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# G1 Slides 1 & 2

## **COUNT (verb)**

*Definition: if you say the numbers in order*

1, 2, 3, 4, 5 - I'm counting.

He is able to count the numbers six to ten in the book.

## **EQUAL (adjective)**

*Definition: As an adjective, the word "equal" means the same number.*

I have 2 pens, and you have 2 pens, so we have equal pens.

They are able to cut the paper into two equal parts.

## **EQUAL (verb)**

*Definition: As a verb, an example of the word "equal" is five plus five equals ten.*

Four plus four equals eight.

## **FIGURE (noun)**

*Definition: The word figure can be a number, a shape or a thing.*

Show 2 things/objects to the student: I'm holding 2 figures in my hands.

Point 3 things/objects on the wall: There are 3 figures on the wall.

The students are able to draw two figures of animals.

## **MAIN (adjective)**

*Definition: The word "main" means the most important.*

For example, our main office is in Japan.

We are able to read the main part of the book.

## **PAIR (noun)**

*Definition: When we say "pair", we mean two things that are the same.*

I have a pair of shoes.

She is able to buy a pair of glasses.

## **SPELLING (noun)**

*Definition: It is forming words with the correct letters in the correct order.*

The correct spelling of the word chair is "C-H-A-I-R".

Sam is able to write the correct spelling of the word table.

# G2 Slide 18

## **AGO (adverb)**

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**Definition:** When we say “ago” it means the time before now.

For example, I arrived here 20 minutes ago.

**OFTEN (adverb)**

**Definition:** By the word “often” it talks about something that happens several times.

For example, I often spent my holiday at the beach.

We often took the train two years ago.

**DAILY (adjective)**

**Definition:** It is happening on or relating to every day.

Another word for every day is “daily”.

For example, I go to school daily.

She calls me daily.

**DATE (noun)**

**Definition:** The date today is \_\_\_\_\_.

They always have a hard time remembering dates.

**FUTURE (noun)**

**Definition:** The word “future” means something that will happen later.

For example, I will go to Paris one year later. I will go to Paris in the future.

We often think about traveling in the future.

**FUTURE (adjective)**

**Definition:** It is happening or existing in the future

For example, my future plan is to have my own house.

They always ask me about my future plans.

**LUNCHTIME (noun)**

**Definition:** The time in the middle of the day when most people eat a meal.

For example, I eat lunch at lunchtime.

I always drink coffee at lunchtime.

**QUARTER (noun)**

**Definition:** The time now is 6:45 A.M. The time now is quarter to 7 A.M.

I usually go to bed at quarter to 10 p.m.

**SHORTLY (adverb)**

**Definition:** It means soon or happening only a short period of time after something.

For example, I take a walk shortly after dinner.

My mother often takes a walk shortly after lunch

**TOMORROW (adverb)**

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**Definition:** It's the day after today.

(Say the day today) Today is \_\_\_\_.

(Say the day tomorrow) Tomorrow is \_\_\_\_.

For example, I will go shopping tomorrow.

We sometimes think about what will happen tomorrow.

### **TONIGHT (adverb)**

**Definition:** It means in the evening or during the night of today.

I will sleep early tonight.

I will not call him tonight.

## **G3 Slide 31**

### **ALONE (adjective)**

**Definition:** When you are "alone", you are not with any other people.

For example, he was all alone in the theatre.

I was alone at home and without any money.

### **CAREFUL (adjective)**

**Definition:** It is giving a lot of attention to what you are doing so that you do not have an accident, make a mistake, or damage something.

For example, I drive my car slowly. I'm a careful driver.

We have to be careful with our things.

### **CAREFULLY (adverb)**

**Definition:** The adverb of the word "careful" is "carefully".

For example, I carefully drive my car.

They carefully went to the park with the baby.

### **CONCERN (noun)**

**Definition:** It is a matter that causes feelings of worry or uncertainty.

For example, I don't want my friend to be sad. My concern is my friend's feeling.

My concern is that I don't have a job.

### **CONCERNED (adjective)**

**Definition:** The adjective of "concern" is "concerned".

For example, he's concerned about his job.

They were concerned about going home without me.

### **ENCOURAGE (verb)**

**Definition:** "To encourage" means to make someone more likely to do something, or to make something more likely to happen.

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For example, if I say you should study English more, it means I encourage you to study English more.

He encourages me to travel without you.

### **ENCOURAGING (adjective)**

*Definition: The adjective of encourage is "encouraging". It's making you feel more confident to do something.*

For example, I feel happy when I hear encouraging comments from my parents.

