishes her lunch tomorrow.
- 8. Sally will be driving her car when she finishes her exam tomorrow.

# **EXERCISE N5.3**



March Intermediate Single-slot Substitution Drill

- 1. Mark will be serving some tea for us when we visit him this weekend. Repeat.
- 2. Mark will be serving some tea for us when we visit him this weekend. Change: Sam.
- 3. Sam will be serving some tea for us when we visit him this weekend. Change: sandwich.
- 4. Sam will be serving some sandwiches for us when we visit him this weekend. Change: on Sunday.
- 5. Sam will be serving some sandwiches for us when we visit him on Sunday. Change: Anne.
- 6. Anne will be serving some sandwiches for us when we visit her on Sunday. Change: whiskey.
- 7. Anne will be serving some whiskey for us when we visit her on Sunday. Change: tomorrow.

# **EXERCISE N5.4**



Basic Sentence Expansion Drill

- 1. I will be registering my name.
- 2. I will be registering my name tomorrow.
- 3. I will be registering my name when the shop opens tomorrow.
- 4. I will be registering my name when the new shop opens tomorrow.
- 5. I will be registering my full name when the new shop opens tomorrow.
- 6. I will be registering my full name when the new shop opens at 5 o'clock tomorrow.



# **EXERCISE N5.5**



Basic Sentence Expansion Drill

- 1. My mother will be frying some food.
- 2. My mother will be frying some food for dinner.
- 3. My mother will be frying some food for dinner when my father arrives.
- 4. My mother will be frying some food for dinner when my father arrives from the office.
- 5. My mother will be frying some food for dinner when my father arrives from the office tonight.

### **EXERCISE N5.6**



Transformation Drill

- 1. The two men will be robbing the bank when the employees arrive tomorrow. Repeat.
- 2. The two men will be robbing the bank when the employees arrive tomorrow. Transform: what.
- 3. The two men will be robbing the bank when the employees arrive tomorrow. Transform: who.
- 4. The two men will be robbing the bank when the employees arrive tomorrow. Transform: when.
- 5. The two men will be robbing the bank when the employees arrive tomorrow. Transform: not.

### **EXERCISE N5.7**



Transformation Drill

- 1. Mark will be repairing his car when he finishes his work on Saturday. Repeat.
- 2. Mark will be repairing his car when he finishes his work on Saturday. Transform: who.
- 3. Mark will be repairing his car when he finishes his work on Saturday. Transform: what.
- 4. Mark will be repairing his car when he finishes his work on Saturday. Transform: when.
- 5. Mark will be repairing his car when he finishes his work on Saturday. Transform: not.



### **EXERCISE N5.8**



Mixed Drill

- 1. The witnesses of the show will be shouting when the amazing performer dances. Repeat.
- 2. The witnesses of the show will be shouting when the amazing performer dances. Change: audience.
- 3. The audience of the show will be shouting when the amazing performer dances. Add: tonight.
- 4. The audience of the show will be shouting when the amazing performer dances tonight. Change: we.
- 5. We will be shouting when the amazing performer dances tonight. Add: on the floor.
- 6. We will be shouting when the amazing performer dances on the floor tonight. Change: beautiful.
- 7. We will be shouting when the beautiful performer dances on the floor tonight. Change: jumping.
- 8. Change: they.
- 9. Change: stage.
- 10. Change: international.

# **EXERCISE N5.9**



Open Questions Exercise

- 1. Do you want to be a part of a company's management?
- 2. Have you witnessed a crime? If yes, what did you do?
- 3. Is the employment in your country increasing?
- 4. Do you know how to repair a car?
- 5. What kind of food do you like being served in a restaurant?
- 6. What will you be doing when you arrive at home tonight?
- 7. When will you be having your next holiday?
- 8. Where will you be living ten years from now?



# **VOCABULARY**

dead DVD electric pipe electricity log

pole elsewhere envelope pile electrical

# **EXERCISE N6.1**



- 1. Sally would like to buy a DVD of the new movie she really likes.
- 2. The manager put the documents in an envelope and went to the office.
- 3. She will be arranging a pile of papers on the table when she returns.
- 4. Peter needs to repair their water pipe at home after the winter season.
- 5. Maria has to continue her studies in London and not elsewhere.
- 6. My brother's car hit the pole on the road and it was a terrible accident.
- 7. We need more logs to build a new house for our workers.
- 8. The people complained about the immediate payment of their electricity.
- 9. Most children don't like to watch movies about dead people.
- 10. The government must help the people by providing enough electric power.
- 11. The electrical things we have at home make our lives better.

# **EXERCISE N6.2**



- 1. Sally would like to buy a DVD of the new movie she really likes.
- 2. Sally would like to buy a DVD of the new film she really likes.
- 3. Sam would like to buy a DVD of the new film he really likes.
- 4. Sam would like to buy a DVD of the old film he really likes.
- 5. Sam would like to buy a DVD of the recent film he really likes.
- 6. Alice would like to buy a DVD of the recent film she really likes.
- 7. Alice would like to buy a DVD of the recent film she really loves.
- 8. They would like to buy a DVD of the recent film they really love.



### **EXERCISE N6.3**



Intermediate Single-slot Substitution Drill

- 1. The manager put the documents in an envelope and went to the office. Repeat.
- 2. The manager put the documents in an envelope and went to the office. Change: president.
- 3. The president put the documents in an envelope and went to the office. Change: papers.
- 4. The president put the papers in an envelope and went to the office. Change: on the table.
- 5. The president put the papers on the table and went to the office. Change: shop.
- 6. The president put the papers on the table and went to the shop. Change: arranged.
- 7. The president arranged the papers on the table and went to the shop. Change: worker.
- 8. The worker arranged the papers on the table and went to the shop. Change: cleaner.

# **EXERCISE N6.4**



Basic Sentence Expansion Drill

- 1. I have a photograph of our house.
- 2. I still have a photograph of our house.
- 3. I still have a photograph of our old house.
- 4. I still have a photograph of our old house in that town.
- 5. I still have a photograph of our old house in that beautiful town.
- 6. I still have a photograph of our old house in that small and beautiful town.

# **EXERCISE N6.5**



Basic Sentence Expansion Drill

- 1. She will be arranging a pile of papers.
- 2. She will be arranging a pile of papers on the table.
- 3. She will be arranging a pile of papers on the table when she returns.
- 4. She will be arranging a pile of papers on the table when she returns from her holiday.
- 5. She will be arranging a pile of papers on the table when she returns from her holiday in London.



### **EXERCISE N6.6**



Transformation Drill

- 1. My brother's car hit the pole on the road yesterday. Repeat.
- 2. My brother's car hit the pole on the road yesterday. Transform: what.
- 3. My brother's car hit the pole on the road yesterday. Transform: when.
- 4. My brother's car hit the pole on the road yesterday. Transform: where.
- 5. My brother's car hit the pole on the road yesterday. Transform: not.

### **EXERCISE N6.7**



Transformation Drill

- 1. Peter needs to repair their water pipe at home after the winter season. Repeat.
- 2. Peter needs to repair their water pipe at home after the winter season. Transform: who.
- 3. Peter needs to repair their water pipe at home after the winter season. Transform: what.
- 4. Peter needs to repair their water pipe at home after the winter season. Transform: when.
- 5. Peter needs to repair their water pipe at home after the winter season. Transform: not.

### **EXERCISE N6.8**



Mixed Drill

- 1. Maria has to continue her studies. Repeat.
- 2. Maria has to continue her studies. Add: in London.
- 3. Maria has to continue her studies in London. Change: Jake.
- 4. Jake has to continue his studies in London. Add: English.
- 5. Jake has to continue his English studies in London. Change: pursue.
- 6. Jake has to pursue his English studies in London. Add: Maria.
- 7. Jake and Maria have to pursue their English studies in London. Change: Japan.
- 8. Change: we.
- 9. Change: stop.
- 10. We have to stop our English studies in Japan. Transform: where.



# **EXERCISE N6.9**



Open Questions Exercise

- 1. Do you like to watch DVDs at home?
- 2. What types of movies do you like to watch?
- 3. Do you like movies about dead people?
- 4. Do you keep old photographs with you?
- 5. Do you like taking photos?
- 6. Have you experienced living in a place without electricity?
- 7. What do you think about a world without electrical power?
- 8. What are the electrical things you have at home?





- 1. Peter twisted his knee while playing basketball last Sunday.
- 2. The nurse wrapped the baby and brought her to her mother.
- 3. Mary submitted the papers to her enthusiastic professor.
- 4. We need to go back to our previous house before the weekend.
- 5. The children were really scared when they ran away from the criminals.
- 6. Maria and James set off on a holiday to Japan this December.
- 7. The police officers marched towards the building.
- 8. Sarah will be having a good image when she accepts ABC company's employment.

### **EXERCISE N REV2.2**



- 1. Mark will be repairing his car when he finishes his work this Saturday.
- 2. James will be repairing his car when he finishes his work this Saturday.
- 3. James will be driving his car when he finishes his work this Saturday.
- 4. James will be driving his car when he finishes his work tomorrow.
- 5. James will be driving his car when he finishes his meeting tomorrow.
- 6. James will be driving his car when he finishes his lunch tomorrow.
- 7. Sally will be driving her car when she finishes her lunch tomorrow.
- 8. Sally will be driving her car when she finishes her exam tomorrow.

### **EXERCISE N REV2.3**



- 1. She will be arranging a pile of papers.
- 2. She will be arranging a pile of papers on the table.
- 3. She will be arranging a pile of papers on the table when she returns.
- 4. She will be arranging a pile of papers on the table when she returns from her holiday.
- 5. She will be arranging a pile of papers on the table when she returns from her holiday in London.



