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D1 Slides 1 & 2

WATER (noun)

Definition: Water is a colorless liquid we use for drinking, taking a bath, etc.

We drink water to live.

I drink 8 glasses of water every day.

She drinks a glass of water.

SUGAR (noun)

Definition: Sugar is sweet and either white or brown.

I add sugar to my tea.

She adds sugar in her tea.

SALT (noun)

Definition: Salt is salty and white.

I add salt to my food.

There is salt on the table.

SHEEP (noun)

Definition: A sheep is an animal.

The plural of "sheep" is sheep.

We say one sheep, two sheep etc...

I saw five sheep in the street.

TREE (noun)

Definition: This is a tree.

I saw five big trees.

D2 Slide 11

FACE (noun)

This is the face.

HEAD (noun)

This is the head.

NOSE (noun)

This is the nose.

MOUTH (noun)

This is the mouth.

NECK (noun)

This is the neck.

HAIR (noun)

This is the hair.

LIP (noun)

This is the lip.

TONGUE (noun)

This is the tongue.

EYES (noun)

These are the eyes.

EARS (noun)

These are the ears.

TOOTH (noun)

This is the tooth.

The plural of "tooth" is "teeth".

We say one tooth, two teeth etc...

M.S. METHOD

D3 Slides 24 & 25

BODY (noun)

This is the body.

KNEE (noun)

This is a knee.

LEG (noun)

This is a leg.

TOE (noun)

This is a toe.

FOOT (noun)

This is a foot.

The plural of "foot" is "feet".

We say one foot, two feet etc...

FINGER (noun)

This is a finger.

HAND (noun)

This is a hand.

ARM (noun)

This is an arm.

SHOULDER (noun)

This is a shoulder.

VOICE (noun)

Definition: Voice is the sound produced by humans.

Hello (student's name).

I am speaking to you.

This is my voice.

It's her voice; it's hers.

REMS METHOD

D4 Slides 55, 56, & 57

CITY (noun)

Definition: Tokyo, Paris, London, Milan etc. are cities.

She lives in the city.

WORLD (noun)

Definition: World is the place where people live. Its shape is round.

We live in the world.

People and animal live in the world.

TAXI (noun)

Definition: A "taxi" is a car that carries a person from one place to another place.

This is a taxi.

There are taxis in the city.

ACROSS (adverb)

Definition: It's from one side to the other of (a place, area, etc.)

The university is across the market.

The stage is across the blue school.

There is a market across the street.

ROUND (adverb)

Definition: It means in a circular direction.

I want to go round the house.

The taxi goes round the city.

WEATHER (noun) HOT (adjective) WARM (adjective) COLD (adjective) COOL (adjective)

Definition: Weather means the conditions outside at a particular place and time. Examples of weather are hot, warm, cold, and cool.

In winter, it's cold.

In autumn, it's cool.

In spring, it's warm.

In summer, it's hot.

The weather is hot in summer.

The weather is warm in spring.

The weather is cold in winter.

The weather is cool in autumn.

INTERESTED (adjective)

Definition: When we are interested, we show so much interest to something.

I read 5 English books every day. I am interested in reading English books.

I am interested in learning English

INTERESTING (adjective)

Definition: When something is interesting, it catches someone's attention.

English books for me are interesting.

This subject is interesting.

D5 Slides 65, 66, & 67

SUN (noun)

This is the sun.

The sky is yellow in the picture.

We can see the sun in the sky in the morning.

MOON (noun) STAR (noun)

This is a moon.

These are stars.

We can see the moon and the stars in the sky in the evening.

CLOUD (noun)

This is a cloud.
We can see clouds in the sky.
The sky is blue.
We can see the sun and clouds in the morning.
We can see the moon and the stars in the evening.

CLOUDY (adjective)

Definition: If there are many clouds in the sky, we can call it cloudy.

It's cloudy today.

WIND (noun)

This is a wind.
It's very hot in summer because we can't feel the wind.
It's cool to live in the top of the building because you can feel the wind.
There is no wind today.

WINDY (adjective)

Definition: If there are a lot of wind, we can call it windy.

It's windy at the sea side. It's windy today.

RAIN (noun)

Definition: Rain means water that falls from clouds in the sky.

The rain today is heavy.

RAIN (verb)

Definition: It means rain falls.

It is raining today.

UMBRELLA (noun)

Definition: Umbrella is a thing we use to avoid getting wet from the rain.

