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# H1 Slides 1 & 2

## **POINT (verb)**

*Definition: If you point at a person or thing, you hold out your finger towards them in order to make someone notice them.*

I am pointing to the left.

I am pointing to that picture.

I use my finger to point at the table.

She will point at the picture.

## **FOLLOW (verb)**

*Definition 1: If you follow advice or an instruction, you act or do something in the way that it indicates.*

Point to the left please. (Let the student act.) You have just followed what I said.

The students follow what the teacher says.

*Definition 2: If you follow someone who is going somewhere, you move along behind them because you want to go to the same place.*

He followed her into the house.

Follow me please. I'll show you the way.

Your dog will follow you.

## **PLAY (verb)**

*Definition: If you play with an object, you keep moving it or touching it with your fingers*

They will play with the ball tomorrow.

## **ACT (verb)**

*Definition 1: If you act, or act a part in a play or film, you have a part in it.*

Angelina Jolie acts in movies.

She wants to act as a princess on stage.

I like to act as a rich person on movies.

I will act on the stage as Juliet.

*Definition 2: It also means to do an action.*

I have to think before I act.

My father will act fast to come home early.

## **BUY (verb)**

*Definition: If you buy something, you pay money for it.*

(Show your watch) I bought this watch from a shop.

I bought my clothes from the mall.

(Show your pen) I bought this pen for \$1.

Her mom will buy the clothes

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### **PAY (verb)**

*Definition: When you are giving somebody money for buying things from them, you are paying.*

(Show a pen) I bought this pen for \$1. I paid \$1 for this pen.

My sister will pay for our food on Sunday.

Her mom will buy and pay for all the clothes.

### **PAY (noun)**

*Definition: As a noun, the word "pay" means the money that workers get from working.*

The workers get their pay on the 15th of every month.

She receives good pay from her job.

### **FLY (verb)**

*Definition: When a bird flies, it moves through the air.*

The bird is flying in the sky.

The plane will fly to New York.

The plane will fly tonight.

## **H2 Slides 14 & 15**

### **TEAR (verb)**

*Definition: If you tear paper, you pull it into two pieces.*

She is tearing a piece of paper.

My cousin tore the letter into two.

### **SPEND (verb)**

*Definition: When you spend money, you pay money for things that you want.*

I have to spend 500 yen to buy a new book.

She spent the money I gave her.

### **STORE (verb)**

*Definition: When you store things, you put them in a place and leave them there until they are needed.*

Bottles of seasoning are stored in the shelf.

My shoes are clean because I store them inside the box.

We will use the big basket to store our food.

### **SWEEP (verb)**

*Definition: To sweep means to clean a place using a broom.*

I sweep the floor every morning.

The floor is dirty. Please sweep the floor.

The students are sweeping the floor.

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**PAINT (verb)**

*Definition: If you paint a wall or an object, you cover it with paint.*

The man painted the wall yellow.

Yesterday, Mr. Jones painted that wall and swept the floor.

## H3 Slides 28, 29, & 30

**ORANGE (noun)**

*Definition:*

The children are eating oranges.

**STRAWBERRY (noun)**

*Definition:*

She bought the strawberries in the supermarket.

**TOMATO (noun)**

*Definition:*

My nephew likes tomatoes.

**VEGETABLE (noun)**

*Definition: Vegetables are plants that we can cook and eat.*

Vegetables are good for the body.

**JUICE (noun)**

*Definition: Juice is the liquid that comes from a fruit or a vegetable. For example, orange juice, strawberry juice and vegetable juice.*

I eat toast and drink a glass of tomato juice for my breakfast.

**SALAD (noun)**

*Definition: If we cut and put different fruits together, we can make a "fruit salad". If we cut and put different vegetables together, we can make a "vegetable salad."*

I like fruit salad more than vegetable salad.

**TOAST (noun)**

*Definition:*

We usually eat toast for our breakfast.

I eat toast for my breakfast.

**SOUP (noun)**

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**Definition:** We make “soup” by cooking vegetables and meat together in a very hot water.