Repetition Drill

- 1. She has performed successfully in different international shows.
- 2. Their performance last night was really amazing.
- 3. I swapped rooms with my sister last week.
- 4. He was using the switch to turn off the light when she fell on the floor.
- 5. Science was my major, then I switched to English.
- 6. The witnesses of the show will be shouting when the amazing performer dances.
- 7. I will be registering my name when the new shop opens tomorrow.
- 8. My mother will be frying some food for dinner when my father arrives from the office.
- 9. Mark will be serving some tea for us when we visit him this weekend.
- 10. His car will be needing a repair when he returns from the mountains.
- 11. Sally would like to buy a DVD for the new movie she really likes.
- 12. The manager put the documents in an envelope and went to the office.
- 13. I still have a photograph of our old house in that beautiful town.
- 14. She will be arranging a pile of papers on the table when she returns.
- 15. Peter needs to repair their water pipe at home after the winter season.

# **EXERCISE N REV2.5**

Pronunciation Repetition Drill

#### Pronounce the words.

- 1. performance
- 2. twist
- 3. switch
- 4. elsewhere
- 5. envelope
- 6. employment
- 7. management
- 8. electrical
- 9. electric
- 10. photograph

# **EXERCISE N REV2.6**

Basic Single-slot Substitution Drill

- 1. Their performance last night was really amazing.
- 2. His performance last night was really amazing.



- 3. Peter's performance last night was really amazing.
- 4. Peter's performance last week was really amazing.
- 5. Peter's performance last week was really successful.
  - 6. Peter's performance last week was really enjoyable.
  - 7. Sally's performance last week was really enjoyable.
- 8. Sally's performance last Sunday was really enjoyable.



- 1. Mark will be serving some tea for us when we visit him this weekend. Repeat.
- 2. Mark will be serving some tea for us when we visit him this weekend. Change: Sam. Sam will be serving some tea for us when we visit him this weekend.
- 3. Sam will be serving some tea for us when we visit him this weekend. Change: sandwich. Sam will be serving some sandwiches for us when we visit him this weekend.
- 4. Sam will be serving some sandwiches for us when we visit him this weekend. Change: on Sunday.

  Sam will be serving some sandwiches for us when we visit him on Sunday.
- 5. Sam will be serving some sandwiches for us when we visit him on Sunday. Change: Anne. Anne will be serving some sandwiches for us when we visit her on Sunday.
- 6. Anne will be serving some sandwiches for us when we visit her on Sunday. Change: whiskey.

  Anne will be serving some whiskey for us when we visit her on Sunday.
- 7. Anne will be serving some whiskey for us when we visit her on Sunday. Change: tomorrow.

  Anne will be serving some whiskey for us when we visit her tomorrow.

### **EXERCISE N REV2.8**



- 1. The manager put the documents in an envelope and went to the office. Repeat.
- 2. The manager put the documents in an envelope and went to the office. Change: president.

  The president put the documents in an envelope and went to the office.
- 3. The president put the documents in an envelope and went to the office. Change: papers.

  The president put the papers in an envelope and went to the office.
- 4. The president put the papers in an envelope and went to the office. Change: on the table.

  The president put the papers on the table and went to the office.
- 5. The president put the papers on the table and went to the office. Change: shop.

  The president put the papers on the table and went to the shop.
- 6. The president put the papers on the table and went to the shop. Change: arranged.

  The president arranged the papers on the table and went to the shop.



- 7. The president arranged the papers on the table and went to the shop. Change: worker. The worker arranged the papers on the table and went to the shop.
- 8. The worker arranged the papers on the table and went to the shop. Change: cleaner.

  The cleaner arranged the papers on the table and went to the shop.



- 1. She has performed in different shows.
- 2. She has performed in different international shows.
- 3. She has performed successfully in different international shows.
- 4. She has performed successfully in three different international shows.
- 5. She has performed successfully in three different international shows this year.

#### **EXERCISE N REV2.10**



- 1. Mary submitted the papers to her enthusiastic professor. Repeat.
- 2. Change: John.

John submitted the papers to his enthusiastic professor.

3. Change: Sam.

Sam submitted the papers to his enthusiastic professor.

4. Change: kind.

Sam submitted the papers to his kind professor.

5. Change: Sally.

Sally submitted the papers to her kind professor.

6. Change: gave.

Sally gave the papers to her kind professor.

7. Change: teacher.

Sally gave the papers to her kind teacher.

8. Change: friendly.

Sally gave the papers to her friendly teacher.

### **EXERCISE N REV2.11**



1. The two men will be robbing the bank when the employees arrive tomorrow. Repeat.



- 2. The two men will be robbing the bank when the employees arrive tomorrow. Transform: what. What will the two men be doing when the employees arrive tomorrow?
- 3. The two men will be robbing the bank when the employees arrive tomorrow. Transform: who. Who will be robbing the bank when the employees arrive tomorrow?
- 4. The two men will be robbing the bank when the employees arrive tomorrow. Transform: when. When will the two men be robbing the bank?
- 5. The two men will be robbing the bank when the employees arrive tomorrow. Transform: not. The two men will not be robbing the bank when the employees arrive tomorrow.

- Transformation Drill
- 1. My brother's car hit the pole on the road yesterday. Repeat.
- 2. My brother's car hit the pole on the road yesterday. Transform: what. What hit the pole on the road yesterday?
- 3. My brother's car hit the pole on the road yesterday. Transform: when. When did my brother's car hit the pole on the road?
- 4. My brother's car hit the pole on the road yesterday. Transform: where. Where did my brother's car hit the pole yesterday?
- 5. My brother's car hit the pole on the road yesterday. Transform: not.

  My brother's car didn't hit the pole on the road yesterday.

# **EXERCISE N REV2.13**



Pronounce the words, paying special attention to the word stress.

- 1. performance
- 2. envelope
- 3. employment
- 4. management
- 5. electrical
- 6. photograph





Sentence Intonation Drill

#### Practice the intonation of these sentences.

- 1. She has performed successfully | in different international shows. ⊃
- 2. Their performance last night | was really amazing. \(\gamma\)
- 3. I swapped rooms with my sister | last week. ¬
- 4. He was using the switch to turn off the light | when she fell on the floor.  $\supset$
- 5. Science was my major, | then I switched to English. ¬

# **EXERCISE N REV2.15**



Transformation Writing Exercises

1. I swapped rooms with my sister last week. Write.

Transform: what - What did I swap with my sister last week?

2. Peter twisted his knee while playing basketball in the field last Sunday. Write.

Transform: who - Who twisted his knee while playing basketball in the field last Sunday?

3. The two men will be robbing the bank when the employees arrive tomorrow. Write.

Transform: what - What will the two men be doing when the employees arrive tomorrow?

4. Mark will be repairing his car when he finishes his work on Saturday. Write.

Transform: who - Who will be repairing his car when he finishes his work on Saturday?

5. We will be shouting when the beautiful performer dances on the floor tonight. Write.

Transform: who - Who will be shouting when the beautiful performer dances on the floor tonight?

6. We have to stop our English studies in Japan. Write.

Transform: where - Where do we have to stop our English studies?

7. Maria has to continue her studies in London. Write.

Transform: what – What does Maria have to continue in London?

8. Mary submitted the papers to her enthusiastic professor. Write.

Transform: who – Who submitted the papers to her enthusiastic professor?



## **VOCABULARY**

environment island county set out ocean planet environmental storm stream valley product property

set out = to start a journey, a synonym of 'set off'

### **EXERCISE N7.1**



- 1. Our family set out on a visit in our old house away from the city.
- 2. There's a surprisingly beautiful island ten miles from here.
- 3. The ocean is as wonderful as the white clouds across the sky.
- 4. We all want to live in a healthy and clean environment.
- 5. The Earth is the most interesting and extraordinary planet.
- 6. There are many environmental issues these days.
- 7. The Philippines experiences many storms every year.
- 8. They would like to set off on a long walk in that valley next week.
- 9. Peter doesn't like the products of the XYZ company.
- 10. These books in the room are Jason's property.
- 11. Rivers are deeper than streams.
- 12. His family lives in a different county.

#### **EXERCISE N7.P1**



### Pronounce the words.

- 1. island
- 2. environmental
- 3. storm
- 4. stream
- 5. valley



#### **EXERCISE N7.2**

- Basic Single-slot Substitution Drill
- 1. Peter doesn't like the products of the XYZ company.
- 2. Peter doesn't like the employees of the XYZ company.
- 3. Peter likes the employees of the XYZ company.
- 4. Peter likes the manager of the XYZ company.
- 5. Jake likes the manager of the XYZ company.
- 6. Jake likes the manager of the ABC company.
- 7. Jake likes the president of the ABC company.
- 8. We like the president of the ABC company.

### **EXERCISE N7.3**

- Paramediate Single-slot Substitution Drill
- 1. His family lives in a different county.
- 2. His family lives in a different county. Change: city.
- 3. His family lives in a different city. Change: my.
- 4. My family lives in a different city. Change: beautiful.
- 5. My family lives in a beautiful city. Change: town.
- 6. My family lives in a beautiful town. Change: amazing.
- 7. My family lives in an amazing town. Change: I.
- 8. I live in an amazing town. Change: Sarah.

## **EXERCISE N7.4**

- Basic Sentence Expansion Drill
- 1. They would like to set off on a walk.
- 2. They would like to set off on a long walk.
- 3. They would like to set off on a long walk in that valley.
- 4. They would like to set off on a long walk in that valley across the mountains.
- 5. They would like to set off on a long walk in that valley across the mountains next week.

