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# R.E.M.S. METHOD

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# N1 Slides 1 & 2

## **PRODUCER (noun)**

Definition: A “producer” refers to a company or person that produces or makes things.

For example, “ABC company is the producer of my favorite book.”

The producer of this movie is going to be very famous.

## **SERVANT (noun)**

Definition: A “servant” is a person who is employed to work in another person’s home doing jobs such as cooking, cleaning, etc.

For example, “She is a servant. They had two servants in their old house.”

He is an honest servant of our family.

## **HISTORY (noun)**

Definition: It is the study of past events or developments of a particular period, country, or subject. For example, “I’m taking a class in Japanese history.”

My brother is interested in the history of this old town.

## **HISTORIAN (noun)**

Definition: A “historian” is someone who writes about or studies history.

For example, “My father is a historian.”

She is curious about this international historian on TV.

## **JUDGE (noun)**

Definition: A “judge” is a person who is in charge of a court of law.

She is a judge. She hears and decides cases in the courtroom.

We have to see the judge in court today.

## **EDITOR (noun)**

Definition: An “editor” is a person who corrects and makes changes to texts (newspapers, magazines, etc.) or films before they are printed or shown.

For example, “I want to be an editor at the XYZ publishing company.”

She applied as an editor at our company.

## **ADVISER (noun)**

Definition: An “adviser” is a teacher who is responsible for giving suggestions to students in their educational matters.

She is an adviser. Our adviser is very organized in all her classes.

My adviser told me to continue my studies in London.

## **CHIEF (noun) CHIEF (adjective)**

Definition 1: As a noun, it is a person in charge of a group or organization.

For example, “The chief of police is included in the crime.”

His father is the chief of their organization.

Definition 2: As an adjective, it means the highest in position or power.

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For example, "The chief nurse announced the good news to the old woman."

The chief police officer died in a car accident yesterday.

### **DEALER (noun)**

Definition: A "dealer" is a person or company that buys and sells something.

For example, "We had a short conversation with the house dealer yesterday."

She wants to meet the dealer of this beautiful car on the road.

### **LAD (noun)**

Definition: The word "lad" means a boy or a young man.

For example, "I met a really cute lad along the street two days ago."

That lad on the stage is really nice and interesting.

### **EMPLOYEE (noun)**

Definition: An "employee" is a person who is paid to work for someone else.

For example, "Our company hired fifty more employees last week."

The manager was talking when the new employee arrived.

## **N2 Slide 13**

### **HURRY (verb)**

Definition: To "hurry" is to move or act quickly, or to cause someone to move or act quickly.

For example, "We needed to hurry to go home yesterday because of the rain."

We will have hurried to go home by next month.

### **ILLUSTRATE (verb)**

Definition 1: To "illustrate" is to add pictures to something, such as a book, magazine, etc.

Definition 2: It also means to show the meaning of something more clearly by giving examples.

For example, "He illustrated beautiful pictures in this new magazine."

I will have illustrated my plan for the company next week.

### **JUMP (noun) JUMP (verb)**

Definition 1: As a noun, it means a push into the air from a surface using your legs and feet.

For example, "The boy's jump was high."

I will have made a long jump after the exam tomorrow.

Definition 2: As a verb, it means to push yourself off the ground and into the air using your legs and feet. For example, "We jumped after hearing the good news from our teacher yesterday."

She will have jumped with excitement after I tell her the good news.

### **KICK (verb)**

Definition: To "kick" is to hit someone or something with the foot.

For example, "He kicked the table after breaking the glass."

He will have kicked the ball on the ground after cleaning the house.

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**KISS (verb)**

Definition: To “kiss” is to touch your lips against another person as a greeting or to express love.

For example, “She kissed her children before she went to the office.”

She will have kissed her mother before she goes to school tomorrow.

**ACQUIRE (verb)**

Definition: To “acquire” is to begin to have something or to get something as one’s own.

For example, “Our family acquired this house in 2005.”