I love eating chicken soup on rainy days.

The soup is delicious.

### **WINE (noun)**

**Definition:** Wine is an alcoholic drink which is made from grapes.

We can order wine in bars and restaurants.

My friends and I drank five bottles of red wine.

### **COOKIE (noun)**

**Definition:** A cookie is a sweet food that is small and has a round shape.

Somebody ate my cookies!

### **SAUSAGE (noun)**

**Definition:**

We put sausage in our sandwich.

We usually eat sausage at breakfast together with eggs, rice, and a cup of coffee or tea.

I ate sausages and eggs this morning.

### **SUGAR (noun)**

**Definition:** Sugar is used to make food and drinks sweet.

We put sugar in our coffee to make it sweet.

## **H4 Slides 58 & 59**

### **KISS (verb)**

**Definition:** The boy is kissing his mother. We kiss the people who are dear to us like our friends, parents, brothers, sisters, etc.

Mother kissed her on the cheek.

Father kisses us on the forehead before we sleep.

### **WELCOME (verb)**

**Definition:** If you welcome someone, you greet them in a friendly way when they arrive somewhere.

It is a pleasure to welcome you to our home.

We welcomed our visitors with a warm smile.

### **DEAR (adjective)**

**Definition:** “Dear” can be used when you like or love the person and he is important to you.

I love my mother. She is very dear to me.

She is my good friend. She is a dear friend of mine.

She's so dear to me!

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### **HUG (verb)**

**Definition:** We kiss and hug the people who are dear to us like our friends, parents, brothers, sisters, etc.

My sister hugged our little brother.

Jessa welcomed her brother with a hug.

### **WAVE (verb)**

**Definition:** We wave our hand when we say "Hi!", "Good Morning" "Goodbye" etc. to other people.

I need to go to school now. Bye!

Anna said goodbye to my friends before going home.

I sometimes wave my hand to say 'hi'.

## **H5 Slides 69, 70, 71, & 72**

### **AWAY (adverb)**

**Definition:** I don't live with my family. (Create a gap between your hands) I live away from my family.

She lives away from her family.

### **NEAR (preposition)**

**Definition:** (Get closer to the student or to the screen) I'm coming near to you now. Please come near to me. (Let the student get closer to you.)

I live near the park.

### **NEARLY (adverb)**

**Definition:** The word "nearly" means the same as "almost". For example, I have worked here for 11 months. I have worked here for almost one year. I have worked here for nearly one year.

The time now is 2:45. It's nearly 3:00.

### **FARTHER (adverb)**

**Definition:** (Create a gap between your hands) "I live far from the park. (Create a "bigger" gap between your hands) My parents live farther from the park."

I can't walk any farther.

### **UP (adverb)**

**Definition:** (Look up) I'm looking up at the light.

The sun comes up in the morning.

The price of the gasoline went up.

### **POINT (noun)**

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**Definition:** A point is a particular place or area.

The market is the place between the yellow building and the red school. The market is the "point" between the yellow building and the red school.

From the blue school to the shop, the yellow building is the nearest point.

They drove and reached this point of the town.

**NORTH (noun) SOUTH (noun) EAST (noun) WEST (noun)**

**Definition:** North, South, West and East are the four cardinal points in a map.

The market is in the center of the town.

The house is to the "north" of the market.

The university is to the "south" of the market.

The yellow building is to the "west" of the market.

The red school is to the "east" of the market.

North, South, East and West are the four cardinal points.

Amy will go south for her vacation.

**PERHAPS (adverb)**

**Definition:** We use the word "perhaps" when we are not sure about something.

I am not sure if he will come tomorrow or not. Perhaps he will come tomorrow."

Perhaps going to the theater together is fun.

**PREFER (verb)**

**Definition:** We use the word "prefer" when we like a thing more than another thing.

I like coffee. I like tea. I like coffee more than tea. I prefer coffee to tea.

I prefer red to pink.