#### **EXERCISE N7.5**

- Basic Sentence Expansion Drill
- 1. There's an island away from here.



- 2. There's a beautiful island away from here.
- 3. There's a beautiful island ten miles away from here.
- 4. There are beautiful islands ten miles away from here.
- 5. There are three beautiful islands ten miles away from here.

### **EXERCISE N7.6**



Transformation Drill

- 1. Peter likes the products of the XYZ company. Repeat.
- 2. Peter likes the products of the XYZ company. Transform: who.
- 3. Peter likes the products of the XYZ company. Transform: what.
- 4. Peter likes the products of the XYZ company. Transform: not.

#### **EXERCISE N7.7**



Transformation Drill

- 1. Her family would like to set off on a walk in that valley next week. Repeat.
- 2. Her family would like to set off on a walk in that valley next week. Transform: who.
- 3. Her family would like to set off on a walk in that valley next week. Transform: what.
- 4. Her family would like to set off on a walk in that valley next week. Transform: when.
- 5. Her family would like to set off on a walk in that valley next week. Transform: not.

### **EXERCISE N7.8**



Question and Answer Drill

- 1. What is as wonderful as the white clouds across the sky?
- 2. Do we all want to live in a healthy and clean environment?
- 3. Are there many environmental issues these days?
- 4. What is the most interesting and extraordinary planet?
- 5. Where does his family live?
- 6. Is there a surprisingly beautiful island ten miles from here?
- 7. Are rivers deeper than streams?
- 8. Are these books in the room Jason's property?



#### **EXERCISE N7.P2**



Sentence Intonation Drill

#### Practice the intonation of these sentences.

- 1. We all want to live | in a healthy | and clean environment. ¬
- 2. The Earth is the most interesting | and extraordinary planet. \(\gamma\)
- 3. The Philippines experiences | many storms | every year. ¬
- 4. There's a surprisingly beautiful island | ten miles from here. \(\gamma\)
- 5. These books in the room | are Jason's property. ¬

### **EXERCISE N7.9**



Open Questions Exercise

- 1. Where would you like to set out on a long holiday?
- 2. Would you like to live on an island? Why or why not?
- 3. What are some environmental issues?
- 4. How can you help the environment?
- 5. Have you experienced a strong storm?
- 6. Does your town have valleys or streams?



### **VOCABULARY**

joy misery illness wound beard cancer aid cultural fashion union vote community

#### **GRAMMAR FOCUS**

whatever, whoever, wherever, whenever

If we add -ever to wh-words like what, who, where and when, we change their meaning to: "it doesn't matter", or "no matter" what, who, where or when.

Whatever - anything or everything; regardless of what, no matter what Example: Whatever you do, don't forget your mother's birthday.

Whenever - every time; at any time; regardless of when, no matter when Example: You can borrow my pen whenever you like.

Wherever - everywhere; regardless of where, no matter where Example: She'll be happy wherever she decides to live.

Whoever - the person who; regardless of who, no matter who Example: Whoever comes with you is welcome.

#### **EXERCISE N8.1**



- 1. Visit your doctor immediately whenever you have any illness.
- 2. We have to respect everyone in our community whoever they are.
- 3. You must live your life with whatever misery you are feeling right now.
- 4. There's a big change in the world of fashion wherever you go.
- 5. We must accept our cultural differences, whatever they are.
- 6. There's so much joy you can experience on this holiday whenever you like.
- 7. Whoever wants to join this union must register their name.
- 8. Whatever the cause, you must clean that wound now.
- 9. Whoever he is, I would like to vote for him as the next president of our company.
- 10. There's a problem with cancer wherever we go.
- 11. Whatever you say, I don't like that beard on your face.
- 12. Wherever you are, there's aid from the government to help you after the storm.



#### **EXERCISE N8.2**



Basic Single-slot Substitution Drill

- 1. We have to respect everyone in our community, whoever they are.
- 2. You have to respect everyone in your community, whoever they are.
- 3. You have to respect everyone in your city, whoever they are.
- 4. You have to respect everyone in your town, whoever they are.
- 5. You have to respect everybody in your town, whoever they are.
- 6. She has to respect everybody in her town, whoever they are.
- 7. She has to respect everybody in her neighborhood, whoever they are.
- 8. They have to respect everybody in their neighborhood, whoever they are.

### **EXERCISE N8.3**



March Intermediate Single-slot Substitution Drill

- 1. There's a problem with cancer wherever we go. Repeat.
- 2. There's a problem with cancer wherever we go. Change: issue.
- 3. There's an issue with cancer wherever we go. Change: education.
- 4. There's an issue with education wherever we go. Change: food.
- 5. There's an issue with food wherever we go. Change: communication.
- 6. There's an issue with communication wherever we go. Change: health.
- 7. There's an issue with health wherever we go. Change: children.
- 8. There's an issue with children wherever we go. Change: work.

### **EXERCISE N8.4**



Basic Sentence Expansion Drill

- 1. Whatever the cause, you must clean that wound.
- 2. Whatever the cause, you must clean those wounds on your knees.
- 3. Whatever the cause, you must clean those wounds on your knees now.
- 4. Whatever the cause, you must clean those big wounds on your knees now.



## **EXERCISE N8.5**



Basic Sentence Expansion Drill

- 1. There's so much joy you can experience.
- 2. There's so much joy you can experience on this holiday.
- 3. There's so much joy you can experience on this long holiday.
- 4. There's so much joy you can experience on this long holiday whenever you like.

### **EXERCISE N8.6**



Advanced Single-slot Substitution Drill

- 1. You must live your life with whatever misery you are feeling now. Repeat.
- 2. Change: enjoy.
- 3. Change: improve.
- 4. Change: self.
- 5. Change: love.
- 6. Change: family.
- 7. Change: inform.
- 8. Change: friends.

## **EXERCISE N8.7**



Pasic Sentence Expansion Drill

- 1. Whoever he is, I would like to vote for him.
- 2. Whoever he is, I would like to vote for him as the next president.
- 3. Whoever he is, I would like to vote for him as the next president of our company.
- 4. Whoever he is, I would like to vote for him as the next president of our new company.



### **EXERCISE N8.8**



March Intermediate Single-slot Substitution Drill

- 1. Whoever wants to join this union must register their name. Repeat.
- 2. Whoever wants to join this union must register their name. Change: write.
- 3. Whoever wants to join this union must write their name. Change: address.
- 4. Whoever wants to join this union must write their address. Change: organization.
- 5. Whoever wants to join this union must write their organization. Change: change.
- 6. Whoever wants to join this union must change their organization. Change: ideas.

### **EXERCISE N8.9**



Correct or Incorrect Exercise

- 1. We have respect everyone in our community whoever they are.
- 2. We must accept our cultural differences whatever they are.
- 3. Visit your doctor immediately whenever illness.
- 4. Whatever the cause, you must clean wound.
- 5. Whatever you say, I don't like that beard on your face.
- 6. You must live your life whatever misery you are feeling right now.



### **VOCABULARY**

publication rubbish recipe rent (n) rent (v) rope publicity salary sample scene service shelf

### **EXERCISE N9.1**



- 1. I would like to grab a copy of this book after its publication.
- 2. There's a pile of rubbish wherever you go in that neighborhood.
- 3. My mother will cook her new recipe in the holiday season.
- 4. Sally has to confirm her salary with the manager before the weekend.
- 5. That news is not the truth; it's just publicity.
- 6. We need a sample of your product before we buy it.
- 7. The last part of the movie is the best scene for me.
- 8. Peter is renting a room near his university.
- 9. He has given his honest service to the company for ten years.
- 10. Mark must get a new shelf for the books he purchased yesterday.
- 11. She is going to pay the rent of her new office in that building.
- 12. They used some ropes to put the boxes together.

### **EXERCISE N9.2**



- 1. We need a sample of your product before we buy it.
- 2. We need a sample of your product before we use it.
- 3. We need a sample of your book before we use it.
- 4. They need a sample of your book before they use it.
- 5. They need a copy of your book before they use it.
- 6. I need a copy of your book before I use it.
- 7. I need a copy of your magazine before I use it.
- 8. I need a copy of your magazine before I read it.



### **EXERCISE N9.3**

Intermediate Single-slot Substitution Drill

- 1. The last part of the movie is the best scene for me. Repeat.
- 2. The last part of the movie is the best scene for me. Change: first.
- 3. The first part of the movie is the best scene for me. Change: most interesting.
- 4. The first part of the movie is the most interesting scene for me. Change: most surprising.
- 5. The first part of the movie is the most surprising scene for me. Change: us.
- 6. The first part of the movie is the most surprising scene for us. Change: film.
- 7. The first part of the film is the most surprising scene for us. Change: book.
- 8. The first part of the book is the most surprising scene for us. Change: most suspicious.

### **EXERCISE N9.4**



- 1. Mark must get a shelf.
- 2. Mark must get a new shelf.
- 3. Mark must get a new shelf for the books he purchased.
- 4. Mark must get a new shelf for the books he purchased last week.
- 5. Mark must get a new shelf for the books he purchased last week at the shop.

## **EXERCISE N9.5**



- 1. Sally has to confirm her salary.
- 2. Sally has to confirm her salary with the manager.
- 3. Sally has to confirm her salary with the company manager.
- 4. Sally has to confirm her salary with the company manager before the weekend.

## **EXERCISE N9.6**



- 1. We need a sample of this product.
- 2. We need a sample of this new product.
- 3. We need a sample of this new and interesting product.
- 4. We need a sample of this new and interesting product before we buy it.
- 5. We need a sample of this new and interesting product before we buy it tomorrow.