I watched an encouraging movie with my friends.

### **ENJOY (verb)**

*Definition: "To enjoy" means to be happy.*

For example, I enjoyed watching the movie Harry Potter.

She wants to enjoy the holiday with her family.

## **G4 Slides 60 & 61**

### **EXPRESSION (noun)**

*Definition: It is the act of saying what you think or showing how you feel using words or actions.*

Some examples of expressions are happy, sad, etc.

He has a happy expression.

### **MOOD (noun)**

*Definition: When we say "mood", it means the way that someone feels.*

I'm in a happy mood now.

They were in a bad mood yesterday.

### **PAIN (noun)**

*Definition: It is a feeling of physical suffering caused by injury or illness.*

I can feel some pain in my arm.

I felt some pain in my head.

### **SUFFER (verb)**

*Definition: "To suffer" means to feel something bad.*

For example, I didn't suffer from pain.

The team suffered because they lost the game.

### **TEAR (noun)**

*Definition: When we suffer from pain or scared of something, sometimes tears will fall from our eyes.*

I saw the tears in her eyes.

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**SCARED (adjective)**

*Definition: It is a feeling of being frightened.*

*Shake your hands and pretend to cry, and say:* I shake and tears fall from my eyes when I'm scared.

He is scared of dogs.

**THANKS (noun)**

*Definition: If someone will give us something, we usually give them thanks.*

We gave thanks to our teachers.

**THOUGHT (noun)**

*Definition: It is the act of thinking about or considering something, an idea or opinion, or a set of ideas about a particular subject.*

For example, I think you are a good person. My first thought about you is that you are a good person.

She had nice thoughts about you.

## G5 Slides 73 & 74

**BACK (noun)**

*Definition: This is the back part of my body.*

She never felt any pain in her back.

**HEART (noun)**

*Definition: This is the heart.*

(Touch the left side of your chest) Our heart is on the left side of our body.

My father never had a problem with his heart.

**CUT (noun)**

*Definition: As a noun, "cut" means something made by cutting.*

For example, a cut of meat, a cut of vegetables, etc.

*2<sup>nd</sup> Definition: A cut can also mean "a cut on the skin." (Act as if you have a cut on the skin)*

For example, I have a big cut on my finger so I need to go to the hospital.

Has she ever had a cut on her left finger?

**DRUG (noun)**

*Definition: If we suffer from body pain, we need to buy and take drugs to feel better.*

Has he ever bought a drug for his body pain?

**HEALTH (noun)**

*Definition: This is the condition of the body to which it is free from illness.*

For example, we need to eat vegetables, fruits, etc. to have good health.

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Has she ever felt good about her health?

**HEALTHY (adjective)**

*Definition: It means you are strong and well. The adjective of the word health is "healthy".*

For example, I eat healthy food every day.

Have they ever enjoyed a healthy life?

**CARE (noun)**

*Definition: It is the process of protecting someone or something and providing what that person or thing needs.*

For example, parents show their care for their children by giving them what they need.

He never forgot to care for his family.

**CARE (verb)**

*Definition: "To care" means to be interested in something or someone.*

For example, he cared about his studies.

They never cared about the news on TV

**DEATH (noun)**

*Definition: When we say "death" it means the end of life.*

For example, I'm scared of death.

She never talked about the death of his father.

## G6 Slides 87 & 88

**LIP (noun)**

*Definition: These are lips.*

She talks a lot and bites her lower lip.

**THROAT (noun)**

*Definition: This is my throat.*

Her throat is in pain after singing.

**SKIN (noun)**

*Definition: This is the skin.*

I'm touching my skin.

The girl on TV has beautiful skin.

**STOMACH (noun)**

*Definition: This is a stomach.*

(Touch your stomach) This my stomach.

(Show as if your stomach is painful) I can feel some pain in my stomach.

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Her stomach is full.

**MUSCLE (noun)**

*Definition: Our muscles are under our skin.*

I can feel some pain in my muscle.

They have strong muscles.

**SELF (noun)**

*Definition: The word "self" means who you are.*

For example, yesterday, I drank a lot of beer. I wasn't myself. Now, I'm feeling better, and I'm back to my old self again.

She gives love to herself.

**MEDICINE (noun)**

*Definition: It is a treatment for illness or injury. Another word for drug is "medicine".*

For example, don't forget to take your medicine after eating.

She will buy some medicine this afternoon.