We use an umbrella in the rain.

D6 Slides 76, 77, & 78

FLOWER (noun)

This is a flower.

GARDEN (noun)

This is a garden.
We can see flowers in a garden.
There are flowers in my garden.

SMELL (verb)

Definition: We use our nose to smell something.

She smells the flower.

The food smells good.

SMELL (noun)

The smell of the food is good.

I like the smell of the flowers.

RIVER (noun)

Definition: A river is a large, natural stream of flowing water.

An example of a "river" is the Nile. It's the longest river in the world. Shinano is the longest river in Japan.

They love swimming in the river.

SEE (verb)

Definition: We use our eyes for us to see things or people.

The past of the verb "see" is "saw".

I saw her at the school.

LOOK (verb)

Definition: We also use our eyes to look at things or people.

(Do the actions) I'm looking at the book. I'm looking at you.

She is looking at herself in the mirror.

She looked at me.

LAND (noun)

Definition: Land is the solid part of the earth's surface.

We live on the land; we don't live on the sea.

My uncle owns a huge land.

GROUND (noun)

Definition: A "ground" is an area of land like the school ground, football ground, soccer ground etc.

There are flowers on the ground.

DOWN (adverb)

(Do the actions) I'm looking down.

We drive down the road.

GROW (verb)

Definition: To grow is to increase in size.

When a flower grows, it means it becomes bigger or larger.

Flowers grow fast when there is sun and water.

This flower grows in summer.

SEED (noun)

Definition: A seed is the small, hard part of a plant from which a new plant grows.

Flowers grow from seeds.

We put seeds in the ground.

D7 Slides 106 & 107

DOZEN (noun)

Definition: When we say a dozen of eggs, we mean twelve eggs.

We have a dozen of books at home.

CONVERSATION (noun)

I am talking to you.

You are talking to me.

We are having a conversation.

They had a good conversation.

QUESTION (noun)

T: What is your name?

S: My name is _____?

I'm asking you a question.

I have a question.

QUESTION (verb)

Definition: It means to ask questions.

The police questioned the man.

My dad questioned the policeman.

ANSWER (verb)

T: Where do you live?

S: I live in Japan.

I am asking you a question and you're answering my question.

He is answering the questions.

ANSWER (noun)

Definition: It is something spoken or written in reply to a question.

Her answers were clear.

TALK (noun)

Definition: When we say "talk", we mean having a conversation about a subject.

The talk is about the basketball game.
We had a talk this morning.

START (noun)

Definition: The word "start" means the beginning of a thing.

It is also the opposite of the word "end".

The start was difficult.

GROUP (noun)

Definition: When we say "group", we mean a number of people that are together.

She is a member of the first group.

JOIN (verb)

Definition: "To join" means to become a member of a group etc.

I am joining the class.

TEACHING (noun)

Definition: The word "teaching" means the job of being a teacher.

I am a teacher.

Teaching is my job.

She loves teaching.

EXERCISE (noun)

Definition: Some examples of "exercises" are writing exercises and reading exercises.

The students are answering some exercises.

D8 Slides 118 & 119

DRINK (noun)

Definition: Water, coffee, and tea are examples of drinks.

We want cold drinks.

SMILE (verb)

Definition: We smile when we are happy.

I am smiling because I'm happy.

My mom smiled at me.

SMILE (noun)

I like your smile.

I like her smile.

NEED (verb)

Definition: It means to have to do something because it is required.

We need cold drinks

NEED (noun)

Definition: It is a thing that a person must have in order to survive or have a satisfactory life. Food, water etc. are some of our needs.

Does she have needs?

THING (noun)

This is a thing. The name of this thing is a pen.

This is a thing. The name of this thing is a book.

There are about 50 things in this room.

My things are in the bag.

BILL (noun)

Definition: It is a written list showing the cost of items bought or services provided.

After eating in a restaurant, we ask for the bill.

Other examples of bills are telephone bills, cellphone bills, etc.

(TTST) I am asking for the bill.

LIFE (noun)

Definition: Our "life" means our time in this world.

My friend's father has a long life. He is now 90 years old.

(TTST) I want to have a long life.

STORY (noun)

Definition: Harry Potter is a story.

Cinderella, The Tale of Princess Kaguya, Beauty and the Beast, and Momotaro are more examples of stories.

The story of the book is nice.