#### **EXERCISE N9.7**



- 1. She is going to pay the rent for her new office. Repeat.
- 2. She is going to pay the rent for her new office. Change: give.
- 3. She is going to give the rent for her new office. Add: in that building.
- 4. She is going to give the rent for her new office in that building. Change: documents.
- 5. She is going to give the documents for her new office in that building. Change: prepare.
- 6. She is going to prepare the documents for her new office in that building. Transform: who.
- 7. She is going to prepare the documents for her new office in that building. Transform: what.
- 8. She is going to prepare the documents for her new office in that building. Transform: not.

### **EXERCISE N9.8**



- 1. My mother will cook her new recipe. Repeat.
- 2. My mother will cook her new recipe. Add: in the holiday season.
- 3. My mother will cook her new recipe in the holiday season. Change: favorite.
- 4. My mother will cook her favorite recipe in the holiday season. Change: food.
- 5. My mother will cook her favorite food in the holiday season. Add: beautiful.
- 6. My beautiful mother will cook her favorite food in the holiday season. Transform: who.
- 7. My beautiful mother will cook her favorite food in the holiday season. Transform: what.
- 8. My beautiful mother will cook her favorite food in the holiday season. Transform: when.

#### **EXERCISE N9.9**



- 1. There's pile rubbish wherever you go in that neighborhood.
- 2. The last part of movie is best scene for me.
- 3. Peter is renting a room near his university.
- 4. That news is not the truth; it's just publicity.
- 5. He has give his honest service for company for ten years.
- 6. They used some ropes to boxes put together.
- 7. We need sample of product before buy it.
- 8. Mark must get a new shelf for the books he purchased yesterday.
- 9. She is going to pay the rent of her new office in that building.
- 10. I would like grab copy of this book after publication.

#### This textbook uses pictures/photos from the free photo sites below.





Reading Exercise

- 1. Visit your doctor immediately whenever you have any illness.
- 2. We have to respect everyone in our community, whoever they are.
- 3. You must live your life with whatever misery you are feeling right now.
- 4. There's a big change in the world of fashion wherever you go.
- 5. We must accept our cultural differences, whatever they are.
- 6. Whatever you say, I don't like that beard on your face.
- 7. Wherever you are, there's aid from the government to help you after the storm.
- 8. I would like to grab a copy of this book after its publication.
- 9. There's a pile of rubbish wherever you go in that neighborhood.
- 10. My mother will cook her new recipe in the holiday season.

### **EXERCISE N REV3.2**



Reading Exercise

- 1. We need a sample of your product before we buy it.
- 2. The last part of the movie is the best scene for me.
- 3. Peter is renting a room near his university.
- 4. He has given his honest service to the company for ten years.
- 5. Mark must get a new shelf for the books he purchased yesterday.
- 6. She is going to pay the rent for her new office in that building.
- 7. They used some ropes to put the boxes together.
- 8. Sally has to confirm her salary with the manager before the weekend.
- 9. That news is not the truth; it's just publicity.
- 10. There are many environmental issues these days.

### **EXERCISE N REV3.3**



Reading Exercise

- 1. There's an island away from here.
- 2. There's a beautiful island away from here.
- 3. There's a beautiful island ten miles away from here.
- 4. There are beautiful islands ten miles away from here.
- 5. There are three beautiful islands ten miles away from here.





- 1. Our family set out on a visit in our old house away from the city.
- 2. There's a surprisingly beautiful island ten miles from here.
- 3. The ocean is as wonderful as the white clouds across the sky.
- 4. We all want to live in a healthy and clean environment.
- 5. The Earth is the most interesting and extraordinary planet.
- 6. There's so much joy you can experience on this holiday whenever you like.
- 7. Whoever wants to join this union must register their name.
- 8. Whatever the cause, you must clean that wound now.
- 9. Whoever he is, I would like to vote for him as the next president of our company.
- 10. There's a problem about cancer wherever we go.

### **EXERCISE N REV3.5**



Pronunciation Repetition Drill

#### Pronounce the words.

- 1. environmental
- 2. stream
- 3. valley
- 4. misery
- 5. wound
- 6. community
- 7. publication
- 8. publicity

### **EXERCISE N REV3.6**



Basic Single-slot Substitution Drill

- 1. Peter doesn't like the products of the XYZ company.
- 2. Peter doesn't like the employees of the XYZ company.
- 3. Peter likes the employees of the XYZ company.
- 4. Peter likes the manager of the XYZ company.
- 5. Jake likes the manager of the XYZ company.
- 6. Jake likes the manager of the ABC company.
- 7. Jake likes the president of the ABC company.
- 8. We like the president of the ABC company.



- Paramediate Single-slot Substitution Drill
- 1. The last part of the movie is the best scene for me. Repeat.
- 2. The last part of the movie is the best scene for me. Change: first.

  The first part of the movie is the best scene for me.
- 3. The first part of the movie is the best scene for me. Change: most interesting.

  The first part of the movie is the most interesting scene for me.
- 4. The first part of the movie is the most interesting scene for me. Change: most surprising.

  The first part of the movie is the most surprising scene for me.
- 5. The first part of the movie is the most surprising scene for me. Change: us.

  The first part of the movie is the most surprising scene for us.
- 6. The first part of the movie is the most surprising scene for us. Change: film.

  The first part of the film is the most surprising scene for us.
- 7. The first part of the film is the most surprising scene for us. Change: book.

  The first part of the book is the most surprising scene for us.
- 8. The first part of the book is the most surprising scene for us. Change: most suspicious.

  The first part of the book is the most suspicious scene for us.

## **EXERCISE N REV3.8**



- 1. Whatever the cause, you must clean that wound.
- 2. Whatever the cause, you must clean those wounds on your knees.
- 3. Whatever the cause, you must clean those wounds on your knees now.
- 4. Whatever the cause, you must clean those big wounds on your knees now.

### **EXERCISE N REV3.9**



- 1. We need a sample of this product.
- 2. We need a sample of this new product.
- 3. We need a sample of this new and interesting product.
- 4. We need a sample of this new and interesting product before we buy it.
- 5. We need a sample of this new and interesting product before we buy it tomorrow.





- 1. Peter likes the products of the XYZ company. Repeat.
- 2. Peter likes the products of the XYZ company. Transform: who. Who likes the products of the XYZ company?
- 3. Peter likes the products of the XYZ company. Transform: what. What does Peter like?
- 4. Peter likes the products of the XYZ company. Transform: not. Peter doesn't like the products of the XYZ company.

### **EXERCISE N REV3.11**



Advanced Single-slot Substitution Drill

- 1. You must live your life with whatever misery you are feeling now. Repeat.
- 2. Change: enjoy.

You must enjoy your life with whatever misery you are feeling now.

3. Change: improve.

Whatever misery you are feeling right now, you must improve your life.

4. Change: yourself.

Whatever misery you are feeling right now, you must improve yourself.

5. Change: love.

Whatever misery you are feeling right now, you must love yourself.

6. Change: family.

Whatever misery you are feeling right now, you must love your family.

7. Change: inform.

Whatever misery you are feeling right now, you must inform your family.

8. Change: friends.

Whatever misery you are feeling right now, you must inform your friends.

#### EXERCISE N REV3.12



Mixed Drill

- 1. My mother will cook her new recipe. Repeat.
- 2. My mother will cook her new recipe. Add: in the holiday season. My mother will cook her new recipe in the holiday season.



- 3. My mother will cook her new recipe in the holiday season. Change: favorite. My mother will cook her favorite recipe in the holiday season.
- 4. My mother will cook her favorite recipe in the holiday season. Change: food. My mother will cook her favorite food in the holiday season.
- 5. My mother will cook her favorite food in the holiday season. Add: beautiful. My beautiful mother will cook her favorite food in the holiday season.
- 6. My beautiful mother will cook her favorite food in the holiday season. Transform: who. Who will cook her favorite food in the holiday season?
- 7. My beautiful mother will cook her favorite food in the holiday season. Transform: what. What will my beautiful mother cook in the holiday season?
- 8. My beautiful mother will cook her favorite food in the holiday season. Transform: when. When will my beautiful mother cook her favorite food?



Pronounce the words, paying special attention to the word stress.

- 1. environmental
- 2. misery
- 3. community
- 4. publication
- 5. publicity

#### **EXERCISE N REV3.14**



Sentence Intonation Drill

- 1. We all want to live | in a healthy | and clean environment. ¬
- 2. The Earth is the most interesting | and extraordinary planet. \(\gamma\)
- 3. The Philippines experiences | many storms | every year. ¬
- 4. There's a surprisingly beautiful island | ten miles from here. ⊃
- 5. These books in the room | are Jason's property. \(\gamma\)

R.E.M.S. METHOD



#### **EXERCISE N REV3.15**



- 1. His family lives in a different county. Change: city. His family lives in a different city.
- 2. I live in an amazing town. Change: Sarah. Sarah lives in an amazing town.
- 3. There's an issue with food wherever we go. Change: communication.

  There's an issue with communication wherever we go.
- 4. She is going to prepare the documents of her new office in that building. Transform: who. Who is going to prepare the documents of her new office in that building?
- 5. My mother will cook her favorite food in the holiday season. Add: beautiful.

  My beautiful mother will cook her favorite food in the holiday season.
- 6. My beautiful mother will cook her favorite food in the holiday season. Transform: when. When will my beautiful mother cook her favorite food?
- 7. She is going to give the rent for her new office. Add: in that building. She is going to give the rent for her new office in that building.
- 8. Her family would like to set off on a walk in that valley next week. Transform: what. What would her family like to do in that valley next week?