## H6 Slides 83, 84, & 85

**ANYWHERE (adverb)**

**Definition:** We use anywhere when we are emphasizing that it could be any of a large number of places.

There are many seats available. You can sit anywhere.

I am looking for my pen. I couldn't find my pen in the kitchen, in the room or in my office. I couldn't find it anywhere.

He loves food; he eats anywhere.

**PARK (noun)**

**Definition:** A "park" is a place with wide ground. Children play in the park. People can relax and exercise in the park.

She enjoys walking in the park every day.

**STATION (noun)**

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**Definition:** A “station” as in “gasoline station” is a place where we buy oil for our car.

We stopped at the gasoline station last night.

**CENTRAL (adjective)**

**Definition:** The market is at the central part of this town.

I pass the central park on my way to school.

**DOWNTOWN (noun)**

**Definition:** Downtown means the central part of a city or town.

We can see big malls and buildings downtown.

She works downtown.

I bought this bed downtown.

**NEARBY (adverb)**

**Definition:** Nearby is the opposite of the word “far”.

Now we are at the market. Let's go to the bar nearby.

My sister was sitting at a nearby table.

Anna parked her car nearby.

**NORTHERN (adjective) SOUTHERN (adjective) WESTERN (adjective) EASTERN (adjective)**

**Definition:** They are the adjectives of “north, south, west and east”.

My office is on the northern side of the building.

The southern girl was really beautiful.

It's dangerous to travel in the western part of the town.

Japan is in Eastern Asia.

## H7 Slides 110, 111, & 112

**ABOVE (adverb)**

**Definition:** Above means at or to a higher place. Look at the light above.

The stars are shining above.

**AHEAD (adverb)**

**Definition:** Ahead means “in front”. For example, Europe is ahead. If you drive farther, you will arrive in Europe. I was walking behind my brother. My brother was walking in front of me. My brother was walking ahead of me.

I can see the building from here. I can see the building ahead.

The policeman was standing on the road ahead.

**CENTER (noun)**

**Definition:** “Center” means the middle point or part of something.



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The nose is the center of our face.  
We have to meet at the center of the room.

**MIDDLE (noun)**

Definition: "Middle" has the same meaning as "center".

The car stopped in the middle of the road.

**CORNER (noun)**

Definition: By corner, we mean the place inside a room or a box where two sides join. This is the corner of the room.

I'm standing in the corner of this room.

Dad put the piano in the corner.

**BOTTOM (noun)**

Definition: Bottom means the lower or the lowest part of something. (Touch your lower lip) This is my bottom lip. I want the book at the bottom of the pile.

His bottom lip was redder than his upper lip.

**NEXT (adverb)**

Definition: If one thing is next to another thing, it is at the other side of it. The yellow house is next to the green house.

I am sitting next to a tall lady wearing a white dress.

**INSIDE (adverb)**

Definition: As an adverb, the word "inside" has the similar meaning to "indoors". We are now inside.

We had to move inside when it started to rain.

They are waiting for us inside.

**OUTSIDE (adverb)**

Definition: The opposite word of "inside" is "outside". It's warm outside.

We can see the sun and the clouds outside.

Children are playing outside.

**DOWNSTAIRS (adverb)**

Definition: "Downstairs" means "down the stairs, on or to the lower floor". The boy runs downstairs to open the door.

We usually cook and eat our food downstairs.

We go inside the house from downstairs.

Mom ran downstairs to open the door.

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## H8 Slides 121, 122, & 123

### FREE (verb)

Definition: If you free someone or an animal, you let it go, for example, by opening the cage.

I free my pet bird because it wants to fly.

I free the chicken from the cage because it's dying!

### FORM (verb)

Definition: To form a shape means to make a shape using things like sticks and paper. You can also make shapes using any parts of your body.

I am forming a triangle.

Why is the lady forming a heart with her hands in the air?

### MATCH (verb)

Definition: If we "match" things, we mean we use things that would look good together.

I want to match my white shirt with a black jacket because they look good together.