They will have acquired a good education two years from now.

**DEMONSTRATE (verb)**

Definition: To “demonstrate” is to explain, describe or illustrate something.

For example, “He demonstrated what happened in the company five years ago.”

He will have demonstrated the cause of the problem after today.

**DESIGN (verb)**

Definition: To “design” is to make or draw plans for something.

For example, “He asked his friend to design his new office this weekend.”

Sam will have designed his new house after work on Saturday.

**DESIGNER (noun)**

Definition: A “designer” is a person who makes designs on something. Designers draw or create plans for something. For example, “The designer of our house is very creative.”

The designer of her dress owns a big shop in this town.

**EXPLORE (verb)**

Definition: To “explore” is to travel to a new place to learn about it or become familiar with it.

For example, “We are ready to explore this beautiful and interesting city.”

Peter will have explored different countries after his long holiday.

**OFFER (verb) OFFER (noun)**

Definition 1: As a verb, it means to ask someone if he or she would like to have something or give them something. For example, “My mother offered some clothes to the poor.”

He will have offered a job for him before he leaves.

Definition 2: As a noun, it means a statement in which you offer to give someone something if they want it or the act of offering.

For example, “Their disgusting offer of money made us feel bad.”

She will have accepted his offer of love by this time tomorrow.

## N3 Slides 26 & 27

**SITUATION (noun)**

Definition: It means a condition or conditions that exist at a particular time.

For example, “We had a bad situation when we lived in that apartment.”

We are having a complicated situation in the office.

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**SMOKE (noun)**

Definition: It is produced by something that is burning. Cars and other vehicles give off smoke.

For example, "We saw the smoke from his car after the accident."

The smoke from the cars makes me feel sick every day.

**SOCIETY (noun)**

Definition: It refers to a group of people who live together in a particular social system.

For example, "There are a lot of changes in our society nowadays."

We do have an individual role in our society.

**FURNITURE (noun)**

Definition: It refers to things such as chairs, tables, beds, etc. that are used in a home or office.

For example, "We bought new sets of furniture for our new house."

This new furniture in the room is not necessary for the family.

**GARBAGE (noun)**

Definition: It refers to waste materials, or where waste is kept.

For example, "She threw two bags of garbage this morning."

The garbage outside their house smells bad.

**SPACE (noun)**

Definition: It refers to an empty place or an open place where nothing is built.

For example, "I need a bigger space for my bag collection."

There's a big space for the children to play outside her house.

**GLOVE (noun)**

Definition: It means a covering for the hand and wrist, with separate parts for each finger.

These are gloves. It provides warmth and protection.

For example, "We bought new pair of gloves for the winter season."

He lost his favorite gloves in the field yesterday morning.

**GROCERY (noun)**

Definition: It refers to the food that you buy in a shop or supermarket.

For example, "They were buying some toys when I left the groceries at the supermarket."

She needs to buy groceries before the shop closes at 6 p.m.

**HANDLE (noun)**

Definition: It means a part of an object designed for holding, moving, or carrying.

Some examples are "door handle, bag handle, etc."

This is a door handle.

She was opening the window when I turned the door handle.

**HANDBAG (noun)**

Definition: It refers to a bag, often with a handle, used especially by women for carrying money, keys, etc.

This is a handbag.

For example, "I gave my mother a black handbag for her birthday."

I need to buy two new handbags for my holiday next week.

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**HEATER (noun)**

Definition: It refers to something that heats especially for heating water or the air in a room.

For example, "We need a heater in our house, especially in winter."

I was making breakfast when the water heater fell on the floor.

## N4 Slide 57

**PERFORM (verb)**

Definition: To "perform" is to do an action or a piece of work.

For example, "They performed a beautiful dance on the stage."

She has performed successfully in different international shows.

**PERFORMANCE (noun)**

Definition: It means an act of performing something such as a play, piece of music, etc.

For example, "I watched their performance on TV and it was fabulous."

Their performance last night was really amazing.