## **VOCABULARY**

honey camera item jam key lid alarm battery iron carpet cash

#### **GRAMMAR FOCUS**

making suggestions

There are four common ways in which we can make a suggestion. Here are the structures.

```
1. Shall + we + bare infinitive + \dots?
Examples:
       Shall we go to the shop?
       Shall we get a coffee?
2. Let's + bare infinitive + ....
Examples:
       Let's go to the shop.
       Let's eat here.
       Let's not buy that.
3. How / What about + -ing form of the verb + \dots?
Examples:
       How about going to the shop?
       What about eating here?
4. Why don't / doesn't + subject + bare infinitive + ...?
Examples:
       Why don't we go to the shop?
       Why don't you rest now?
       Why doesn't John do that project?
```

#### **EXERCISE N10.1**



- 1. Why don't we go to the shop and buy some honey?
- 2. Shall we set the alarm now?
- 3. Let's go to Japan with my new camera.
- 4. What about buying that item you have in your hand?
- 5. Let's use my keys to open that door.



- 6. How about opening this lid for me?
- 7. Let's get some cash before buying this ticket.
- 8. Shall we use this carpet in the winter season?
- 9. Why don't we put a little jam in our sandwich?
- 10. Let's put this iron outside the house.
- 11. What about inserting this battery in your phone?
- 12. Shall we continue with our meeting?

#### **EXERCISE N10.P1**



Pronunciation Repetition Drill

#### Pronounce the words.

- 1. alarm
- 2. battery
- 3. iron
- 4. carpet
- 5. camera

### **EXERCISE N10.2**



Basic Single-slot Substitution Drill

- 1. Why don't we go to the shop and buy some honey?
- 2. Why don't we go to the shop and buy some bread?
- 3. Why don't we go to the shop and buy some sandwiches?
- 4. How about going to the shop and buy some sandwiches?
- 5. Let's go to the shop and buy some sandwiches.
- 6. Let's go to the shop and buy some honey.
- 7. Let's go to the shop and buy a camera.
- 8. Shall we go to the shop and buy a camera?

### **EXERCISE N10.3**



Intermediate Single-slot Substitution Drill

- 1. Let's put this iron outside the house. Repeat.
- 2. Let's put this iron outside the house. Change: chair.
- 3. Let's put this chair outside the house. Change: inside.



- 4. Let's put this chair inside the house. Change: bring.
- 5. Let's bring this chair inside the house. Change: room.
- 6. Let's bring this chair inside the room. Change: camera.
- 7. Let's bring this camera inside the room. Change: check.
- 8. Let's check this camera inside the room. Change: battery.

### **EXERCISE N10.4**



Basic Sentence Expansion Drill

- 1. What about buying that item?
- 2. What about buying that cute item?
- 3. What about buying that cute item in your hand?
- 4. What about buying that cute item you have in your hand?
- 5. What about buying that cute item you have in your right hand?

### **EXERCISE N10.5**



Basic Sentence Expansion Drill

- 1. Let's go to Manchester.
- 2. Let's go to Manchester on Friday.
- 3. Let's go to Manchester with my camera on Friday.
- 4. Let's go to Manchester with my new camera on Friday.
- 5. Let's go to Manchester with my new camera on Friday evening.

#### **EXERCISE N10.6**



Advanced Single-slot Substitution Drill

- 1. How about eating here? Repeat.
- 2. Change: at this restaurant.
- 3. Change: what.
- 4. Change: bar.
- 5. Change: drink.
- 6. Change: hotel.
- 7. Change: stay.



#### **EXERCISE N10.7**



Advanced Single-slot Substitution Drill

- 1. Shall we continue with our meeting? Repeat.
- 2. Change: start.
- 3. Change: class.
- 4. Change: exam.
- 5. Change: recording.
- 6. Change: introduction.
- 7. Change: competition.
- 8. Change: interview.

### **EXERCISE N10.8**



Mixed Drill

- 1. Let's get some cash before buying this ticket. Repeat.
- 2. Let's get some cash before buying this ticket. Change: jacket.
- 3. Let's get some cash before buying this jacket. Add: black.
- 4. Let's get some cash before buying this black jacket. Change: shirt.
- 5. Let's get some cash before buying this black shirt. Add: white.
- 6. Let's get some cash before buying this black and white shirt. Change: after.
- 7. Change: bag.
- 8. Change: dress.

### **EXERCISE N10.P2**



Sentence Intonation Drill

- 1. Why don't we go to the shop | and buy some honey? ¬
- 2. Shall we set the alarm now? 1
- 3. Let's go to Japan | with my new camera. ¬
- 4. What about buying that item | you have in your hand? \(\gamma\)
- 5. Let's use my keys | to open that door. ¬



### **EXERCISE N10.9**



## Open Questions Exercise

- 1. Would you like some honey in your tea?
- 2. How many items do you usually buy when you go shopping?
- 3. Do you always take a camera with you on your holidays?
- 4. What type of camera do you suggest I buy?
- 5. Are you the kind of person who often gives suggestions?
- 6. What country do you suggest I go to on my next holiday? Why?
- 7. Which is easier on your part, paying by cash or credit card? Why?
- 8. Suggest an amazing place people can visit in your country.



# **VOCABULARY**

pound stick string structure temperature tile stroke

#### **EXERCISE N11.1**



- 1. The temperature today is colder than yesterday.
- 2. Marie used a stick to reach those boxes up there.
- 3. We need to buy new tiles for the floors at home.
- 4. She used a string to put those pieces of paper together.
- 5. She forgot the title of that wonderful movie she watched last year.
- 6. I can see that he writes fast from the strokes of his pen.
- 7. This old house really has an extraordinary structure.
- 8. Jake bought this book for only a pound.
- 9. I must create a dramatic title for this book.
- 10. We need to get more sticks to make a fire.

### **EXERCISE N11.2**



- 1. I must create a dramatic title for this book.
- 2. I must create a surprising title for this book.
- 3. I must create a surprising title for this story.
- 4. Anna must create a surprising title for this story.
- 5. Anna must make a surprising title for this story.
- 6. Anna must make an interesting title for this story.
- 7. Anna must make an interesting title for this movie.
- 8. Anna must think of an interesting title for this movie.

### **EXERCISE N11.3**

Market Single-slot Substitution Drill

- 1. The temperature today is colder than yesterday. Repeat.
- 2. The temperature today is colder than yesterday. Change: warmer.



- 3. The temperature today is warmer than yesterday. Change: last week.
- 4. The temperature today is warmer than last week. Change: hotter.
- 5. The temperature today is hotter than last week. Change: weather.
- 6. The weather today is hotter than last week. Change: cooler.

#### **EXERCISE N11.4**



- 1. This house has a nice structure.
- 2. This old house has a nice structure.
- 3. This old house in the picture has a nice structure.
- 4. This old house in the picture really has a nice structure.
- 5. This old house in the picture really has a nice and extraordinary structure.

### **EXERCISE N11.5**



- 1. Jake bought this book yesterday.
- 2. Jake bought this educational book yesterday.
- 3. Jake bought this educational book for only a pound yesterday.
- 4. Jake bought this educational book at the shop for only a pound yesterday.
- 5. Jake bought this educational book at the shop for only a pound yesterday afternoon.

#### **EXERCISE N11.6**



- 1. We need to get more sticks to make a fire outside the house. Repeat.
- 2. We need to get more sticks to make a fire outside the house. Transform: who.
- 3. We need to get more sticks to make a fire outside the house. Transform: what.
- 4. We need to get more sticks to make a fire outside the house. Transform: why.
- 5. We need to get more sticks to make a fire outside the house. Transform: not.



#### **EXERCISE N11.7**



- 1. We need to buy new tiles for the floors at home. Repeat.
- 2. We need to buy new tiles for the floors at home. Transform: what.
- 3. We need to buy new tiles for the floors at home. Transform: who.
- 4. We need to buy new tiles for the floors at home. Transform: why.
- 5. We need to buy new tiles for the floors at home. Transform: not.

#### **EXERCISE N11.8**



Ouestion and Answer Drill

- 1. Is the temperature today colder than yesterday?
- 2. Who must create a dramatic title for this book?
- 3. What does this old house have?
- 4. Do we need to get more sticks to make a fire?
- 5. Did Jake buy this book for only a pound?
- 6. What did she use to put those pieces of paper together?
- 7. Do we need to buy new tiles for the floors at home?
- 8. Who forgot the title of the movie she watched last year?

#### **EXERCISE N11.9**



Correct or Incorrect Exercise

- 1. I can see that he writes fast from strokes of pen.
- 2. We need to get more sticks to make a fire.
- 3. Marie used stick in reach those boxes up there.
- 4. I must create a dramatic title for book.
- 5. Jake bought book for pound.
- 6. She forgot the title of that wonderful movie she watched last year.
- 7. The temperature today is colder than yesterday.
- 8. This old house really extraordinary structure.



#### **GRAMMAR FOCUS**

tag questions

Tag questions turn a statement into a question. They are often used for checking information that we think we know is true. Tag questions are made using an auxiliary verb and a subject pronoun. Usually if the main clause is positive, the question tag is negative, and if the main clause is negative, it's positive.

For example: It's cold (positive), isn't it (negative)? It isn't cold (negative), is it (positive)?

If the main clause has an auxiliary verb in it, you use the same verb in the tag question. If there is no auxiliary verb (in the present simple and past simple) use do / does / did.

However, the question tag after I am is aren't I.

For example: I'm in charge of the food, aren't I?