Her blouse and skirt didn't match. It didn't look good.

Women sometimes match the color of their shoes with their bags.

### ORDER (verb) ORDER (noun)

Definition: The word "order" can be a noun or a verb. It means to ask for something to eat or drink in a restaurant. It can also mean the action or the food and the drink that you ask for.

(As a verb) I want to order pasta for my dinner.

We ordered 5 hamburgers each because we were really hungry.

(As a noun) We have to pay for our order before we leave the restaurant.

There were 5 orders of coffee.

### SPELL (verb)

Definition: To spell a word is to say or write the letters of the word in the correct order. For example, I spell my name - \_\_\_\_\_.

Let's spell the word "love" – L, O, V and E.

We spell "tall" with two l's.

### ADD (verb)

Definition: If you add one thing to another, you put it in the other thing.

I added more vegetables to my lunch.

We add sugar to our coffee because we like it sweet.

### DISTURB (verb)

Definition: If you disturb someone, you say or do something to them, stop what they are doing and upset them. The sign says "Do not disturb." Somebody may be working inside and he doesn't want anybody to enter the room.

Don't disturb me when I'm working.

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The man made some noises and it disturbed me.

The noise outside disturbs my sleeping baby.

### **CAUSE (verb)**

*Definition: To cause means to make something happen.*

My brother is giving me problems. My brother caused me problems.

There was an accident because the car was too fast. The car caused the accident.

The cold weather caused my illness.

### **DIRECT (verb)**

*Definition: To direct someone means we tell or show him the way to a place.*

Could you direct me to the new office? I forgot the direction.

The officer directed us to the toilet.

### **LAY (verb)**

*Definition: To lay means to change into a lying position. To lay something at a place means to put something in a lying position.*

I lay my book on the table.

I lay in my bed at night when I go to sleep.

His secretary laid the books on the table because they were heavy.

# R.E.M.S. METHOD

## H9 Slides 133, 134, & 135

### **AGREE (verb)**

*Definition: If people agree with each other about something, they have the same opinion about it.*

Water has no color. (Thumbs up) I agree.

It's a good idea. (Thumbs up) I agree with you.

The boss is going to agree with that because the result was good.

### **DISAGREE (verb)**

*Definition: The opposite of the word "agree" is "disagree".*

What you said is not true. I don't agree with you. I disagree with you.

I want to cut my hair short, but my mother disagrees.

The president is going to disagree with the invitation.

### **DECIDE (verb)**

*Definition: If you decide to do something, you choose to do it, usually after you have thought carefully.*

I am hungry so I decided to eat in the restaurant.

I have to decide on what to eat for my lunch.

We are going to decide what to do this summer.

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**DEPEND (verb)**

*Definition: "To depend on someone" means to need the help of other people.*

I ask money from my parents because I don't have work. I depend on my parents for money.

The students need a teacher in school. The students depend on their teacher for learning. They are going to depend on their parents for money.

**DETERMINE (verb)**

*Definition: To determine something means to decide about something after getting a lot of information. Now, I need to determine which way to go.*

After many years, the doctors will perhaps determine the medicine for cancer. The officer is going to determine the truth.

**EXPRESS (verb)**

*Definition: To express means to say or to talk about your thoughts and feelings.*

It's easier for me to express my thoughts through speaking than writing. You are going to express your thoughts through writing.

**HELP (verb) HELP (noun)**

*Definition: If you help someone, you make it easier for them to do something. As a noun, the word help simply means the action of helping others.*

(As a verb) My father was painting the house. It was not easy. So, I helped him.

(As a verb) An elderly lady carried a heavy bag. The boy helped her.

I'm going to help my mom at home this weekend.

(As a noun) Thank you for your help!

(As a noun) I need your help.

Help from you is important.

**REMEMBER (verb)**

*Definition: If you remember people or things from the past, you still have an idea of them in your mind.*

I can't find my purse anywhere. I don't remember where I put it. Ah! I remember. It's in my car.

He remembers few English words he learned yesterday.