DIFFICULTY (noun)

Definition: The noun of the word difficult is "difficulty".

There are difficulties right now.

D9 Slides 130 & 131

LIGHT (noun)

Definition: This is a light.

When there is sun in the sky, there is light.

I will not see you if there isn't light in this room.

The big room has no light.

LIGHT (verb)

Definition: To "light" means to produce light that makes an object or area bright or easy to see.

She lights the room.

LITTLE (adjective)

Definition: The adjective "little" means small.

He has a little cat.

A LITTLE (adverb)

Definition: The adverb "a little" means small in size or amount.

I did not drink everything. I only drink a little.

They ate a little.

REST (noun)

Definition: It is a period of time in which you relax, do not do anything, or sleep.

On weekends, I do not have work.

I am taking a rest on weekends.

I had four hours of rest.

KNOWLEDGE (noun)

Definition: When someone has knowledge, it means that he knows a lot about something.

That student has knowledge about the town.

SLOWLY (adverb)

I am walking slowly.

I am writing slowly.

They drive the car slowly.

A BIT (adverb)

Definition: The adverb "a bit" means little. For example, it's a bit cold in here. It's cold but not very cold. It's just a little cold.

It's a bit cold in here.

A BIT (pronoun)

Definition: The pronoun "a bit" means a small amount of something. It is usually followed by "of".

I ate a bit of chocolate.

I could use a bit of help.

OUT (adverb)

(Go out of the room and say:) I'm going out of the room.

The student went out.

CANDY (noun)

Definition: A "candy" is a sweet food made from sugar or chocolate.

My little sister loves to eat candy.

The candy is sweet.

D10 Slides 161 & 162

HEAR (verb)

Definition: When we hear, we listen to someone or something with great attention.

Hello (your name)! You can hear my voice.

I can hear your voice

I heard you talking.

TOUCH (verb)

Definition: To "touch" means to put one's hand or fingers on something in order to feel.

I am touching my face.

I touched the flowers.

TOUCH (noun)

Definition: The noun "touch" means the act of touching someone or something.

I can feel the touch of my hand on my left arm.

My touch is soft.

CATCH (verb)

Definition: To "catch" means to take hold of someone or something that is falling or thrown.

I'm throwing my pen to the air and catching it.

The boy is catching the ball.

SOUND (noun)

Definition: Sound is something that you can hear with your ears.

You can hear the sound of my pen on the table.

I heard sounds from the garden.

SOUND (verb)

Definition: To "sound" means to seem like something, from what is said or written.

Yes! I sound happy at the moment.

It sounds good.

LOVE (noun)

Definition: The word "love" means the act of loving someone or something.

Her love for her pets is great.

BADLY (adverb)

Definition: The word "badly" means in great need.

We badly need an umbrella.

BETTER (adverb)

Definition: When we say better, it means more than the usual.

My friend sings badly when she is sad.

My friend sings better when she is happy.

They sing that song better.

BEST (adverb)

Definition: The word "start" means to begin to do something.

The class starts on Monday.

This sentence means that the very first day of class is on Monday.

The game starts on Monday.

STOP (verb)

Definition: I'm walking.

I am not walking now. I stopped walking.

It stopped raining.

WAKE (verb)

Definition: now in Japan.

She thinks the school is old.

BEGIN (verb)

Definition: To "begin" means to start.

She is starting to cry.

She is beginning to cry.

It's beginning to rain.

EARLY (adverb)

Definition: The word "early" means before the usual time.

For example, "My class starts at 8:30 o'clock. I go to school at 7 o'clock. I go to school early."

I wake up early in the morning.

LATE (adverb)

Definition: The word "late" means after the usual time.

My class starts at 9 o'clock. I go to school at 9:15. I go to school late. I don't go to school early.

He went to school late.

LATER (adverb)

Definition: It's 6 o'clock in the morning, I'll go to your house at 11 o'clock in the morning.

I'll go to your house later.

I saw him later that day.

LAST (verb)

Definition: The word "last" means how long the action has done.

I watch the game for 1 hour.

The game lasts for 1 hour.

The talk lasts for five hours.

LAST (noun)

Definition: When we say "last", we mean after a long time.

For example, "It was not raining for 5 months. It rained yesterday at last!"

It is raining at last!

OF COURSE (adverb)

Definition: We say "of course" when we know that something is right.

For example, "Michael Jordan is tall, of course!"

I speak English, of course!