**SWAP (verb)**

Definition: To "swap" is to exchange one thing for another.

For example, "The two girls swapped phones for a day."

I swapped rooms with my sister last week.

**SWITCH (noun) SWITCH (verb)**

Definition 1: As a noun, it is a button or a key that controls the electrical supply to a light, piece of equipment, machine, etc.

We turn on or off our lights at home using a switch.

For example, "He turned off the switch after reading last night."

He was turning off the switch when she fell on the floor.

Definition 2: As a verb, to "switch" is to change suddenly or completely from one thing to another. For example, "He switched our conversation to a disgusting issue."

Science was my major subject, then I switched to English.

**TWIST (verb)**

Definition: To "twist" means to injure a part of your body such as your knee or wrist by bending it too much or by bending it in the wrong direction.

I'm twisting my \_\_\_\_\_.

For example, "He twisted his arm in an accident."

Peter twisted his knee while playing basketball last Sunday.

**WRAP (verb)**

Definition: To "wrap" is to cover something or someone with paper, cloth, or other material.

I will wrap this book and give it for her birthday next week.

The nurse wrapped the baby and brought her to her mother.

**SUBMIT (verb)**

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**Definition:** To "submit" is to give or offer something to someone for a decision to be made.

For example, "Paul submitted his report about the case two days ago."

Mary submitted the papers to her enthusiastic professor.

### **GO BACK (phrasal verb)**

**Definition:** To "go back" is to return to a place.

For example, "I need to go back to that restaurant for my keys."

We need to go back to our previous house before the weekend.

### **RUN AWAY (phrasal verb)**

**Definition:** To "run away" is to leave a place or person secretly and suddenly.

For example, "We ran away from home when we were young."

The children were really scared when they ran away from the criminals.

### **SET OFF (phrasal verb)**

**Definition:** To "set off" is to start on a trip or journey.

For example, "They will set off at 6 a.m. tomorrow."

Maria and James set off on a holiday to Japan this December.

### **MARCH (verb)**

**Definition:** To "march" is to walk with other people who are all walking in the same way.

I am marching. For example, "All the students marched through the street."

The police officers marched towards the building.

## **N5 Slide 71**

### **RELEASE (verb)**

**Definition:** To "release" is to let something be shown in public or made available for use.

For example, "They released a report of the crime."

The teachers will be releasing the result of the test when everyone finishes.

### **MANAGEMENT (noun)**

**Definition:** It refers to the people in charge of a business organization.

For example, "We had a meeting with the management yesterday."

The management will be improving their performance when the president arrives next week.

### **WITNESS (verb)**

**Definition:** A "witness" is a person who sees an event happening.

I was a witness on the day they got married.

The witnesses of the show will be shouting when the amazing performer dances.

### **RAISE (verb)**

**Definition:** To "raise" is to cause something to become bigger or to increase.

I had to raise my expectations for you to succeed.

The company will be raising the pay of the employees when this year ends.

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**REGISTER (verb)**

Definition: To "register" is to record someone's name on an official list.

For example, "He registered the car in my mother's name."

I will be registering my name when the new shop opens tomorrow.

**FRY (verb)**

Definition: To "fry" is to cook food in hot oil.

For example, "My mother always fries eggs in the morning."

My mother will be frying some food for dinner when my father arrives from the office.

**EMPLOYMENT (noun)**

Definition: It refers to work, especially for someone else, for which you are paid.

For example, "Sam was really happy to find new employment in the city."

Sarah will be having a good image when she accepts ABC company's employment.

**REPAIR (verb) REPAIR (noun)**

Definition 1: As a verb, it means to put something damaged or broken into good condition again.

For example, "My father repaired our roof after the heavy rain."

Mark will be repairing his car when he finishes his work on Saturday.

Definition 2: As a noun, it means the act or process of repairing something.

For example, "I took my car for a repair and went to the office."

His car will be needing a repair when he returns from the mountains.

