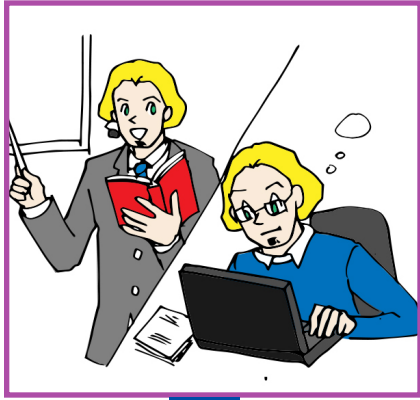


He has been working two jobs.



a



b



c



d

Example

- ☐ 1. He has been working two jobs.
☐ 2. She has been studying English.

- ☐ 3. I have been saving my money.
☐ 4. They have been traveling.

Conversation:

John : Naoto, my son is coming home later.

Naoto : I'm excited to meet him.

John : **He has been working two jobs.**

Naoto : Oh really? That sounds like a lot of work. What does he do?

John : He has been working as a Journalism professor and a columnist.

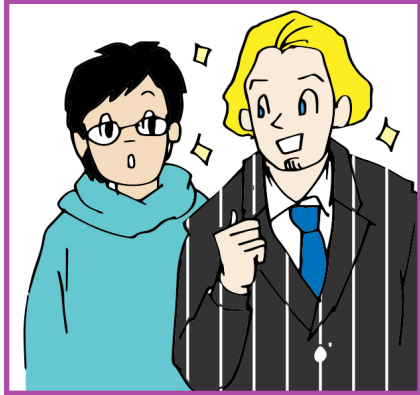
Naoto : That is amazing.

Grammar Focus

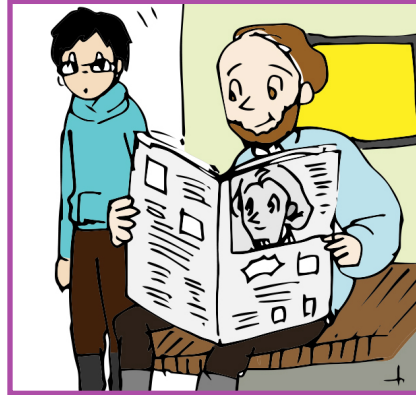
Have/Has been + verb-ing

He has been	working two jobs.
She has been	studying English.
I have been	saving my money.
They have been	traveling.

You must be smart.



a



b



c



d

Example

- ☐ 1. You must be smart.
☐ 2. You must be busy.

- ☐ 3. You must be famous.
☐ 4. You must be rich.

Conversation:

Naoto : It's nice to finally meet you.

Tom : It's a pleasure to meet you, too.

Naoto : Oh Tom, I heard you've been working two jobs.

Tom : Yes, but it's okay. I can manage.

Naoto : **You must be smart.**

Tom : Well, I got it from my dad.

Grammar Focus

You must be + adjective

You must be

smart.

busy.

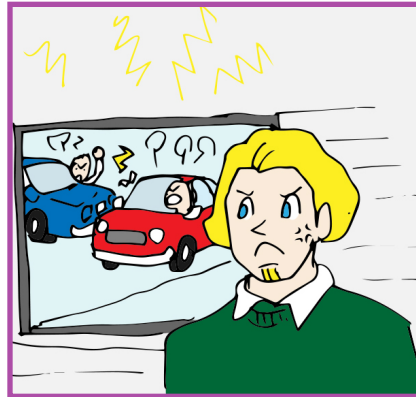
famous.

rich.

My work is interesting.



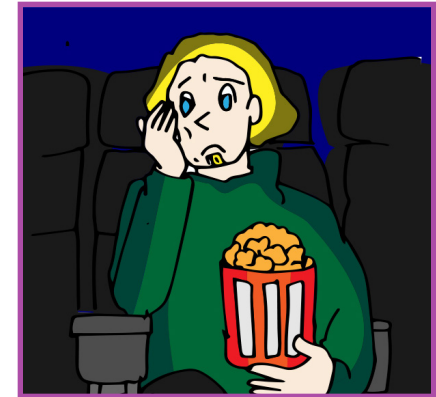
a



b



c



d

Example

- ☐ 1. My work is interesting.
☐ 2. The movie is boring.