ALMOST (adverb)

Definition: It means very nearly but not exactly or entirely.

My book cost about 4,900 PHP.

My book is almost 5,000 PHP.

We're almost there.

D11 Slides 171 & 172

START (verb)

Definition: The word "start" means to begin to do something.

The class starts on Monday.

This sentence means that the very first day of class is on Monday.

The game starts on Monday.

STOP (verb)

Definition: To "stop" means not to continue.

I'm walking.

I am not walking now. I stopped walking.

It stopped raining.

WAKE (verb)

Definition: To "wake up" is to open our eyes after sleeping.

I wake up early in the morning.

THINK (verb)

Example:

I think it is (summer) now in Japan.

She thinks the school is old.

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She is beginning to cry.

It's beginning to rain.

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ALMOST (adverb)

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My book cost about 4,900 PHP.

My book is almost 5,000 PHP.

We're almost there.

D12 Slides 184 & 185

CHECK (verb)

Definition: To "check" is to look into something to make sure that something is correct.

I'm looking at the test to see if everything is right.

Or I can say, I'm checking the test.

My teacher checks my exercises.

CHOOSE (verb)

Definition: To "choose" is to pick one or more from a group.

I like these shoes: red shoes and beige shoes.

I only need one pair of shoes.

I want the red shoes.

I choose the red shoes.

I choose that dress.

M.S. METHOD

CONTINUE (verb)

Definition: To "continue" is to keep doing something.

They continued driving on the road.

DROP (verb)

I'm dropping my pen on the table.

She is dropping her book.

END (verb) END (noun)

Definition 1: As a verb, to "end" means to stop.

My class ends at five o' clock.

Definition 2: As a noun, "end" the final part of something such as a book, movie, or piece of music.

The end of the story is good.

FILL (verb)

Definition: To fill is to put something into something.

She fills her glass with water.

PUT (verb)

I'm putting the book on the table.
He put the glass on the table.

SHAKE (verb)

I'm shaking my hands.
My hands are shaking.

HARD (adverb)

Definition: When you do something "hard", you do it with a strong effort.

I work every day from eight o'clock in the morning to eight o'clock in the evening. I am working hard.
I am studying hard.

SANDWICH (noun)

Definition: It is a food with two pieces of bread with food such as cheese, salad, or meat between them.

I ate a sandwich this morning.

CHECK (noun)

Definition: It is an examination to make sure that someone is safe or healthy.

The doctor gives her a check.
She did her first check yesterday.

D13 Slide 215

EXCUSE (verb)

Definition 1: We say "Excuse me" when we want someone to repeat what he/she has just said.

For example, "Excuse me, could you repeat the question?"

Definition 2: We say "Excuse me" when we want to go out of the classroom, when we want to say something to someone, when we want someone to do something, etc.

Excuse me, Could you open the door please?
His boss excused him.

FIND (verb)

Definition: To "find" means looking for something that is missing or to get the things that we are looking for.

For example, I can't find my pen on my bag.
Ah! Here! It's on the table. I found my pen.
She found her pen.

HAPPEN (verb)

The basketball game was yesterday.
Or we can say
The basketball game happened yesterday.
It happened yesterday.

PUNCH (verb)

I'm punching the wall.
He punched the wall.

SIT (verb)

I am sitting on the chair.
I am not standing; I am sitting.
She is sitting behind me.

CONSIDER (verb)

Definition: When we "consider" something, it means we think about it before we do something.
We are considering it this time.

DOUBT (noun) DOUBT (verb)

Definition 1: As a verb, to "doubt" means to not feel sure about something.

For example, I am thinking that Maria is telling us the wrong thing but I am also thinking that she is telling the right thing because she was there when it happened. I am doubting her.
I doubted her knowledge.

Definition 2: As a noun, it is a feeling of not being sure about something.

For example, I have doubts about what Maria told us.
She has no doubts now.

ACTION (noun)

Definition: An "action" is something that a person does.

The girl wakes up early to study. She also washes her clothes. The girl's actions are good.
There was no doubt on her actions.

SORRY (adjective)

Definition: When we feel "sorry", we feel bad because we have caused trouble or difficulty to someone else.

I am sorry.

STRONGLY (adverb)

Definition: The word "strongly" is the adverb of the word "strong".

She spoke strongly to her.

DRIVE (noun)

Definition: A "drive" is a trip in a motor vehicle.

