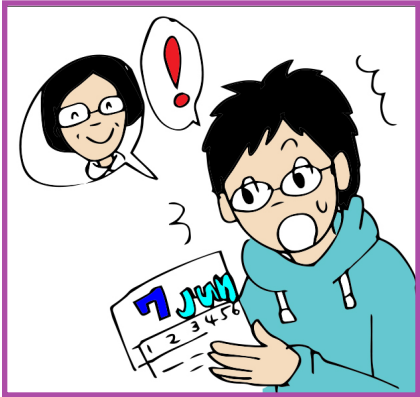


I almost forgot her birthday.



a



b



c



d

Example

- ☐ 1. I almost forgot her birthday.
☐ 2. I almost forgot the present.

- ☐ 3. I almost forgot the check / bill.
☐ 4. I almost forgot his face.

Conversation:

Jennifer : Naoto, when is your birthday?
Naoto : It's on the 3rd of May.
Jennifer : What do you usually do on your birthday?
Naoto : We always have a small party at home. My mother prepares everything.
Jennifer : Wow, that's nice. You have a wonderful family.
Naoto : Well, my mother is really thoughtful. Oh my! **I almost forgot her birthday.**

Grammar Focus	
I almost forgot + noun	
I almost forgot	her birthday.
	the present.
	the check/bill.
	his face.

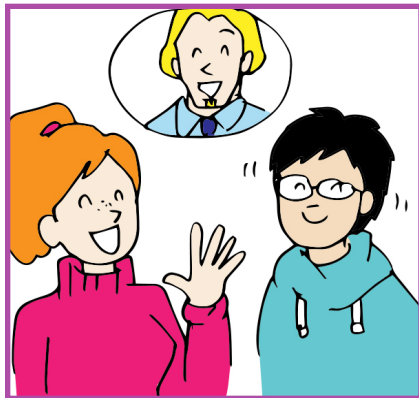
Will you call her on her birthday?



a



b



c



d

Example

- ☐ 1. Will you call her on her birthday?
- ☐ 2. Will you greet me on my birthday?

- ☐ 3. Will you send him a present on his birthday?
- ☐ 4. Will you give her a card on her birthday?

Conversation:

Naoto : Jennifer, can you tell me where I can buy greeting cards?
Jennifer : Oh, there is a stationery store across the bank.
Naoto : Is it next to the boutique? I'm thinking of buying a birthday card for my mom.
Jennifer : Yes, that's right. **Will you call her on her birthday?**
Naoto : Maybe, I will. I haven't called her since I arrived here.
Jennifer : Your mom will be happy.



Grammar Focus

Will you + verb

Will you

- call her on her birthday?
- greet me on my birthday?
- send him a present on his birthday?
- give her a card on her birthday?

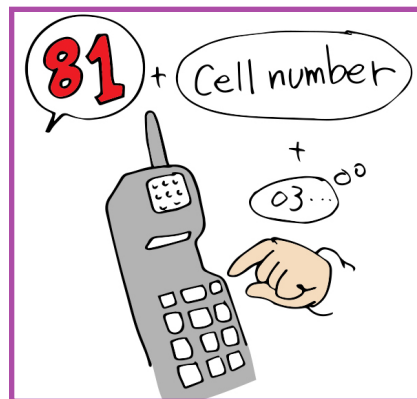
First, get the country code.



a



b



c



d

Example

1. First, get the country code.
2. Then, add the numbers.

3. Next, dial the numbers.
4. Finally, press the call key.

Conversation:

- Jennifer** : Hi, Naoto. What are you doing?
Naoto : I'm trying to figure out how to make an international phone call.
Jennifer : Well, that's easy. Let me help you.
Naoto : Thanks, Jennifer.
Jennifer : Ok. **First, get the country code. Then, add the numbers. Next, dial the numbers. Finally, press the call key.**
Naoto : Oh, it's really simple.

Grammar Focus

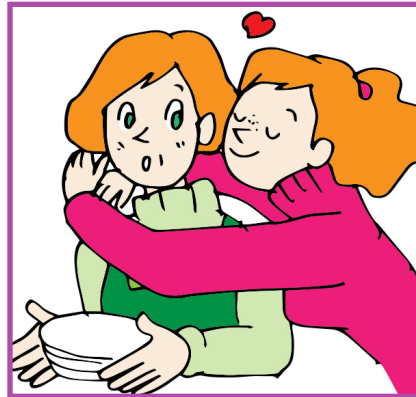
Transition Words of Time

First,	get the country code.
Then,	add the numbers.
Next,	dial the numbers.
Finally,	press the call key.