#### **EXERCISE N12.1**



- 1. You're visiting Peter, aren't you?
- 2. She's currently studying Japanese, isn't she?
- 3. We aren't leaving this house, are we?
- 4. Anna didn't prepare any food for her birthday, did she?
- 5. They disappeared after the show, didn't they?
- 6. I am the new manager in this company, aren't !?
- 7. Sally and Sam aren't included in the list, are they?
- 8. They don't have enough employees, do they?
- 9. He's worried about the result of the test, isn't he?
- 10. It's a beautiful Sunday morning, isn't it?
- 11. It was an awful interview, wasn't it?
- 12. Your mother is going to purchase a new bag, isn't she?
- 13. We are doing this for our company's improvement, aren't we?
- 14. She wants to sell her properties, doesn't she?
- 15. They aren't happy with their performance, are they?



#### **EXERCISE N12.2**



Basic Single-slot Substitution Drill

- 1. Your mother is going to purchase a new bag, isn't she?
- 2. Your mother is going to purchase a new table, isn't she?
- 3. His mother is going to purchase a new table, isn't she?
- 4. His father is going to purchase a new table, isn't he?
- 5. His father is going to purchase a new car, isn't he?
- 6. His father is going to buy a new car, isn't he?
- 7. Her father is going to buy a new car, isn't he?
- 8. Her father is going to buy a black car, isn't he?

### **EXERCISE N12.3**



March Intermediate Single-slot Substitution Drill

- 1. She's currently studying Japanese, isn't she? Repeat.
- 2. She's currently studying Japanese, isn't she? Change: Chinese.
- 3. She's currently studying Chinese, isn't she? Change: he.
- 4. He's currently studying Chinese, isn't he? Change: they.
- 5. They are currently studying Chinese, aren't they? Change: we.
- 6. We are currently studying Chinese, aren't we? Change: English.
- 7. We are currently studying English, aren't we? Change: specifically.
- 8. We are specifically studying English, aren't we? Change: seriously.

#### **EXERCISE N12.4**



Basic Sentence Expansion Drill

- 1. I am the manager, aren't I?
- 2. I am the new manager, aren't I?
- 3. I am the new manager in this company, aren't I?
- 4. I am the new manager in this international company, aren't I?



## **EXERCISE N12.5**



- 1. Anna didn't prepare for her birthday, did she?
- 2. Anna didn't prepare any food for her birthday, did she?
- 3. Anna didn't prepare any food for her daughter's birthday, did she?
- 4. Anna didn't prepare any food for her daughter's first birthday, did she?

#### **EXERCISE N12.6**



- 1. They don't have enough employees, do they? Repeat.
- 2. They don't have enough employees, do they? Change: we.
- 3. We don't have enough employees, do we? Change: students.
- 4. We don't have enough students, do we? Change: she.
- 5. She doesn't have enough students, does she? Change: many.
- 6. She doesn't have many students, does she? Change: friends.
- 7. She doesn't have many friends, does she? Change: good.
- 8. She doesn't have good friends, does she? Change: rude.

### **EXERCISE N12.7**



- 1. We aren't leaving this house, are we? Repeat.
- 2. Change: town.
- 3. Change: they.
- 4. Change: city.
- 5. Change: place.
- 6. Change: he.
- 7. Change: I.
- 8. Change: school.



## **EXERCISE N12.8**



Question and Answer Drill

- 1. She's currently studying Japanese, isn't she?
- 2. We aren't leaving this house, are we?
- 3. They disappeared after the show, didn't they?
- 4. Sally and Sam aren't included in the list, are they?
- 5. Anna didn't prepare any food for her birthday, did she?
- 6. It's a beautiful Sunday morning, isn't it?
- 7. It was an awful interview, wasn't it?
- 8. They don't have enough employees, do they?
- 9. He's worried about the result of the test, isn't he?
- 10. They aren't happy with their performance, are they?

### **EXERCISE N12.9**



Fill in the correct tag questions.

1. She's from a small town in London,?	
2. We're late for school,?	
3. Mark isn't a teacher at the university,?	
4. John's a very good friend,?	
5. David and Anne don't take Chinese classes,	
6. You don't like sweet food,?	
7. Her father doesn't cook very often,?	
8. You aren't from Japan,?	
9. The weather is really bad today,?	
10. We need some new furniture in the office,	?





Reading Exercise

- 1. The temperature today is colder than yesterday.
- 2. Marie used a stick to reach those boxes up there.
- 3. We need to buy new tiles for the floors at home.
- 4. She used a string to put those pieces of paper together.
- 5. She forgot the title of that wonderful movie she watched last year.
- 6. How about opening this lid for me?
- 7. Let's get some cash before buying this ticket.
- 8. Shall we use this carpet in the winter season?
- 9. Why don't we put a little jam in our sandwich?
- 10. Let's put this iron outside the house.

### **EXERCISE N REV4.2**



Reading Exercise

- 1. I am the new manager in this company, aren't !?
- 2. Sally and Sam aren't included in the list, are they?
- 3. They don't have enough employees, do they?
- 4. He's worried about the result of the test, isn't he?
- 5. It's a beautiful Sunday morning, isn't it?
- 6. It was an awful interview, wasn't it?
- 7. Your mother is going to purchase a new bag, isn't she?
- 8. We are doing this for our company's improvement, aren't we?
- 9. She wants to sell her properties, doesn't she?
- 10. They aren't happy with their performance, are they?

# **EXERCISE N REV4.3**



Reading Exercise

- 1. I must create a dramatic title for this book.
- 2. I must create a surprising title for this book.
- 3. I must create a surprising title for this story.
- 4. Anna must create a surprising title for this story.
- 5. Anna must make a surprising title for this story.
- 6. Anna must make an interesting title for this story.
- 7. Anna must make an interesting title for this movie.
- 8. Anna must think of an interesting title for this movie.





- 1. Why don't we go to the shop and buy some honey?
- 2. Shall we set the alarm now?
- 3. Let's go to Japan with my new camera.
- 4. What about buying that item you have in your hand?
- 5. Let's use my keys to open that door.
- 6. I can see that he writes fast from the strokes of his pen.
- 7. This old house really has an extraordinary structure.
- 8. Jake bought this book for only a pound.
- 9. I must create a dramatic title for this book.
- 10. We need to get more sticks to make a fire.
- 11. You're visiting Peter, aren't you?
- 12. She's currently studying Japanese, isn't she?
- 13. We aren't leaving this house, are we?
- 14. Anna didn't prepare any food for her birthday, did she?
- 15. They disappeared after the show, didn't they?

### **EXERCISE N REV4.5**



Pronunciation Repetition Drill

#### Pronounce the words.

- 1. temperature
- 2. stroke
- 3. iron
- 4. carpet
- 5. structure

## **EXERCISE N REV4.6**



Basic Single-slot Substitution Drill

- 1. Why don't we go to the shop and buy some honey?
- 2. Why don't we go to the shop and buy some bread?
- 3. Why don't we go to the shop and buy some sandwiches?
- 4. How about going to the shop and buy some sandwiches?
- 5. Let's go to the shop and buy some sandwiches.
- 6. Let's go to the shop and buy some honey.
- 7. Let's go to the shop and buy a camera.
- 8. Shall we go to the shop and buy a camera?



- Intermediate Single-slot Substitution Drill
- 1. The temperature today is colder than yesterday. Repeat.
- 2. The temperature today is colder than yesterday. Change: warmer.

  The temperature today is warmer than yesterday.
- 3. The temperature today is warmer than yesterday. Change: last week.

  The temperature today is warmer than last week.
- 4. The temperature today is warmer than last week. Change: hotter.

  The temperature today is hotter than last week.
- 5. The temperature today is hotter than last week. Change: weather.

  The weather today is hotter than last week.
- 6. The weather today is hotter than last week. Change: cooler.

  The weather today is cooler than last week.

## **EXERCISE N REV4.8**

- (a) Intermediate Single-slot Substitution Drill
- 1. She's currently studying Japanese, isn't she? Repeat.
- 2. She's currently studying Japanese, isn't she? Change: Chinese. She's currently studying Chinese, isn't she?
- 3. She's currently studying Chinese, isn't she? Change: he. He's currently studying Chinese, isn't he?
- 4. He's currently studying Chinese, isn't he? Change: they.

  They are currently studying Chinese, aren't they?
- 5. They are currently studying Chinese, aren't they? Change: we. We are currently studying Chinese, aren't we?
- 6. We are currently studying Chinese, aren't we? Change: English.

  We are currently studying English, aren't we?
- 7. We are currently studying English, aren't we? Change: specifically.

  We are specifically studying English, aren't we?
- 8. We are specifically studying English, aren't we? Change: seriously.

  We are seriously studying English, aren't we?





- 1. Let's put this iron outside the house. Repeat.
- 2. Let's put this iron outside the house. Change: chair.

Let's put this chair outside the house.

3. Let's put this chair outside the house. Change: inside.

Let's put this chair inside the house.

4. Let's put this chair inside the house. Change: bring.

Let's bring this chair inside the house.

5. Let's bring this chair inside the house. Change: room.

Let's bring this chair inside the room.

6. Let's bring this chair inside the room. Change: camera.

Let's bring this camera inside the room.

7. Let's bring this camera inside the room. Change: check.

Let's check this camera inside the room.

8. Let's check this camera inside the room. Change: battery.

Let's check this battery inside the room.

## EXERCISE N REV4.10



- 1. This house has a nice structure.
- 2. This old house has a nice structure.
- 3. This old house in the picture has a nice structure.
- 4. This old house in the picture really has a nice structure.
- 5. This old house in the picture really has a nice and extraordinary structure.

#### **EXERCISE N REV4.11**



- 1. What about buying that item?
- 2. What about buying that cute item?
- 3. What about buying that cute item in your hand?
- 4. What about buying that cute item you have in your hand?
- 5. What about buying that cute item you have in your right hand?