**ROB (verb)**

Definition: To "rob" is to take money or things from a person or place, which is against the law.

For example, "Five men robbed the shop last night."

The two men will be robbing the bank when the employees arrive tomorrow.

**SERVE (verb)**

Definition: To "serve" is to provide food or drinks to a customer or guest.

For example, "The man served good food for us."

Mark will be serving some tea for us when we visit him this weekend.

**FILE (verb)**

Definition: To "file" is to store papers, letters, or other documents in a particular way.

We filed the reports on the table.

She will be filing the documents on the table when the manager finishes his meeting.

## N6 Slides 84 & 85

**DEAD (adjective)**

Definition: It means something is no longer living.

For example, "The police officers found him dead on the street."

Most children don't like to watch movies about dead people.

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**DVD (noun)**

Definition: A "DVD" can store large amounts of sounds, movies, games, etc.

For example, "We bought DVDs of our favorite movies last week."

Sally would like to buy a DVD for the new movie she likes.

**ELECTRICITY (noun)**

Definition: It is a form of energy that creates light or heat. We use electricity at home, in the office, at school, etc.

The people complained about the immediate payment of their electricity.

**ELECTRIC (adjective) ELECTRICAL (adjective)**

Definition: When something is "electric" or "electrical", it means powered by electricity.

Examples are an electric fan, electric light, electrical car, etc.

The government must help the people by providing enough electric power.

**LOG (noun)**

Definition: It is a thick piece of wood cut from a tree.

This is a log. We use logs to make a fire, build houses, etc.

We need more logs to build a new house for our workers.

**POLE (noun)**

Definition: It refers to a long, usually round, piece of wood or metal often used to support something. Some examples are telephone poles, tent poles, etc.

This is a utility pole or an electrical power pole.

My brother's car hit the pole on the road and it was a terrible accident.

**ELSEWHERE (adverb)**

Definition: It means anywhere or somewhere else.

For example, "You have to go elsewhere to find him."

Maria has to continue her studies in London and not elsewhere.

**ENVELOPE (noun)**

Definition: It is a paper container where we put letters.

The woman brought the envelopes with the report.

The manager put the documents in an envelope and went to the office.

**PILE (noun)**

Definition: It means several things lying on top of each other.

For example, "There's a pile of dishes to be washed."

She will be arranging a pile of papers on the table when she returns.

**PIPE (noun)**

Definition: It is a tube of metal, plastic, or other material used to convey water, gas, oil, or other fluid substances.

Our pipes at home were broken.

Peter needs to repair their water pipe at home after the winter season.

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# N7 Slides 114 & 115 & 116

## **SET OUT (phrasal verb)**

Definition: To “set out” is to start on a trip or journey. It is the synonym of the phrasal verb “set off”. For example, “Alex and Sally began to set out on a short holiday outside the country.”

Our family set out on a visit to our old house away from the city.

## **ISLAND (noun)**

Definition: It refers to a piece of land surrounded by water.

For example, “There are thousands of islands in the Philippines.”

There's a surprisingly beautiful island ten miles from here.

## **COUNTY (noun)**

Definition: Most states in the United States are divided into “counties”.

For example, “Texas is divided into 254 counties.”

His family lives in a different county.

## **ENVIRONMENT (noun)**

Definition: It refers to the air, water, and land on which people, animals, and plants live.

For example, “Let us protect our environment from pollution.”

We all want to live in a healthy and clean environment.

## **ENVIRONMENTAL (adjective)**

Definition: It means relating to the environment.

For example, “Pollution is one of the most common environmental problems.”

There are many environmental issues these days.

## **OCEAN (noun)**

Definition: It is the large mass of salt water that covers most of the Earth's surface. The ocean is bigger than the sea. Some examples are the Pacific Ocean, the Indian Ocean, etc.

The ocean is as wonderful as the white clouds across the sky.

## **PLANET (noun)**

Definition: It is a very large round object that moves around the Sun or another star.