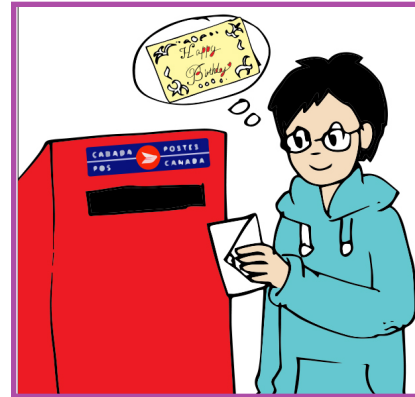
I sent you a birthday card.



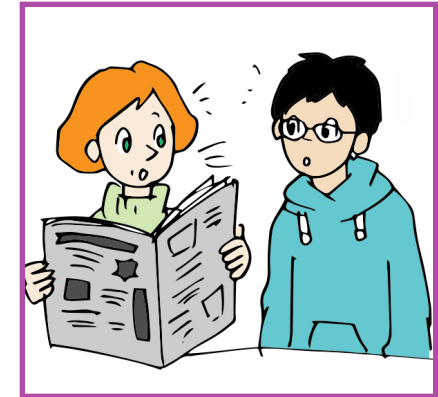
a



b



c



d

Example

1. I sent you a birthday card.
2. I made her coffee.

3. She gave her a kiss.
4. She told him the news.

Conversation:

- Naoto** : Hello mom, this is Naoto, Happy Birthday!
Chikako : Thank you Naoto.
Naoto : Are you surprised I called?
Chikako : Yes, I am. I didn't expect you to call.
Naoto : **I sent you a birthday card.** Did you receive it?
Chikako : Yes, I did. It made me happy.

Grammar Focus

S - V - I.O. - D.O. (Indirect Object - Direct Object)

I sent you a birthday card.

I made her coffee.

She gave her a kiss.

She told him the news.

My boss is nice.



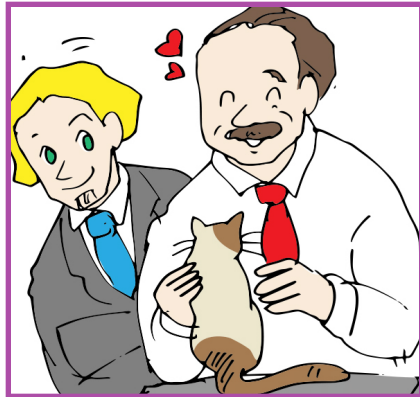
a



b



c



d

Example

- ☐ 1. My boss is nice.
- ☐ 2. Her daughter is active.

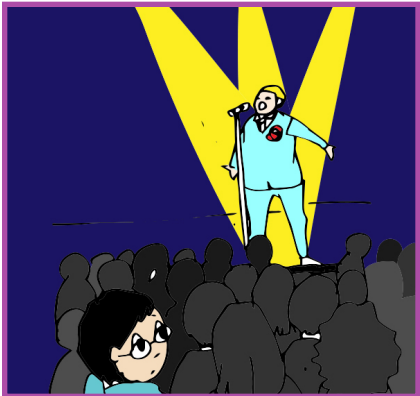
- ☐ 3. His dog is playful.
- ☐ 4. Our neighbor is friendly.

Conversation:

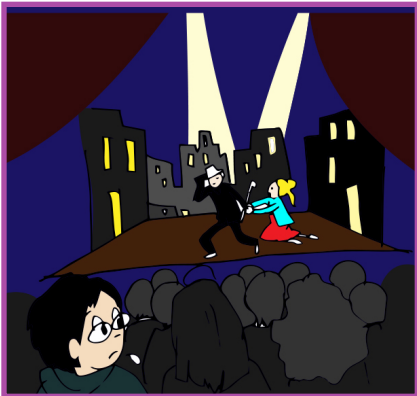
Naoto : Hi, Tom. You're here.
Tom : Yes. **My boss is nice.** He gave me a holiday.
Naoto : Wonderful! So, do you have any plans?
Tom : Well, I have one thing in mind.
Naoto : And what is that?
Tom : Surfing. Do you want to come with me? The weather is nice.