The farmer is going to remember all your help.

**FORGET (verb)**

*Definition: To forget has the opposite meaning. If you forget something or forget how to do something, you cannot think of it or think how to do it.*

I don't remember his name. I forgot his name.

We are going to forget all these problems tonight.

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### **TRY (verb) TRY (noun)**

**Definition:** The word "try" can be a verb or a noun. If you try to do something, you want to do it and you take action. As a noun, it means the action of trying to do something.

(As a verb) I don't know if I can come but I'll try.

(As a verb) The test is difficult but I will try to answer all questions.

(As a verb) I'm not an early bird, but I will try my best to get up early tomorrow.

I'm going to try my best to speak in public.

(As a noun) I did not pass the test. I will have a second try. I will take the test again.

(As a noun) The test is difficult but I will answer all questions. I will give it a try.

It was a nice try! Keep it up!

## **H10 Slides 162, 163, & 164**

### **COMPLETE (verb)**

**Definition:** If you complete something, you finish making or doing something.

I am done with my high school. I completed my high school.

I am done writing my story last night. I completed my story last night.

We completed all the needed materials to build this house.

### **COMPLETELY (adverb)**

**Definition:** It has the same meaning as "totally". When we do something completely, it means we do it 100%.

"I am completely covering my face." (Cover your face with your hands.)

"He painted all the parts of the house. He completely painted his house."

She completely forgot their anniversary because she was so busy.

### **CONTROL (verb)**

**Definition 1:** As a verb, the word "control" means to be able to use machines. I control the light by turning it on and off.

Our friend controls the plane.

**Definition 2:** It also means to have power over someone or something

He controls his family business.

Don't let money control your life."

Some parents try to control their children.

### **FIGHT (verb) FIGHT (noun)**

**Definition:** As a verb, to fight means to hurt one another or to try hard to get something. As a noun, it means the act of fighting.

(As a verb) When I was a child, I always fought with my brother.

(As a verb) The workers fought for their pay.

Soldiers fought bravely in a war.

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(As a noun) The player, Josh, won the fight.

(As a noun) I never win in our fights.

The fight between Manny Pacquiao and Floyd Mayweather was great!

### **CREATE (verb)**

*Definition: To create something means to cause it to happen or exist. It also means to invent or design something.*

He can create a fight out of anything.

She is creating a beautiful painting.

The bridge was created five years ago.

### **CREATION (noun)**

*Definition: "Creation" means the action of creating or the things that we create.*

I love the paintings he made. I love his creations.

The creation of this theater took three years to complete.

### **KILL (verb)**

*Definition: To kill an animal or a person means to end their lives.*

People kill animals for food.

Car accidents have killed many people.

Little John threw a stone and killed the bird.

### **DESTROY (verb)**

*Definition: To destroy something means to damage it so badly that it no longer works or exists.*

The man broke my window. He destroyed my window.

The big fire destroyed many houses.

The fire destroyed the village.

### **SHOOT (verb)**

*Definition: If someone shoots a person or an animal, they kill them or injure them by firing a gun.*

A hunter kills animals by shooting them.

The man shot a passerby. He was caught by the police.

A man was shot last night.

### **GENERALLY (adverb)**

*Definition: We use the word "generally" when something is common for a person or for a group of people. It has a similar meaning as often.*

I usually wake up early. I sometimes wake up late. I generally wake up early.

People generally think Paris is a beautiful city.

We, generally, don't like going to school.

### **INSTEAD (adverb)**

*Definition: We use the word "instead" when we change our decision or action.*

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He didn't answer my questions. Instead, he turned around and left the room.  
There were two bags. I preferred the yellow bag but it was expensive. So, I bought the red bag instead.  
Books are not fun. Let's play basketball instead.

## H11 Slides 178 & 179

### **BOTHER (verb)**

*Definition 1. If someone bothers you, they talk to you when you want to be left alone or interrupt you when you are busy. For example, don't bother me. I'm sleeping.*

He always bothers me with simple questions.