This is Earth. We live on Earth. Earth is a planet.

Other planets are Venus, Mars, Jupiter, etc.

The Earth is the most interesting and extraordinary planet.

## **STORM (noun)**

Definition: It refers to very bad weather conditions with strong winds and heavy rain or snow.

For example, “We often experience a storm in November.”

The Philippines experiences many storms every year.

## **STREAM (noun)**

Definition: It is a small river that flows on or below the surface of the ground.

This is a stream. There's a stream near our old house.

Rivers are deeper than streams.

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**VALLEY (noun)**

Definition: It is an area of low land between hills or mountains, often with a river or streams running through it. For example, "We walked through valleys to reach his home."

They would like to set off on a long walk in that valley next week.

**PRODUCT (noun)**

Definition: It is something that is made or produced through a process or something that is grown or raised. For example, "We created new products to be sold in the next two months."

Peter doesn't like the products of the XYZ company.

**PROPERTY (noun)**

Definition: It refers to a thing or things owned by someone. It can also be land or buildings.

For example, "We sold all our properties before we left that town."

These books in the room are Jason's property.

## N8 Slides 129 & 130

**JOY (noun)**

Definition 1: It means great happiness or pleasure.

Definition 2: It can also be a thing or person that causes happiness.

For example, "Children always give me so much joy."

There's so much joy you can experience on this holiday whenever you like.

**MISERY (noun)**

Definition: It means great unhappiness. It is the opposite of the word joy.

For example, "The last years of her life were a misery."

Whatever misery you are feeling now; you must live your life.

**ILLNESS (noun)**

Definition: It is a condition in which the body or mind is unable to work as it usually does.

For example, "My mother had a short illness before the holidays."

Visit your doctor immediately whenever you have any illness.

**AID (noun)**

Definition: It refers to help given in the form of food, money, medical supplies, etc., to a country or group of people that are in need.

For example, "International aid for poor children arrived today."

Wherever you are, there's aid from the government to help you after the storm.

**BEARD (noun)**

Definition: It means hair that grows on the lower part of a man's face.

He has a beard.

Whatever you say, I don't like that beard on your face.

**CANCER (noun)**

Definition: It is a serious illness caused by a group of cells in the body increasing in an

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uncontrolled way. For example, "He died from cancer of the bones two years ago."

There's a problem with cancer wherever we go.

### **WOUND (noun)**

Definition: It means an injury to the body, such as a cut in the skin.

For example, "I had a deep wound in my arm after I played basketball yesterday."

Whatever the cause, you must clean that wound now.

### **CULTURAL (adjective)**

Definition: It refers to the way of life of particular people, such as their ordinary habits, their attitudes toward each other, their religious beliefs, etc.

For example, "Our country has a beautiful cultural history."

We must accept our cultural differences, whatever they are.

### **COMMUNITY (noun)**

Definition: It means all the people living in a particular area.

For example, "My friends and I live in the same community."

We have to respect everyone in our community whoever they are.

### **FASHION (noun)**

Definition: It means clothing that is considered to be in style.

For example, "Singers often wear clothes in the latest fashion."

There's a big change in the world of fashion wherever you go.

### **UNION (noun)**

Definition: It means an organization wherein people work together for a common purpose.

For example, "The employees created a union after the boss announced the bad news."

Whoever wants to join this union must register their name.

### **VOTE (verb)**

Definition: To "vote" is to express your choice as one member of a group or to choose someone to have a responsibility in a government or any organization.

For example, "We voted for Mr. Jones to be the manager of our new office in the city."

Whoever he is, I would like to vote for him as the next president of our company.

## **N9 Slides 142 & 143**

### **PUBLICATION (noun)**

Definition: It means a book, magazine, newspaper, or document, in a printed form.

For example, "The publication of his book will be next Sunday."

I would like to grab a copy of this book after its publication.

### **PUBLICITY (noun)**

Definition: It refers to information, articles, or advertisements which attract a lot of interest or attention from people. For example, "His report attracted a lot of publicity."