- ☐ 3. The news is surprising.
☐ 4. The sound is annoying.

Conversation:

- Naoto** : How do you manage your time, Tom?
Tom : Oh, I follow a strict schedule.
Naoto : You must be very busy.
Tom : Yes, but it's okay. Anyway, **my work is interesting.**
Naoto : I think I should follow your positive attitude.
Tom : Yes, it just requires hard work.

Grammar Focus

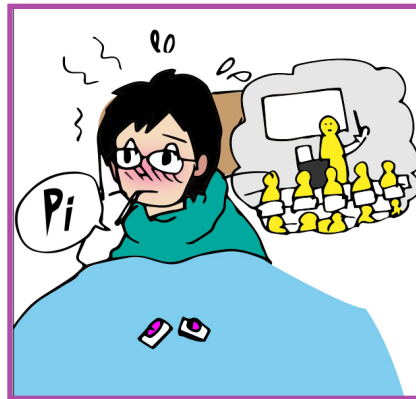
Present Participle (Adjective)

My work	is interesting.
The movie	is boring.
The news	is surprising.
The sound	is annoying.

I'm afraid I won't finish my article.



a



b



c



d

Example

- ☐ 1. I'm afraid I won't finish my article.
☐ 2. I'm afraid I won't attend the class.

- ☐ 3. I'm afraid I won't meet you tonight.
☐ 4. I'm afraid I won't join the meeting.

Conversation:

Naoto : Is your article published weekly in the paper?

Tom : Yes, it's in the Weekly Tribune.

Naoto : That's interesting!

Tom : But **I'm afraid I won't finish my article** this week.

Naoto : I believe you will make it, Tom.

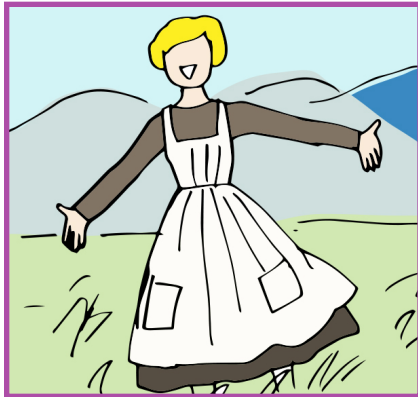
Tom : Thanks, Naoto.

Grammar Focus

I'm afraid + pronoun + won't + verb

I'm afraid	I	won't	finish my article.
			attend the class.
			meet you tonight.
			join the meeting.

The Sherlock Holmes series was written by Arthur Conan Doyle.



a



b



c



d

Example

☐ 1. The Sherlock Holmes series was written by Arthur Conan Doyle.

☐ 2. Mona Lisa was painted by Leonardo da Vinci.

☐ 3. The song Do-Re-Mi was sung by Julie Andrews.

☐ 4. The movie ET was directed by Steven Spielberg.

Conversation:

Tom : Do you like novels?

Naoto : Well, it depends on the story. I prefer mystery novels.

Tom : Do you know about the fictional character, Sherlock Holmes?

Naoto : Oh, yes. **The Sherlock Holmes series was written by Arthur Conan Doyle.**

Tom : I used to read them when I was young.

Naoto : Reading his novels always gives me a thrill.

Grammar Focus

Past Participle + by (Passive form)

The Sherlock Holmes series was

written by Arthur Conan Doyle.

Mona Lisa was

painted by Leonardo da Vinci.

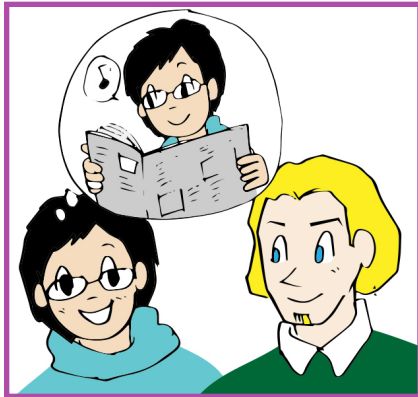
The song Do-Re-Mi was

sung by Julie Andrews.