**MEDICAL (noun)**

*Definition: It is an examination of a person's body by a doctor in order to discover if that person is healthy, sometimes done before a person can be accepted for a particular job.*

For example, he studied medicine in school for medical reasons.

He did not work yesterday because of a medical reason.

## G7 Slides 118 & 119

**BORN (verb)**

*Definition: The word "born" means to exist.*

I was born on \_\_\_\_\_.

Could I ask when was she born?

Could I tell him the day you were born?

**HOLIDAY (noun)**

*Definition: When we say "holiday" it's a day when you can relax and you don't need to go to work.*

For example, I will go to Australia on my holiday.

Can I ask for a holiday this week?

Can I ask for the dates of the holidays this year?

**SPEECH (noun)**

*Definition: If someone is having his/her speech in front of the people, we need to be quiet and listen to them.*



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Could I change my speech tomorrow?  
Could I have the subject for my speech?

**TICKET (noun)**

*Definition: It is a small piece of paper or card given to someone, usually to show that they have paid for an event, journey, or activity.*

For example, we need to buy a ticket before we can watch a film or a show at the theatre.

**SHOW (noun)**

*Definition: A "show" is a performance in a theatre, a movie, or a television program.*

For example, The Oprah Winfrey Show, a fashion show, etc.

Can I get more tickets for the show?

Can I ask what time is the show tomorrow?

## G8 Slides 132 & 133

**COMMUNICATION (noun)**

*Definition: When we say "communication", it means a way of sending messages to someone or something by the use of technology, etc.*

For example, we need to have a good communication to send messages to each other.  
The communication was good.

**COOL (adjective)**

*Definition: When we say "cool", it means not warm or hot.*

For example, many people love cool weather. The weather is cool in September to December in Japan.  
She likes cool weather.

**COUNCIL (noun)**

*Definition: A "council" is a group of people who do things together.*

For example, the city council needs to prepare for the activity.  
He is part of the council.

**DISTRICT (noun)**

*Definition: "A district" means an area of a country, city, or town.*

For example, I live in the 5th district of this town.  
She lives in the first district of this town.

**LANGUAGE (noun)**

*Definition: It is a system of communication used by humans.*

For example, you are studying English now because you want to learn the English language.

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During our lesson, it is not good to speak in the Japanese language.  
He speaks five languages.

**POWER (noun)**

*Definition: It's an ability to control people and events.*

For example, in the class, the teachers have the most power so the students should listen to them.

My father has the most power at home.

**GOD (noun)**

*Definition: We go to church and pray to our God.*

They know their god.

**RELIGION (noun)**

*Definition: It is the belief in and worship of a god or gods, or any such system of belief and worship.*

For example, some examples of religions are Christianity, Islam, Catholicism, Hinduism, etc.

In our religion, we believe in God.

She doesn't know his religion.

**RELIGIOUS (adjective)**

*Definition: The adjective of the word religion is "religious". It means you strongly believe in God.*

For example, the religious people go to church every day.

His parents are religious.

**TROUBLE (noun)**

*Definition: It means problems.*

For example, if we don't want to have problems, we need to stay away from trouble.

The trouble in the city is that there are too many cars.

**TRUTH (noun)**

*Definition: When we say "truth", it means something that is true.*

For example, I need to say the truth to my parents.

She wants to know the truth.

**WAR (noun)**

*Definition: The word "war" means a fight between two or more group of countries.*

For example, soldiers fight in a war.

We don't like war.

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## G9 Slides 148 & 149

### **FIELD (noun)**

*Definition: By the word "field", we mean an open area of land without trees and buildings.*

For example, I can see the children playing in the field.

We can see some flowers in the field.

The field has beautiful flowers.

### **MOUNTAIN (noun)**

*Definition: It is much larger than a hill.*

Mt. Everest is the highest mountain in the world.

There are mountains above the field.

### **SKY (noun)**

*Definition: It is where clouds, the sun, etc. can be seen.*

We can see the sun in the sky during the day.

The sky is blue today.

### **SHINE (verb)**

*Definition: It is to reflect light.*

The sun shines in the sky in the morning.

The sun shines above the mountains.

### **MOON (noun)**

*Definition: It is the round object that moves in the sky around the earth and can be seen at night.*

We can see the moon in the sky during the night.

You can see the moon in the sky.

The sun and the moon are in the sky.

### **NATURE (noun)**

*Definition: When we say "nature", we mean all the things around us which are not made by people like mountains, moon, sky, etc.*

The nature is beautiful here.