That news is not the truth; it's just publicity.

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**RECIPE (noun)**

Definition: It is a set of steps telling you how to prepare and cook a particular food, that includes a list of what foods are needed. For example, "I need to follow a recipe whenever I cook."

My mother will cook her new recipe during the holiday season.

**RENT (noun) RENT (verb)**

Definition 1: As a noun, it is an amount of money that you pay regularly for using a house, room, office, etc. that belongs to someone else.

For example, "Apartment rents in this area are very expensive."

She is going to pay the rent for her new office in that building.

Definition 2: As a verb, to "rent" is to pay an amount of money for the use of an apartment, house, business space, etc. For example, "We rented two bedrooms for our long holiday."

Peter is renting a room near his university.

**ROPE (noun)**

Definition: It is a type of very thick string that can be used for tying or pulling things.

This is a rope. We tie something using a rope.

My father used a rope to put our things together at the top of the car.

They used some ropes to put the boxes together.

**RUBBISH (noun)**

Definition: It means trash or garbage.

For example, "They put all the rubbish in a black bag and forgot to throw them away."

There's a pile of rubbish wherever you go in that neighborhood.

**SALARY (noun)**

Definition: It is a fixed amount of money paid to someone for the work they do.

For example, "The employees didn't get their salary for this month."

Sally has to confirm her salary with the manager before the weekend.

**SAMPLE (noun)**

Definition: It is a small amount of something which shows what the rest is or should be like.

For example, "The owner of the shop brought ten samples of his new product."

We need a sample of your product before we buy it.

**SCENE (noun)**

Definition: It is part of a play or movie in which the action stays in one place for a continuous period. For example, "The first scene of the movie is taken near a river."

The last part of the movie is the best scene for me.

**SERVICE (noun)**

Definition: It means work done or help provided, especially for the public or for a person or an organization. For example, "The service in this restaurant is disgusting."

He has given his honest service to the company for ten years.

**SHELF (noun)**

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**Definition:** It is a piece of furniture used for putting things on.

This is a shelf. We use a shelf to hold objects or to keep them.

We made a big shelf for my old photographs and magazines.

Mark must get a new shelf for the books he purchased yesterday.

## N10 Slides 171 & 172

### **JAM (noun)**

**Definition:** It is a sweet sticky food made from boiled fruit and sugar that is usually spread onto bread. Jam is sweet. We put some jam on our bread.

Why don't we put a little jam in our sandwich?

### **HONEY (noun)**

**Definition:** It is a sweet, sticky yellow, or brown food made by bees.

We put honey on our bread. We can also use honey in cooking.

I don't like honey on my bread; I like jam.

Why don't we go to the shop and buy some honey?

### **IRON (noun)**

**Definition:** It is used for making tools, machinery, etc.

The Eiffel Tower is made of iron.

Let's put this iron outside the house.

### **ITEM (noun)**

**Definition:** It means a particular thing that is part of a list or a collection of things, or considered as one among others of its type.

For example, "There are many school items on the table such as pens, pencils, books, etc."

What about buying that item you have in your hand?

### **KEY (noun)**

**Definition:** It is used to open something, such as a door, or to start something, such as a car engine.

This is a key.

For example, "I lost my car keys when I went to the shop this morning."

Let's use my keys to open that door.

### **LID (noun)**

**Definition:** It is a cover that can be lifted or removed from a container.

This is the lid of this container.

For example, "The lid fell on the floor while I was opening the cup."

How about opening this lid for me?

### **ALARM (noun)**

**Definition:** It refers to a warning signal such as a loud noise or flashing light that gets your immediate attention. For example, "I use my phone as an alarm every morning."

Shall we set the alarm now?

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**BATTERY (noun)**

Definition: It is something that produces electricity to provide power for radios, cars, toys, etc.

For example, "We need to buy a new car battery."

What about inserting this battery into your phone?