The movie ET was

directed by Steven Spielberg.

I'm looking forward to reading your articles.



a



b



c



d

Example

- ☐ 1. I'm looking forward to reading your articles.
☐ 2. I'm looking forward to visiting you.

- ☐ 3. I'm looking forward to meeting your family.
☐ 4. I'm looking forward to working with you.

Conversation:

Naoto : Tom, I want to read one of your articles.

Tom : I'm sure you will love my article for next week.

Naoto : What is it about?

Tom : It's about foreign students here in Canada.

Naoto : Oh really? **I'm looking forward to reading your article.**

Tom : Sure. I can give you a free copy of it.

Grammar Focus

I'm looking forward to + gerund (verb-ing)

I'm looking forward to

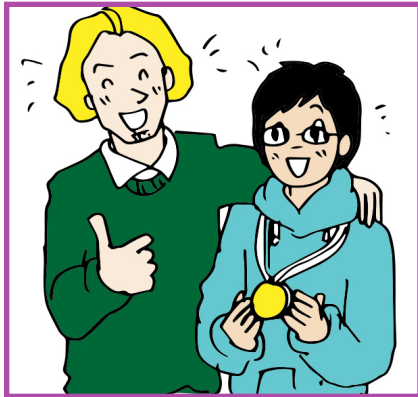
reading your articles.

visiting you.

meeting your family.

working with you.

Congratulations on your achievement.



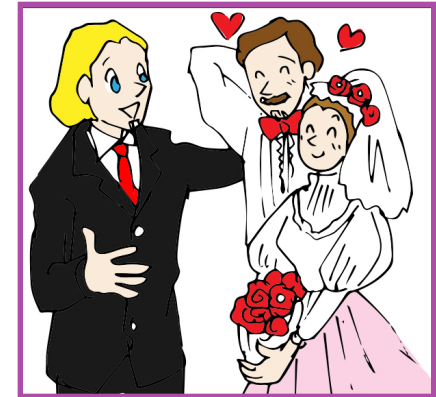
a



b



c



d

Example

- ☐ 1. Congratulations on your wedding.
☐ 2. Congratulations on your graduation.

- ☐ 3. Congratulations on a job well done.
☐ 4. Congratulations on the birth of your first child.

Conversation:

Tom : Naoto, you told me you wrote for your school paper.
Naoto : Yes, when I was in high school.
Tom : I bet you received an award.
Naoto : Actually, I won first prize in the inter-school essay writing contest.
Tom : **Congratulations on your achievement.**
Naoto : Thanks, Tom.

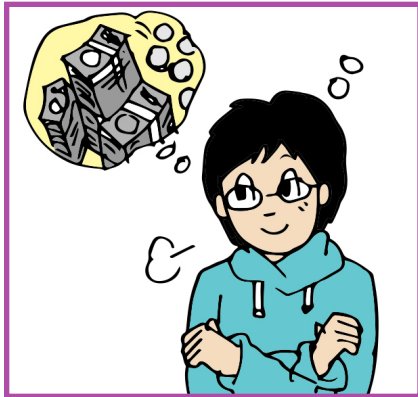
Grammar Focus

Congratulations on + noun/noun phrase

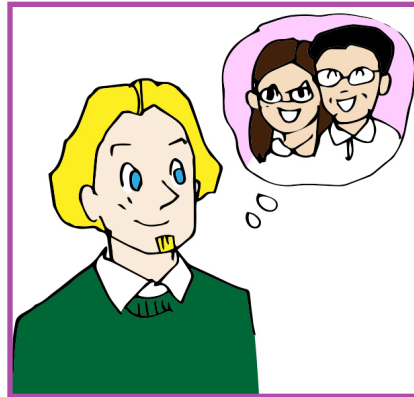
Congratulations on

your wedding.
 your graduation.
 a job well done.
 the birth of your first child.