*Definition 2. If something bothers you, or if you bother about it, it worries, annoys, or upsets you.*

We are all bothered by this problem.

### **CONSIDERATION (noun)**

*Definition: The noun of the verb "consider" is "consideration". It means the act of considering.*

Before buying a house, we should think carefully. We should make considerations.

A house near a school should be a consideration.

### **DEFINE (verb)**

*Definition: When we "define" a word, we give the meaning of that word.*

What is the meaning of the word 'noun'? How do you define the word 'noun'?

A verb is defined as an action word.

### **DEFINITION (noun)**

*Definition: A definition is a sentence giving the meaning of a word or expression, especially in a dictionary.*

The definition of the word "noun" is a word that refers to a person, a place or a thing, a quality or an activity.

The definition of the word "verb" is "action word".

### **ENSURE (verb)**

*Definition: To ensure something, or to ensure that something happens, means to make certain that it happens.*

He will make sure that they will win. He ensures that they will win.

She studies hard to ensure her good future.

She always locks the door to ensure safety.

### **EXPECT (verb)**

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**Definition:** When we expect something, we believe or hope that something will happen at a certain time in the future.

I ordered pizza. I expect it to be delivered after 30 minutes.

We will be expecting to see you on my birthday.

### **EXPECTATION (noun)**

**Definition:** "Expectation" is the noun of "expect". Your expectations are your strong hopes or beliefs that something will happen or that you will get something that you want.

My expectation to win did not happen."

The expectation for the team to win is high.

### **PREFERENCE (noun)**

**Definition:** "Preference" is the noun of "prefer". It means a greater interest in something.

I have a preference for Italian food.

My preference is for ice cream, not chocolate.

### **BACK (adverb)**

**Definition:** If you go back somewhere, you return to where you were before.

I went to the beach last summer. I want to go back to the beach this summer again.

I forgot my car key so I went back to my office.

It's time to go back home.

### **BADLY (adverb)**

**Definition:** We use the word "badly" if we want something very much.

I am tired from work. I badly need rest.

They badly need water now.

### **AROUND (adverb)**

**Definition:** You use "around" to say that something happens in different parts of a place or area. It is similar to "everywhere".

I went to many shops inside the mall because I want to buy a bag. I was looking around to buy a bag.

Those little boys like running around in the park.

## **H12 Slides 192 & 193**

### **REFER (verb)**

**Definition:** To refer to something means to find information from dictionaries, books, internet, etc.

I refer to the dictionary to know the meaning of a word.

### **REFERENCE (noun)**



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**Definition:** It means the materials that we refer to.

I always bring my dictionary for reference at school.  
She used my notes as a reference.

### **REMIND (verb)**

**Definition:** When we “remind” someone, it means we make that person remember something or not forget something.

I always forget to wear my ID. The good thing is that my mother always reminds me.  
My mom reminds me to take my medicine every day.

### **HOPE (verb) HOPE (noun)**

**Definition:** Hope can be a verb or a noun. When we “hope”, we want something to happen or to be true. As a noun, it is something that we wish for.

(As a verb) I want to go out but it's raining. I hope it will stop soon.

I hope that she will remember me.

(As a noun) I know I will get the job. I am full of hope that I will get the job.”

He never loses hope.

### **HOPEFULLY (adverb)**

**Definition:** We use the word “hopefully” to express what you hope will happen.

There will be a meeting tomorrow. Hopefully, the manager will be with us.  
Hopefully, they can finish that today.

### **HOPELESS (adjective)**

**Definition:** When we say something is “hopeless”, we mean it has no chance of becoming better.

I don't think the computer will work anymore. It's hopeless.

This basketball team is hopeless; they won't win the game.

### **RISE (verb) RISE (noun)**

**Definition.** As a verb, the word “rise” means to go up or go higher. As a noun, it means the action of going upper or increasing.

(As a verb) The water in the river is rising.

The sun rises in the east.

(As a noun) There is a small rise of water in the river.”