**CAMERA (noun)**

Definition: It is used to take photographs, make films, or record images.

This is a camera.

For example, "I will buy a new camera this weekend for my next holiday."

Let's go to Japan with my new camera.

**CARPET (noun)**

Definition: It is a thick material for covering floors. This orange carpet is expensive. For example, "My mother bought a new carpet in that new shop."

Shall we use this carpet in the winter season?

**CASH (noun)**

Definition: It refers to money in the form of bills and coins.

These are all my cash.

For example, "My dad gave me some cash to buy the items I need."

Let's get some cash before buying this ticket.

# R.E.M.S. METHOD

## N11 Slides 186 & 187

**POUND (noun)**

Definition: It refers to the standard unit of money in the United Kingdom and some other countries. For example, "My parents gave me 100 pounds for my birthday."

Jake bought this book for only a pound.

**STICK (noun)**

Definition: It is a thin piece of wood.

The dog is carrying a stick.

For example, "There are many sticks on the ground."

Marie used a stick to reach those boxes up there.

We need to get more sticks to make a fire.

**STRING (noun)**

Definition: It is like a thin rope used for putting things together or for tying them.

This is a piece of string.

For example, "I found a piece of string inside the old box."

She used a string to put those pieces of paper together.

**STRUCTURE (noun)**

Definition: It means something built, such as a building, a house, or a bridge.

For example, "This place is very famous for its creative structures."

This old house has an extraordinary structure.

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**TEMPERATURE (noun)**

Definition: It refers to the measured amount of heat in a place or the body.

There was an increase in temperature this morning.

The temperature today is colder than yesterday.

**TILE (adjective)**

Definition: It is a flat, thin, usually square piece of material used for covering floors, walls, or roofs.

The floor is covered with tiles.

For example, "A tile on the wall was broken after the storm."

We need to buy new tiles for the floors at home.

**TITLE (noun)**

Definition: It is the name of a book, movie, play, song, or work of art.

For example, "Films nowadays get their titles from books or songs."

I must create a dramatic title for this book.

She forgot the title of that wonderful movie she watched last year.

**STROKE (noun)**

Definition: It means a movement of a pen or pencil when writing, or by a brush when painting.

This a stroke of a pen.

For example, "With a stroke of his pen, the manager signed the document."

I can see that he writes fast from the strokes of his pen.

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**TOOL (noun)**

Definition: It is something that helps you do a job, especially something that you use with your hands to make or repair something. A hammer is an example of a tool. For example, "My dad bought new tools to make this table."

You need to get some tools outside the house to repair this chair.

**TUNE (noun)**

Definition: When something is in "tune", it means one that is pleasant to listen to, just like a piece of beautiful music on the radio, the piano, etc. For example, "John sings in tune."

That's a really beautiful tune on the radio.

The girl in the show is out of tune.

**WAGE (noun)**

Definition: It means an amount of money that is paid to an employee, especially for each hour.

For example, "Peter got his wage for eight hours this week."

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The employees received a reasonable wage from their previous company.

**WEB (noun)**

Definition: It is the system of connected documents on the internet. We find some information about anything on the web.

Some examples and commonly used webs are Google, Yahoo, YouTube, etc.

He's searching for the information he needs on the web.

**TAP (noun)**

Definition: It controls the flow of water. It is the synonym of the word "faucet".

Water is flowing out from the tap.

For example, "She turned on the tap while I was washing my hands."

Everyone must turn off the tap after using it.

**CUT SOMETHING OUT (phrasal verb)**

Definition: To "cut something out" is to remove something or form a shape by cutting, usually from paper or cloth. For example, "Sally cut his picture out from the magazine."

She was cutting the picture out when the woman arrived.

**WOOL (noun)**

Definition: It is the soft, thick hair that grows on the bodies of sheep and some other animals.

Some clothes are made of wool, such as jackets, coats, hats, gloves, etc.

She is wearing a jacket made of wool.

This jacket is made of wool.

R.E.M.S. METHOD

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