Advanced Single-slot Substitution Drill

- 1. How about you eat here? Repeat.
- 2. Change: at this restaurant.

How about you eat at this restaurant?

3. Change: we.

How about we eat at this restaurant?

4. Change: bar.

How about we eat at this bar?

5. Change: drink.

How about we drink at this bar?

6. Change: hotel.

How about we drink at this hotel?

7. Change: stay.

How about we stay at this hotel?

8. Change: what.

What about we stay at this hotel?

#### **EXERCISE N REV4.13**



- 1. We need to get more sticks to make a fire outside the house. Repeat.
- 2. We need to get more sticks to make a fire outside the house. Transform: who. Who needs to get more sticks to make a fire outside the house?
- 3. We need to get more sticks to make a fire outside the house. Transform: what. What do we need to get to make a fire outside the house?
- 4. We need to get more sticks to make a fire outside the house. Transform: why. Why do we need to get more sticks?
- 5. We need to get more sticks to make a fire outside the house. Transform: not. We don't need to get more sticks to make a fire outside the house.

#### **EXERCISE N REV4.14**



Pronounce the words, paying special attention to the word stress.

- 1. camera
- 2. temperature
- 3. structure
- 4. battery
- 5. stroke

R.E.M.S. METHOD



### **EXERCISE N REV4.15**



- 1. Let's put this iron outside the house. Change: chair. Let's put this chair outside the house.
- 2. Let's bring this camera inside the room. Change: check. Let's check this camera inside the room.
- 3. Let's get some cash before buying this jacket. Add: black. Let's get some cash before buying this black jacket.
- 4. We need to get more sticks to make a fire outside the house. Transform: who. Who needs to get more sticks to make a fire outside the house?
- 5. We need to buy new tiles for the floors at home. Transform: why. Why do we need to buy new tiles?
- 6. The temperature today is warmer than last week. Change: hotter.

  The temperature today is hotter than last week.
- 7. We don't have enough employees, do we? Change: students. We don't have enough students, do we?
- 8. She doesn't have good friends, does she? Change: rude. She doesn't have rude friends, does she?



## **VOCABULARY**

tool tune wage web tap rely on wool cut out

cut out = remove a part of something (usually with scissors and paper) rely on = to need or depend on something or someone in order to work correctly; to succeed or to survive

## **EXERCISE N13.1**



- 1. You need to get some tools outside the house to repair this chair.
- 2. That's a really beautiful tune on the radio.
- 3. The employees received a reasonable wage from their previous company.
- 4. He's searching for the information he needs on the web.
- 5. Everyone must turn off the tap after using.
- 6. Mario gave me a tap on the shoulder after the competition yesterday.
- 7. This jacket is made of wool.
- 8. She was cutting the picture out when the woman arrived.
- 9. The girl in the show is out of tune.
- 10. The success of this competition relies on us and not on anyone else.

## **EXERCISE N13.P1**

Pronunciation Repetition Drill

#### Pronounce the words.

- 1. tune
- 2. tool
- 3. tap
- 4. wage
- 5. wool



### **EXERCISE N13.2**

- Intermediate Single-slot Substitution Drill
- 1. That's a really beautiful tune on the radio. Repeat.
- 2. That's a really beautiful tune on the radio. Change: some music.
- 3. That's some really beautiful music on the radio. Change: a voice.
- 4. That's a really beautiful voice on the radio. Change: nice.
- 5. That's a really nice voice on the radio. Change: stage.
- 6. That's a really nice voice on the stage. Change: performance.
- 7. That's a really nice performance on the stage. Change: amazing.
- 8. That's a really amazing performance on the stage. Change: terrible.

### **EXERCISE N13.3**

- Intermediate Single-slot Substitution Drill
- 1. Everyone must turn off the tap after using. Repeat.
- 2. Everyone must turn off the tap after using. Change: TV.
- 3. Everyone must turn off the TV after using. Change: lights.
- 4. Everyone must turn off the lights after using. Change: you.
- 5. You must turn off the lights after using. Change: eating.
- 6. You must turn off the lights after eating. Change: radio.
- 7. You must turn off the radio after eating. Change: studying.
- 8. You must turn off the radio after studying. Change: before.

## **EXERCISE N13.4**

- Basic Sentence Expansion Drill
- 1. The employees received a reasonable wage.
- 2. The new employees received a reasonable wage.
- 3. The new employees received a reasonable wage from their company.
- 4. The new employees received a reasonable wage from their previous company.



## **EXERCISE N13.5**



Basic Sentence Expansion Drill

- 1. You need to get some tools.
- 2. You need to get some tools outside.
- 3. You need to get some tools outside the house.
- 4. You need to get some tools outside the old house.
- 5. You need to get some tools outside the old house to repair this chair.
- 6. You need to get some tools outside the old house to repair this small chair.

### **EXERCISE N13.6**



Transformation Drill

- 1. Mario gave me a tap on the shoulder after the competition yesterday. Repeat.
- 2. Mario gave me a tap on the shoulder after the competition yesterday. Transform: who.
- 3. Mario gave me a tap on the shoulder after the competition yesterday. Transform: what.
- 4. Mario gave me a tap on the shoulder after the competition yesterday. Transform: when.
- 5. Mario gave me a tap on the shoulder after the competition yesterday. Transform: not.

## **EXERCISE N13.7**



Transformation Drill

- 1. She was cutting the picture out of a magazine when the woman arrived. Repeat.
- 2. She was cutting the picture out of a magazine when the woman arrived. Transform: who.
- 3. She was cutting the picture out of a magazine when the woman arrived. Transform: what.
- 4. She was cutting the picture out of a magazine when the woman arrived. Transform: not.

## **EXERCISE N13.8**



Question and Answer with Prompt Drill

1. What do you need to get outside the house to repair this chair? You need to get ...

2. Where is he searching for the information he needs?

He's searching for ...

3. Is that a really beautiful tune on the radio?

Yes, that's a ...

4. Is this jacket made of wool?

Yes, this ...

5. Who must turn off the tap after using?

Everyone must ...

- 6. Did Mario give me a tap on the shoulder after the competition yesterday? Yes, Mario gave ....
- 7. Was she cutting the picture out of a magazine when the woman arrived? Yes, she was ...
- 8. Who is out of tune?

The girl ...

#### **EXERCISE N13.P2**



Sentence Intonation Drill

- 1. That's a really beautiful tune on the radio. ¬
- 2. Everyone must turn off the tap | after using. ¬
- 3. He's searching for the information he needs | on the web. \(\gamma\)
- 4. Mario gave me a tap on the shoulder | after the competition yesterday. ¬
- 5. The girl in the show | is out of tune. \

## **EXERCISE N13.9**



Correct or Incorrect Exercise

- 1. You need to get some tools outside the house to repair this chair.
- 2. That's a really tune on radio.
- 3. The employees received wage from company.
- 4. He's searching for the information he needs on the web.
- 5. Everyone must turn off the tap after using.
- 6. Mario gave me tap on shoulder after competition yesterday.
- 7. This jacket is made of wool.
- 8. She was cutting the picture out of a magazine when the woman arrived.



#### **GRAMMAR FOCUS**

-en (light-lighten)

One of the common suffixes we use to form verbs is the suffix -en. For example, from the word "hard", we can make the verb "harden"; from the word "soft", we can make the verb "soften", from the word "light", we can make the verb "lighten", etc.

# EXERCISE N14.1



- 1. She wants some sugar to sweeten her milk.
- 2. The bad weather worsened her health condition.
- 3. We used some tools to deepen the hole in the ground.
- 4. This illness weakens me.
- 5. We have to widen that area next to the building.
- 6. Heavy rain softens the soil in the mountains.
- 7. The thought of the examination saddens Mike.
- 8. The storm darkens the clouds above.
- 9. She quickened her way to the shop yesterday afternoon.
- 10. Bob lengthened the rope by one foot.

## **EXERCISE N14.2**



Basic Single-slot Substitution Drill

- 1. The thought of my examination saddens me.
- 2. The thought of my test saddens me.
- 3. The thought of my illness saddens me.
- 4. The thought of her illness saddens me.
- 5. The thought of her misery saddens me.
- 6. The thought of her situation saddens me.
- 7. The thought of her situation weakens me.
- 8. The thought of her situation weakens him.



### **EXERCISE N14.3**



Question and Answer Drill (Negative)

- 1. We have to widen that area next to the building. Repeat.
- 2. We have to widen that area next to the building. Change: market.
- 3. We have to widen that area next to the market. Change: they.
- 4. They have to widen that area next to the market. Change: in front of.
- 5. They have to widen that area in front of the market. Change: school.
- 6. They have to widen that area in front of the school. Change: across.
- 7. They have to widen that area across the school. Change: behind.
- 8. They have to widen that area behind the school. Change: hospital.

### **EXERCISE N14.4**



March Intermediate Single-slot Substitution Drill

- 1. Good communication quickens our work. Repeat.
- 2. Good communication quickens our work. Change: relationships.
- 3. Good relationships quicken our work. Change: job.
- 4. Good relationships quicken our job. Change: lighten.
- 5. Good relationships lighten our job. Change: performance.
- 6. Good relationships lighten our performance. Change: mood.
- 7. Good relationships lighten our mood. Change: my.
- 8. Good relationships lighten my mood. Change: life.

## **EXERCISE N14.5**



Basic Sentence Expansion Drill

- 1. We used some tools.
- 2. We used some tools to deepen the ground.
- 3. We used some tools to deepen the hole in the ground.
- 4. We used some tools to deepen the small hole in the ground.
- 5. We used some tools to deepen the small hole in the ground outside.
- 6. We used some tools to deepen the small hole in the ground outside the house.