The drive lasts for eight hours.

D14 Slides 226 & 227

RECEIVED (verb)

Definition: When we "receive" something, it means that we get something from a person.

I received your message.

TEST (verb)

Definition: "To test" means to see if a thing (car, bus etc.) is working.

We test the car.

DANCE (noun)

Definition: The word "dance" can also be a noun. For example, I take dance lessons because I want to dance.

There was a dance yesterday.

FALL (verb)

The pen falls from my hand.

The rain falls from the sky.

RETURN (verb)

Definition: To "return" means to go back or come back again or to put something back where it came from.

I returned home from school.

I get this book from the table.

Now, I'm returning the book to the table.

Did you return the book?

STAMP (noun) STAMP (verb)

Definition 1: As a noun, it means a small piece of paper that we put to a letter or a box.

They put a stamp on my letter.

Definition 2: As a verb, it means to put a word, date etc. on a thing.

He stamped the letter with the date.

They stamped my letter.

AGE (noun)

Explanation: I have been living in this world for (24 years). So, my age is (24).

His age is twenty.

LINE (noun)

Explanation: In school, we need to make a line to go to the room.

The line is long.

DIFFERENCE (noun)

Definition: It is the condition of being different from or not like the others.

This book is red. This book is blue.

The difference between these books is the color.

(TTSTS)The difference between these shoes is the color.

EXAMPLE (noun)

Basketball, tennis, and football are examples of sports.

I am giving examples of sports.

The teacher gave five examples.

D15 Slides 234 & 235

CHOICE (noun)

Definition: It is the act of picking or choosing one or more from a group.

I want to eat a sandwich and I also want to eat an egg. But, I need to choose one. My choice is to eat a sandwich.

My choice of food is sweet.

SLEEP (noun)

Definition: Sleep is the natural state of rest in which your eyes are closed, your body is inactive, and your mind does not think.

I slept for 10 hours last night. I had a good sleep last night.

She had a good sleep.

RETURN (noun)

Definition: When we say "return" as a noun, we mean the action of coming back to a place that you were in before.

For example, "On his return to America, he studied again."

Your return is interesting.

WAY (noun)

Definition: It is a road leading from one place to another.

This is the way to the university.

This is the way to the market.

TRUE (adjective)

Definition: The word "true" means it's right.

The class starts at (8:30 o'clock); it's right. It's true.
It is a true story.

FALSE (adjective)

Definition: The adjective "false" is the opposite of true.

For example, "The class starts at (8:30 o'clock); it's true."
The class starts at (12:00 o'clock); it is not true. It is false.
We returned the false documents.

BUILD (verb)

Definition: To "build" means to make something like a house etc.

They are building our house.

KEEP (verb)

I studied my lessons last week and I am still studying my lessons now.
I am keeping myself busy with my studies.
She kept herself busy.

LEAD (verb)

Definition: To "lead" means to show the way to a group of people, animals, vehicles, etc. by going in front of them.

I want to go to the market but I don't know the way to get there.
So, my mom shows me the way to the market. Or My mom leads the way to the market.
The policeman led the way.

ALONG (preposition)

Definition: The preposition "along" means in a line that follows the side of something long.

There are houses built along both sides of the river.
The woman walks along the river.
They walk along the river.

BY (preposition)

Definition: It is used to show how something is done.

When we say "I go home by car", we mean that we go home using a car.
We went home by car.

D16 Slide 263

D17 Slide 274

D18 Slide 284

D19 Slides 313 & 314

CENTIMETER (noun)	METER (noun)	KILOMETER (noun)
MILE (noun)	FOOT(noun)	KILOGRAM (noun)
FEET (noun)	INCH (noun)	GRAM (noun)
LITER (noun)	MILLILITERS (noun)	

Explain:

- 1 meter is equal to 100 centimeters.
- 1 kilometer is equal to 1000 meters.
- 1 kilometer is equal to 0.6214 mile.
- 1 inch is equal to 2.54 centimeters.
- 1 foot is equal to 12 inches.
- 1 kilogram is equal to 1000 grams.
- 1 liter is equal to 1000 milliliters.

The plural of "foot" is "feet".
We say one foot, two feet etc.

METHOD

D20 Slides 324, 325, & 326

PIANO (noun)	GUITAR (noun)	VIOLIN (noun)
DRUMS (noun)	TRUMPET (noun)	

The children are holding their violins on the stage.