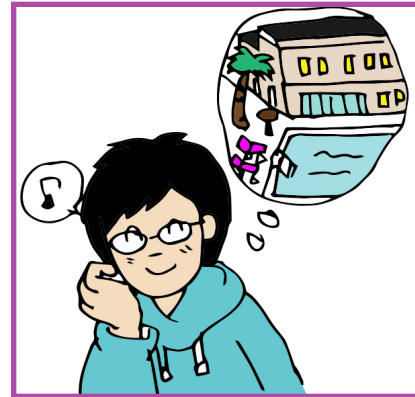
I want to have a well-paid job.



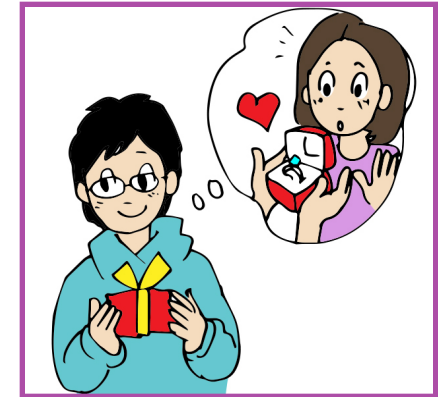
a



b



c



d

Example

- ☐ 1. I want to have a well-paid job.
☐ 2. I hope to buy a big house.

- ☐ 3. I like to meet your family.
☐ 4. I plan to get married.

Conversation:

Tom : I think you will have a bright future, Naoto.

Naoto : I hope so. Thank you.

Tom : But what do you really want?

Naoto : **I want to have a well-paid job.**

Tom : I think it will be easy for you to find one.

Naoto : Thanks for believing in me, Tom.

Grammar Focus

Verb + infinitive phrase

I want	to have a well-paid job.
I hope	to buy a big house.
I like	to meet your family.
I plan	to get married.

You're expected to call your university.



a



b



c



d

Example

- ☐ 1. You're expected to call your university.
☐ 2. You're supposed to send a post card.

- ☐ 3. You're not supposed to hit him.
☐ 4. You're expected to take her home.

Conversation:

Annie : Naoto, **you're expected to call your university** early tomorrow.

Naoto : Thank you for reminding me, mom.

Annie : Are you excited about going to school?

Naoto : Yes, I want to meet my classmates.

Annie : I'm sure you'll enjoy it.

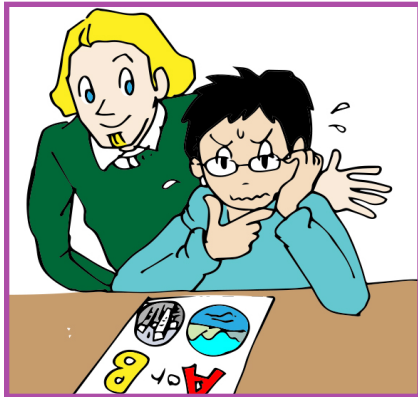
Naoto : Yes, but I feel a little scared.

Grammar Focus

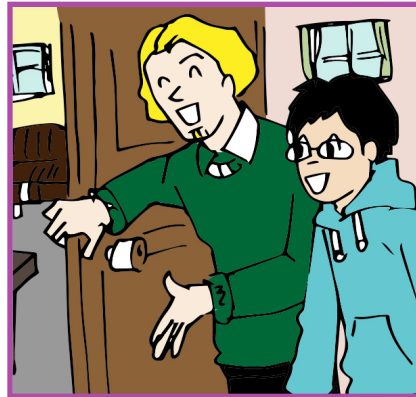
Be supposed/expected + to infinitive

You're	expected	to call your university.
	supposed	to call first.
	not supposed	to hit him.
	expected	to take her home.

I am here to support you.



a



b



c



d

Example

- ☐ 1. I am here to support you.
☐ 2. I am here to give you some advice.

- ☐ 3. I'm here to teach you English.
☐ 4. I'm here to show you around the house.

Conversation:

Tom : You have to sleep early tonight, Naoto.
Naoto : Yes. I should prepare for tomorrow.
Tom : Don't worry. **I am here to support you.**
Naoto : Thanks for your kindness.
Tom : Sure, anytime Naoto. Don't forget to take your I.D.
Naoto : Ah, yes. Okay. Thanks.

Grammar Focus

I'm here to + verb phrase

I'm here to

support you.
 give you some advice.
 teach you English.
 show you around the house.