## G10 Slides 181 & 182

### **SNOW (noun)**

*Definition: It is the small, soft, white pieces of ice that sometimes fall from the sky when it is cold.*

For example, we can see snow falling from the sky in some countries in winter.

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The snow is always white in winter.

**WAVE (noun)**

*Definition: We can see big waves in the sea when the weather is bad.*

The sea waves are strong today.

**FIRE (noun)**

*Definition: It is something that produces smoke and used to warm up a place.*

People in cold countries use fire to keep themselves warm.

We use fire at home in winter.

**GAS (noun)**

*Definition: It is a substance in a form like the air that is neither solid nor liquid.*

For example, we can have a fire with the use of gas.

We need some gas at home.

**LOCAL (adjective)**

*Definition: When we say "local people", we mean people from an area, city or town.*

The local people are very kind.

**EASTERN (adjective)**

*Definition: The word "eastern" means the east part of an area.*

It's hot in the eastern part of the Philippines.

**SOIL (noun)**

*Definition: It is the material on the surface of the ground in which plants grow.*

For example, we grow flowers, trees, vegetables, etc. in the soil.

We dig the soil in our garden.

## G11 Slides 196

**AGREEMENT (noun)**

*Definition: The noun of the verb agree is "agreement". It means other people have the same thoughts as you and agree with yours.*

For example, we need to ask for an agreement.

The two companies had an agreement.

**COMMENT (noun)**

*Definition: By the word "comment", it means something that you want to say to someone or something.*

For example, they didn't like the movie so they give bad comments.

The children gave good comments about the story.

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**DISCUSS (verb)**

*Definition: When we say "discuss", we mean to talk about someone or something with other people.*

For example, we need to discuss the lesson.  
We discussed how to take care of nature.

**EMAIL (verb)**

*Definition: When we say "email", we mean sending a message by the use of computers, mobile phones, etc.*

For example, I emailed my brother yesterday.  
He emailed his mother yesterday.

**DESCRIPTION (noun)**

*Definition: The word "description" means something that tells you what something is like.*

There is a lake near my house. You can find many trees at the back of our house.  
The color of our house is blue. I'm giving you the description of the place where I live.  
He gave a description of his city.

**EXPLAIN (verb)**

*Definition: "To explain" means to make something easy or clear to know.*

For example, he can't explain the description of his town.  
He can't explain everything to his father.

**INFORM (verb)**

*Definition: "To inform" means to tell someone about something.*

For example, I told my friend about my plans for the weekend. I informed my friend about my plans for the weekend.  
She wants to inform you about the meeting tomorrow.

**INVITE (verb)**

*Definition: It is to ask or request someone to go to an event.*

For example, let's go swimming this weekend. I'm inviting you to go swimming this weekend.  
They invited us to go swimming this afternoon.

## G12 Slides 208

**MENTION (verb)**

*Definition: "To mention" means to talk or write about something or someone.*

For example, he forgot to mention the issues in his speech.  
She often mentions that she loves teaching.

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**PROMISE (verb)**

*Definition: "To promise" means to tell someone that you will do something.*

For example, I will promise my parents that I'll study hard.

He promised not to be late again.

**PROMISE (noun)**

*Definition: It is the act of saying that you will certainly do something.*

For example, I will study hard to get good grades. That's a promise.

They made a promise to each other.

**PROVE (verb)**

*Definition: "To prove" means to show that you are able to do something.*

For example, I will prove to my parents that I can keep my promise.

She proved to us that she can do the job.

**REACT (verb)**

*Definition: To react is to respond or behave in a particular way in response to something.*

For example, I shake when I'm scared. That's how I react.

The students reacted to the teacher's discussion.

**REACTION (noun)**

*Definition: The noun of the verb react is "reaction". It is a feeling experienced in response to a situation or event.*

For example, they like his reaction to the speech.

Their reaction to the game was bad.

**USE (verb)**

*Definition: It means to put something such as a tool, skill, or building to a particular purpose.*

For example, I use a knife to cut vegetables. I use a pencil to draw.

We always use a pen and paper during exams.

## G13 Slides 234

**ACCOUNT (noun)**

*Definition: It refers to a record or statement of a customer in a certain shop.*

For example, I'm a regular customer in his shop, so I have an account in his shop.

I have an account in his shop.

**APPLICATION (noun)**

*Definition: The noun of the verb apply is "application". It is an official request for something, usually in writing.*

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For example, he wants to see your application.  
He is considering her application as a teacher.