Grammar Focus		
Possessive Adjectives		
My boss	is	nice.
Her daughter		active.
His dog		playful.
Our neighbor		friendly.

I'm not into concerts.



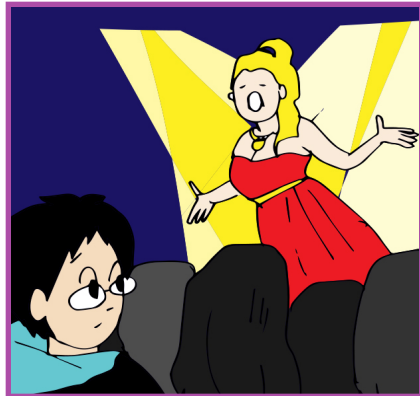
a



b



c



d

Example

- ☐ 1. I'm not into concerts.
- ☐ 2. I'm not into music.

- ☐ 3. I'm not into stage play.
- ☐ 4. I'm not into opera.

Conversation:

Tom : So, Naoto, have you been to a concert?
Naoto : Yes. A few times. **I'm not really into concerts.**
Tom : Why not?
Naoto : I hate crowded places.
Tom : Oh. I'm planning to go to a concert this Saturday. I thought you might be interested.
Naoto : Well, who's performing?

Grammar Focus	
I'm not into + noun	
I'm not into	concerts.
	music.
	stage play.
	opera.

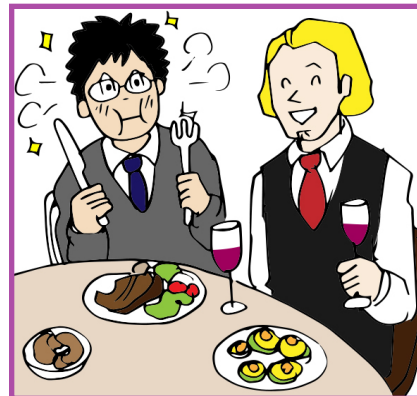
It's the best concert I've ever been to.



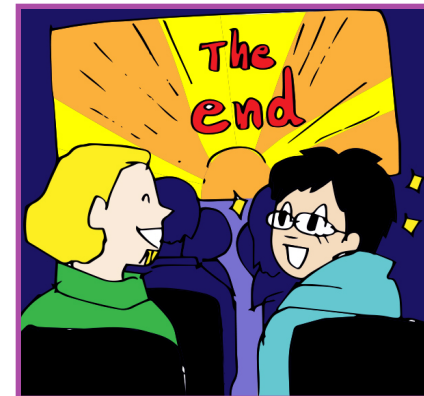
a



b



c



d

Example

- ☐ 1. It's the best concert I've ever been to.
☐ 2. It's the best food I've ever tasted.

- ☐ 3. It's the best movie I've ever seen.
☐ 4. It's the best song I've ever heard.

Conversation:

Naoto : That concert was awesome.
Tom : Yeah. I really had fun.
Naoto : **It's the best concert I've ever been to.**
Tom : What did you like most about it?
Naoto : Well, the performance was fantastic.
Tom : I couldn't agree more.

Grammar Focus

It's the best + noun + I have ever + past participle

It's the best

concert I've ever been to.

food I've ever tasted.

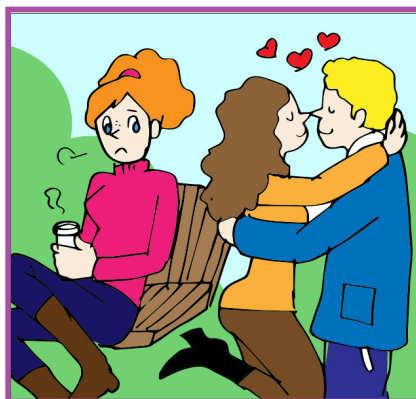
movie I've ever seen.

song I've ever heard.

It makes me feel good.



a



b



c



d

Example

- ☐ 1. It makes me feel good.
☐ 2. It makes me feel ecstatic.

- ☐ 3. It makes me feel sad.
☐ 4. It makes me feel envious.