We are watching the rise and fall of the waves.

### **CERTAIN (adjective)**

**Definition:** The word “certain” means the same as the word “sure”.

She is sure that she had locked the door before she left. She is certain that she had locked the door before she left.”

I am certain that he will pass the exam.

### **CERTAINLY (adverb)**

**Definition:** The adverb of the adjective “certain” is “certainly”.

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My best friend invited me to their house. I will certainly come.  
Maria certainly didn't want to be late for work.

### **REMOVE (verb)**

*Definition 1: To remove something from a place means to take it away from a place. I'm going to remove the dirt from the table.*

I want to clean my table. I want to remove all my things on the table.  
They removed the big mirror in the library.

*Definition 2: To remove clothes means to take away anything you are wearing.*

I am removing my jacket/shirt.  
Please remove your shoes before you go inside the house.

## **H13 Slides 226, 227, & 228**

### **LOSE (verb)**

*Definition: When we "lose" something, it means we cannot find that thing.*

I always lose my pen because I always forget where I put it.  
Don't lose your money!

### **ALLOW (verb)**

*Definition: To allow means to let someone to do something or to let something to happen.*

The teacher did not let the students go out of the classroom. The teacher did not allow the students to go out of the classroom.  
My boss did not allow me to go home early from work.  
The police did not allow us to get in.

### **OCCUR (verb)**

*Definition: If an idea "occurs" to us, it means the idea just came into our minds.*

It just occurred to me that I forgot to lock my house!  
It never occurred to me to look for another job.  
It occurred to me that he was the right man.

### **RESULT (verb)**

*Definition: The word "result" means to happen because of something else that happened first.*

Eating too much causes stomach pain. Eating too much results in stomach pain.  
Not studying results in failing.

### **SUCCEED (verb)**

*Definition: The words "to succeed" means to do well in an activity.*

They succeeded in completing the building.  
You have to work hard if you want to succeed.

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He will succeed in this business.

**SUCCESS (noun)**

*Definition: The noun of the verb "succeed" is "success".*

Work hard so you could enjoy your success later.

Her success made her rich.

**FAIL (verb)**

*Definition: The words "to fail" means not to succeed.*

She did not succeed in getting the first prize. She failed in getting the first prize.

They failed the test.

**APPLY (verb)**

*Definition: If you apply something to a surface, you put it on or rub it into the surface.*

I am putting paint on the wall. I am applying paint on the wall.

Some women like to apply lipstick on their lips.

Bob slowly applied paint on the wall.

**MEAN (verb)**

*Definition 1. If you want to know what a word or an action means, you want to know what it refers to.*

In my country, if I shake my head, it means I disagree.

*Definition 2. If you say that someone meant to do something, you are saying that they did it deliberately.*

I didn't mean to step on your feet. It was just a mistake.

She didn't mean to hurt her friend.

**MEMORY (noun)**

*Definition: The things that you remember such as information, experiences, and people are called "memories". Memory can also be the ability to remember things.*

I had a good memory of my best friend.

Old people easily lose their memories.

She has a good memory.

**POWERFUL (adjective)**

*Definition: A person who can control other people or things can be described as "powerful".*

She is powerful because she has a lot of money.

The president is the most powerful person in the workplace.

The prince is very powerful.

**REALIZE (verb)**

*Definition: When you "realize" something, it means you quickly understand what you didn't know before.*

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I picked up the wrong bag. When I got home, I realized that it wasn't my bag!  
I realized that I needed to learn more things in life.  
I realized that I needed more money for today.

## H14 Slides 238 & 239

### **ACTUALLY (adverb)**

*Definition: The word "actually" is another word for "really".*

I don't know what really happened last night. I don't know what actually happened last night.

I didn't tell my mom but I actually need money now.

Actually, I need a shower now.

### **ACT (verb)**

*Definition: When you act, you do something for a particular purpose.*

He did bad things in the past. He acted wrong in the past.

After their fight, they acted like nothing happened.

He acted crazy in the bar!