## **EXERCISE N14.6**



Basic Sentence Expansion Drill

- 1. She guickened her pace.
- 2. She guickened her pace to the shop.
- 3. She guickened her pace to the new shop.
- 4. She quickened her pace to the new shop yesterday.
- 5. She quickened her pace to the new shop yesterday afternoon.
- 6. She quickened her pace to the new shop at 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon.

## **EXERCISE N14.7**



Basic Sentence Expansion Drill

- 1. The thought of the examination saddens me.
- 2. The thought of the examination tomorrow saddens me.
- 3. The thought of the examination tomorrow afternoon saddens me.
- 4. The thought of the examination at 5 o'clock tomorrow evening saddens me.
- 5. The thought of the English examination at 5 o'clock evening afternoon saddens me.

## **EXERCISE N14.8**



Question and Answer Drill

- 1. What quickens our work?
- 2. Who guickened her pace to the shop yesterday afternoon?
- 3. Does the storm darken the clouds above?
- 4. What saddens Mike?
- 5. Does heavy rain soften the soil in the mountains?
- 6. What does she want to sweeten her milk?
- 7. What worsened her health condition?
- 8. Who used some tools to deepen the hole in the ground?
- 9. Does this illness weaken me?
- 10. Do we have to widen that area next to the building?



# **EXERCISE N14.9**



# Jumbled Sentences Exercise

- 1. weakens / illness / me / this /.
- 2. sugar / she / sweeten / milk / some / wants / to / her /.
- 3. next to / area / we / widen / the / have / building / we / to / that /.
- 4. clouds / storm / the / darkens / above / the /.
- 5. good / work / quickens / communication / our /.
- 6. Mike / thought / examination / of / saddens / the / the /.
- 7. worsened / bad / condition / weather / health / her / the /.
- 8. mountains / softens / heavy / the / soil / rain / the / in /.





Reading Exercise

- 1. She wants some sugar to sweeten her milk.
- 2. The bad weather worsened her health condition.
- 3. We used some tools to deepen the hole in the ground.
- 4. This illness weakens me.
- 5. We have to widen that area next to the building.
- 6. Mario gave me a tap on the shoulder after the competition yesterday.
- 7. This jacket is made of wool.
- 8. She was cutting the picture out when the woman arrived.
- 9. The girl in the show is out of tune.
- 10. The success of this competition relies on us and not on anyone else.

## **EXERCISE N REV5.2**



Reading Exercise

- 1. You need to get some tools.
- 2. You need to get some tools outside.
- 3. You need to get some tools outside the house.
- 4. You need to get some tools outside the old house.
- 5. You need to get some tools outside the old house to repair this chair.
- 6. You need to get some tools outside the old house to repair this small chair.

## **EXERCISE N REV5.3**



Reading Exercise

- 1. The thought of the examination saddens me.
- 2. The thought of the examination tomorrow saddens me.
- 3. The thought of the examination tomorrow afternoon saddens me.
- 4. The thought of the examination at 5 o'clock tomorrow evening saddens me.
- 5. The thought of the English examination at 5 o'clock tomorrow evening saddens me.



- Repetition Drill
- 1. You need to get some tools outside the house to repair this chair.
- 2. That's a really beautiful tune on the radio.
- 3. The employees received a reasonable wage from their previous company.
- 4. He's searching for the information he needs on the web.
- 5. Everyone must turn off the tap after using.
- 6. Heavy rain softens the soil in the mountains.
- 7. The thought of the examination saddens Mike.
- 8. The storm darkens the clouds above.
- 9. She guickened her pace to the shop yesterday afternoon.
- 10. Bob lengthened the rope by one foot.

### **EXERCISE N REV5.5**

Pronunciation Repetition Drill

#### Pronounce the words.

- 1. tool
- 2. wage
- 3. wool
- 4. guicken
- 5. lengthen
- 6. darken
- 7. mountains
- 8. heavy

## **EXERCISE N REV5.6**



- 1. The thought of my examination saddens me.
- 2. The thought of my test saddens me.
- 3. The thought of my illness saddens me.
- 4. The thought of her illness saddens me.
- 5. The thought of her misery saddens me.
- 6. The thought of her situation saddens me.
- 7. The thought of her situation weakens me.
- 8. The thought of her situation weakens him.



- Intermediate Single-slot Substitution Drill
- 1. That's a really beautiful tune on the radio. Repeat.
- 2. That's a really beautiful tune on the radio. Change: some music.

  That's some really beautiful music on the radio.
- 3. That's some really beautiful music on the radio. Change: a voice.

  That's a really beautiful voice on the radio.
- 4. That's a really beautiful voice on the radio. Change: nice.

  That's a really nice voice on the radio.
- 5. That's a really nice voice on the radio. Change: stage.

  That's a really nice voice on the stage.
- 6. That's a really nice voice on the stage. Change: performance.

  That's a really nice performance on the stage.
- 7. That's a really nice performance on the stage. Change: amazing.

  That's a really amazing performance on the stage.
- 8. That's a really amazing performance on the stage. Change: terrible.

  That's a really terrible performance on the stage.

### **EXERCISE N REV5.8**

- (A) Intermediate Single-slot Substitution Drill
- 1. Everyone must turn off the tap after using. Repeat.
- 2. Everyone must turn off the tap after using. Change: TV. Everyone must turn off the TV after using.
- 3. Everyone must turn off the TV after using. Change: lights.

  Everyone must turn off the lights after using.
- 4. Everyone must turn off the lights after using. Change: you. You must turn off the lights after using.
- 5. You must turn off the lights after using. Change: eating. You must turn off the lights after eating.
- 6. You must turn off the lights after eating. Change: radio. You must turn off the radio after eating.
- 7. You must turn off the radio after eating. Change: studying. You must turn off the radio after studying.
- 8. You must turn off the radio after studying. Change: before. You must turn off the radio before studying.



Intermediate Single-slot Substitution Drill

- 1. We have to widen that area next to the building. Repeat.
- 2. We have to widen that area next to the building. Change: market. We have to widen that area next to the market.
- 3. We have to widen that area next to the market. Change: they.

They have to widen that area next to the market.

- 4. They have to widen that area next to the market. Change: in front of.

  They have to widen that area in front of the market.
- 5. They have to widen that area in front of the market. Change: school.

  They have to widen that area in front of the school.
- 6. They have to widen that area in front of the school. Change: across.

  They have to widen that area across the school.
- 7. They have to widen that area across the school. Change: behind.

  They have to widen that area behind the school.
- 8. They have to widen that area behind the school. Change: hospital.

  They have to widen that area behind the hospital.

## **EXERCISE N REV5.10**



- 1. The employees received a reasonable wage.
- 2. The new employees received a reasonable wage.
- 3. The new employees received a reasonable wage from their company.
- 4. The new employees received a reasonable wage from their previous company.

### **EXERCISE N REV5.11**



- 1. We used some tools.
- 2. We used some tools to deepen the ground.
- 3. We used some tools to deepen the hole in the ground.
- 4. We used some tools to deepen the small hole in the ground.
- 5. We used some tools to deepen the small hole in the ground outside.
- 6. We used some tools to deepen the small hole in the ground outside the house.





Basic Sentence Expansion Drill

- 1. She guickened her way.
- 2. She guickened her way to the shop.
- 3. She guickened her way to the new shop.
- 4. She guickened her way to the new shop yesterday.
- 5. She guickened her way to the new shop yesterday afternoon.
- 6. She guickened her way to the new shop at 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon.

### **EXERCISE N REV5.13**



Transformation Drill

- 1. Mario gave me a tap on the shoulder after the competition yesterday. Repeat.
- 2. Mario gave me a tap on the shoulder after the competition yesterday. Transform: who. Who gave me a tap on the shoulder after the competition yesterday?
- 3. Mario gave me a tap on the shoulder after the competition yesterday. Transform: what. What did Mario give me after the competition yesterday?
- 4. Mario gave me a tap on the shoulder after the competition yesterday. Transform: when. When did Mario give me a tap on the shoulder?
- 5. Mario gave me a tap on the shoulder after the competition yesterday. Transform: not. Mario didn't give me a tap on the shoulder after the competition yesterday.

#### **EXERCISE N REV5.14**



Sentence Intonation Drill

- 1. That's a really beautiful tune | on the radio. ¬
- 2. Everyone must turn off the tap | after using. \( \)
- 3. He's searching for the information he needs | on the web. \(\gamma\)
- 4. Heavy rain softens the soil | in the mountains. ¬
- 5. She guickened her way to the shop | yesterday afternoon. \( \)
- 6. Bob lengthened the rope | by one foot. \(\gamma\)



- Mixed Writing Exercise
- 1. That's a really beautiful voice on the radio. Change: nice.

That's a really nice voice on the radio.

2. You must turn off the lights after eating. Change: radio.

You must turn off the radio after eating.

- 3. Mario gave me a tap on the shoulder after the competition yesterday. Transform: who. Who gave me a tap on the shoulder after the competition yesterday?
- 4. She was cutting the picture out of a magazine when the woman arrived. Transform: not. She wasn't cutting the picture out of a magazine when the woman arrived.
- 5. We have to widen that area next to the building. Change: market.

We have to widen that area next to the market.

6. They have to widen that area in front of the school. Change: across.

They have to widen that area across from the school.

7. Good communication quickens our work. Change: relationships.

Good relationships quicken our work.

8. Good relationships lighten my mood. Change: life.

Good relationships lighten my life.