Conversation:

- Naoto** : Jennifer, what are you reading?
Jennifer : I'm browsing through this fashion magazine.
Naoto : Is that where you get your fashion and style from?
Jennifer : Yes, I always try to keep up with the latest trends.
Naoto : Who do you look up to for fashion inspiration?
Jennifer : No one in particular. For me, fashion helps me express myself and **it makes me feel good.**

Grammar Focus

It makes me feel + adjective

It makes me feel

good.

ecstatic.

sad.

envious.

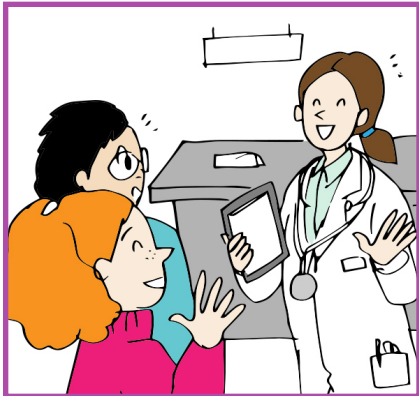
It is an interesting movie, isn't it?



a



b



c



d

Example

- ☐ 1. It is an interesting movie, isn't it?
- ☐ 2. She is a doctor, isn't she?

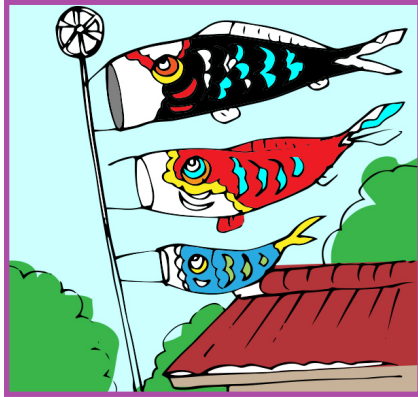
- ☐ 3. He is a teacher, isn't he?
- ☐ 4. We are late, aren't we?

Conversation:

Naoto : Jennifer, what are you watching?
Jennifer : I am watching E.T.
Naoto : **It is an interesting movie, isn't it?**
Jennifer : Yeah, it is. Have you ever watched this movie?
Naoto : Yes, I have. I like sci-fi movies.
Jennifer : So do I.

Grammar Focus	
Tag Questions	
It is an interesting movie,	isn't it?
She is a doctor,	isn't she?
He is a teacher,	isn't he?
We are late,	aren't we?

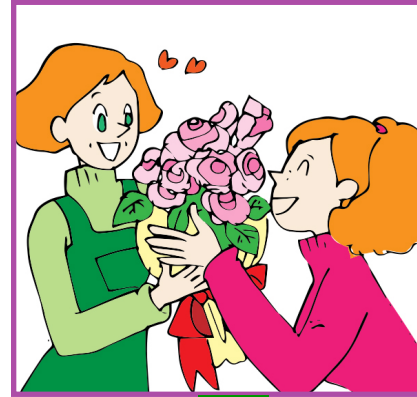
Children's Day is a day when Japanese families have parties in honor of their children.



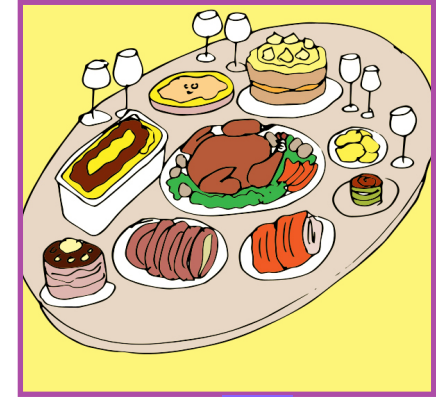
a



b



c



d

Example

- ☐ 1. Children's Day is a day when Japanese families have parties in honor of their children.
- ☐ 2. Mother's Day is a day when people in many countries honor mothers.
- ☐ 3. New Year's Day is a day when people make resolutions.
- ☐ 4. Thanksgiving is a day when people celebrate the harvest.

Conversation:

Jennifer : What is your favorite holiday in Japan, Naoto?

Naoto : I used to like Children's Day.

Jennifer : What did you like about it?

Naoto : Well, **it's a day when Japanese families have parties in honor of their children.**

Jennifer : That's interesting!

Naoto : But we don't celebrate it anymore.

Grammar Focus

Relative Clause of Time

Children's Day	is a day when	Japanese families have parties in honor of their children.
Mother's Day		people in many countries honor mothers.
New Year's Day		people make resolutions.
Thanksgiving		people celebrate the harvest.