### **REPLY (verb) REPLY (noun)**

*Definition: The word "reply" can be either a verb or a noun. It is similar to the word "answer".*

(As a verb) I sent an email to my boss yesterday. He replied to the email today.

(As a verb) If someone says "Hi!", we can reply to them with "Hello!".

She replied with a sweet smile.

(As a noun) My sister did not reply to my email. I did not receive any reply from her.

The reply was short and direct.

### **TRANSLATE (verb)**

*Definition: To translate means to express the same meaning in a different language.*

'Good morning' means 'Magandang Umaga' in Filipino. I just translated the words 'Good Morning' into Filipino.

They tried translating the words from English to French.

### **SHOUT (verb)**

*Definition: To shout means to say something in a very big voice.*

Someone shouted 'Fire!' and everyone went out of their houses.

My mom hates shouting in the house.

### **ANYWAY (adverb)**

*Definition 1. It is used when adding something to support an idea or argument.*

The dress is too expensive and anyway it doesn't suit you.

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**Definition 2.** *It is also used when something true is said and we think it is not a big deal.*

The food in that restaurant is cheap and it's not far from here, anyway. (The distance is not a big deal. It's acceptable.)

I don't ask for money, anyway.

### **CHARGE (verb)**

**Transition:** *To charge for something means to ask money as a price for something.*

She charged him \$20 for that bag.

### **STEP (verb)**

**Definition:** *To step on something means to put your foot on or in something.*

My foot hurts because someone stepped on it.

He was brought to the hospital because he stepped on a nail.

I remember stepping on that small flower.

### **ADVISE (verb)**

**Definition:** *When we "advise" someone, we mean we give them suggestions on what they should act or do.*

I suggest you do exercise every day. I advise you to do exercise every day.

My sister advised helping other people.

### **PERMIT (verb)**

**Definition:** *The word "permit" is the same as "allow".*

His boss allowed him to leave early. His boss permitted him to leave early.

You are not permitted to smoke inside the school.

My teacher permits talking for 30 minutes.

### **REQUIRE (verb)**

**Definition:** *If you require something or if something is required, you need it or it is necessary.*

Learning English needs a lot of reading and practice. Learning English requires a lot of reading and practice.

The job requires working 6 days a week.

## **H15 Slides 251**

### **HIGH (adjective)**

**Definition:** *a long way above the ground*

The tree is very tall! I need to climb high to get to the top.

My daughter is jumping high with the other children.

### **HIGHLY (adverb)**

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**Definition:** The word “highly” is the adverb of the adjective “high”. It means at a high level.

He has a highly paid job.

She is a highly respected doctor because she helps everyone in the hospital.

The food was highly priced.

Artists are highly respected.

### **FULLY (adverb)**

**Definition:** The word 'fully' is the adverb of the word “full”. It means completely.

I bought a car and only paid half of its price. I haven't fully paid for the car.

I can fully explain my ideas in my own language but not in English.

I am fully aware of the situation here in the office.

### **BET (verb)**

**Definition:** If you say that you “bet” someone or something is true or will happen, you mean that you are certain that it is true or will happen.

I'm sure they didn't know about my secret. I bet they didn't know about my secret.

I bet they will win the match.

### **HALF (adverb)**

**Definition:** The word “half” means not completely.

The door is not completely open. The door is half open.

The meat was half cooked!

## **H16 Slides 262 & 263**

### **CHANGE (VERB)**

**Definition 1:** to become different, or to make something different

The traffic light changes.

**Definition 2:** to replace a thing with another thing

My phone is broken. I need to change my phone. I'll replace it with a new one.

**Definition 3:** to change direction

We can use the wind to change the direction of the boat.

**Definition 4:** to exchange

Do you mind changing our seats?

**Definition 5:** to put on different or clean clothes

Now the boy is changing clothes.

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**Definition 6.** to go from one bus, train, etc. to another

I'm going to fly to Cebu from Shanghai, but I need to change planes in Manila.

# R.E.M.S. METHOD