**ACTIVITY (noun)**

*Definition: When we say "activity", we mean something that is done to enjoy and learn.*

For example, we need to think of an interesting activity for kids.  
They had a fun activity at school yesterday.

**AMOUNT (noun)**

*Definition: It refers to a quantity of money.*

For example, when we buy a house, we need to have a big amount of money.  
We need a big amount of money to go there.

**AVAILABLE (adjective)**

*Definition: If someone is available, they are not busy and therefore able to do something.*

For example, I'm free now. I can go with my friends if they will invite me. I'm available to go with my friends if they will invite me.  
The doctor is available now.

**CAUSE (noun)**

*Definition: The word "cause" means the reason why something happens.*

For example, I didn't study hard last night, so I failed the exam. "I didn't study" is the cause.  
This chair is the cause of the pain in my back.

**BEAUTY (noun)**

*Definition: The word "beauty" means being beautiful.*

Angelina Jolie is beautiful. Her beauty is excellent.  
The beauty of nature gives a good feeling.

**BET (noun)**

*Definition: It refers to the amount of money that you risk on the result of an event or a competition.*

For example, in some sports matches, some people try to make bets in order to get money.  
He made a bet on the game.

**BUDGET (noun)**

*Definition: When we say "budget", we mean the amount of money available to spend.*

For example, we need that budget for this show.  
We don't have a budget for this activity.

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# G14 Slides 245

## **CHANCE (noun)**

*Definition: An occasion that allows something to be done.*

For example, we will have a big chance to pass the exam if we study hard.

He has a chance to study in Japan.

## **CHARGE (noun)**

*Definition: By the word "charge", it means the price of something.*

For example, we need to pay the charge.

The charge for one ticket was \$10.

## **EFFECT (noun)**

*Definition: It is the result of a particular influence.*

For example, the effect of eating healthy food is good body condition.

The effect of daily exercise is a healthy body.

## **ENERGY (noun)**

*Definition: It is the power and ability to be physically and mentally active.*

I cook today.

I read books.

I work today.

I do a lot of things today because I have energy.

We get our energy from the food that we eat.

We get energy from food.

## **IDEA (noun)**

*Definition: It is a suggestion or plan for doing something.*

For example, I don't know what is going to happen about tomorrow's activity. I don't have any idea about tomorrow's activity.

I have an idea about the exam tomorrow.

## **IDEAL (adjective)**

*Definition: The adjective of the word idea is "ideal".*

For example, Hawaii is my ideal place to visit.

My town is the most ideal place to live.

## **INFORMATION (noun)**

*Definition: It is a fact about a situation, person, event, etc.*

For example, I need to ask for some information about yourself, like your name, age, etc.

We asked for some information from the police.



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# G15 Slides 256

## **LEVEL (noun)**

*Definition: When we say "level", we mean someone's ability compared to other people.*

For example, the exam can be taken at three levels.

The level of the student is high.

## **LIST (noun)**

*Definition: It is a record of short pieces of information.*

I need to write the things that I need in the supermarket such as milk, juice, food, etc.

I need to make a list before going to the supermarket. I always make a list before doing something.

He gave me the list of students.

## **MISTAKE (noun)**

*Definition: By the word "mistake", we mean something that is wrong or not right.*

For example, we almost got the same mistake in our English test.

I made a mistake in my science exam yesterday.

## **PROBLEM (noun)**

*Definition: A "problem" is something that gives us difficulty.*

For example, I don't have money. That is my problem.

People usually go to bars to drink when they have problems.

My father has a problem with his job.

## **TURN (noun)**

*Definition: It is an opportunity or a duty to do something at a particular time or in a particular order, before or after other people.*

For example, before you can get your form, you must wait for your name to be called because it means it's your turn.

He waited for his turn.

## **RESPECT (noun)**

*Definition: It is the politeness, honor, and care shown towards someone or something that is considered important.*

I do the things that my parents want me to do: I study hard, I sleep early, etc. I say "thank you" to my parents. I say sorry to my parents when I do bad things. I respect my parents.

She gave respect to her mother and father.

## **STEP (noun)**

*Definition: When we say a "step", we mean an action that we do to be better into something.*

For example, studying hard is the first step to getting good scores.

He made the first step to learning English.

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**VOLUME (noun)**

*Definition: It refers to the level of sound produced by a television, radio, etc.*

For example, if we are watching television and we can't hear it clearly, we need to make the volume higher.

The volume of the radio is high.

# R.E.M.S. METHOD