

---

## R.E.M.S. A Definition File

A1 Slides 1 & 2 .....	2
A2 Slides 15 & 16 .....	3
A3 Slides 26 & 27 .....	4
A4 Slides 54 & 55 .....	5
A5 Slides 68 & 69 .....	5
A6 Slides 79 & 80 .....	7
A7 Slides 108 & 109 .....	8
A8 Slides 120 & 121 .....	9
A9 Slides 135 & 136 .....	10
A10 Slide 168 .....	12
A11 Slide 177 .....	13
A12 Slides 189 & 190 .....	14
A13 Slides 220 & 221 .....	15
A14 Slide 232 .....	16

R.E.M.S METHOD

---

# A1 Slides 1 & 2

## **PAPER (noun)**

Definition: A thin material made from wood that is used for writing, printing, or drawing on.

This is paper.

## **SHEET (noun)**

Definition: The word "sheet" means a piece of paper.

This is a sheet of paper.

## **PEN (noun)**

Definition: The word "pen" is a long, thin object used for writing or drawing with ink.

This is a pen.

## **WRITE (verb)**

Definition: To write means to put letters or numbers on a sheet of paper.

I write on a sheet of paper.

## **USE (verb)**

Definition: We use a pen to write on a sheet of paper.

## **LISTEN (verb)**

Definition: To listen means to pay attention to (something) using your ears. (point to your ears)

Paper. I said the word "paper" and you listened to me.

## **SAY (verb)**

Definition: To say means to produce words or sounds with one's voice.

Say the word "paper".

## **REPEAT (verb)**

Definition: To repeat means to say or tell people something more than once.

Say the word "paper". I said the word "paper" and you repeated it.

## **SENTENCE (noun)**

Definition: A sentence is group of words that has a complete thought.

"She uses a pen to write." This is a sentence.

## **WORD (noun)**

Definition: A word is a single unit of language that has meaning and can be spoken or written.

This is a word.

## **ADD (verb)**

Definition: The word "add" means to say or write more than what has been said or written.

---

“She uses a pen to write on a sheet of paper.”  
I added the words “on a sheet of paper” to the sentence.

### **CHANGE (verb)**

*Definition: To change means to exchange one thing for another thing, especially of a similar type.*

I write the word “pen”. I write the word “paper”.  
I changed the word “pen” to “paper”.

## **A2 Slides 15 & 16**

### **ALPHABET (noun)**

*Definition: Alphabet is a set of letters used for writing a language.*

This is the alphabet.

### **LETTER (noun)**

*Definition 1: These are letters.*

There are 26 letters of the alphabet.  
The letters of the alphabet are A, B, C, D, E, F, G ...  
We can say “The letters of the alphabet are A, B, C, D, E, F, G, etc. ...”

### **LETTER (noun)**

*Definition 2: A letter is a written message, usually sent through the mail.*

This is a letter. I write a letter for him.

### **ET CETERA (adverb)**

*Definition: Et cetera means “and other similar things”.*

The letters of the alphabet are A, B, C, D, E, F, G, etc. ...

### **VOWEL (noun)**

*Definition: A vowel is a letter that represents a sound.*

The letter A is a vowel.  
The letter E is a vowel.  
The letter I is a vowel.  
The letter O is a vowel.  
The letter U is a vowel.  
The letters A, E, I, O and U are vowels.  
These are the vowel letters.

### **CONSONANT (noun)**

*Definition: A consonant is any letter of an alphabet that is not a vowel.*

The letter B is a consonant.  
The letters B, C, D, F, G, H, J, K, L, M, N, P, Q, R, S, T, V, W, X, Y, Z are consonants.  
The letters B, C, D, etc. are consonants.

---

These are the consonant letters.

### **BEFORE (preposition)**

*Definition: The word "before" means in front of or ahead of.*

The letter A is before the letter B.

The letter F is before the letter G.

The letter O is before the letter P.

### **AFTER (preposition)**

*Definition: The word "after" means following in time, place, or order.*

The letter C is after the letter B.

The letter O is after the letter N.

### **RIGHT (adjective)**

*Definition: The word "right" means correct.*

The letter A is a vowel; it's right.

The letter B is a consonant; it's right.

### **NOT (adverb)**

*Definition: The word "not" is used as a function word to make a negative form of group of words or a word.*

The letter B is a vowel. The sentence is not right.

The letter E is a consonant. The sentence is not right.

## **A3 Slides 26 & 27**

### **COMPUTER (noun)**

This is a computer. A computer is on the table.

### **MIRROR (noun)**

This is a mirror. A mirror is on the table.

### **BOX (noun)**

This is a box. A box is on the table.

### **BAG (noun)**

This is a bag. A bag is on the table.

### **BALL (noun)**

This is a ball. A ball is on the table.

### **BOOK (noun)**

---

This is a book. A book is on the table

**WATCH (noun)**

This is a watch. A watch is on the table.

**TABLE (noun)**

This is a table.

This is a computer.

This is a mirror.

This is a box.

This is a bag.

This is a ball.

This is a book.

This is a watch.

This is a table.

## A4 Slides 54 & 55

**NUMBER (noun)**

*Definition: A number is a basic unit of mathematics used for counting, measuring, etc.*

This is a number.

**ONE (noun) TWO (noun) THREE (noun) FOUR (noun) FIVE (noun)**

**SIX (noun) SEVEN (noun) EIGHT (noun) NINE (noun) TEN (noun)**

This is number 1. This is number 2.

This is number 3. This is number 4. This is number 5. This is number 6.

This is number 7. This is number 8. This is number 9. This is number 10.

one, two, three, four, five, six, seven, eight, nine, ten

**DOT (noun)**

*Definition: A dot means a very small round mark.*

This is a dot. There is a dot after the number 10.

## A5 Slides 68 & 69

**PENCIL (noun)**

*Definition: A pencil is a long, thin tool used for writing or drawing.*

---

This is a pencil.

**COLOR (noun)**

*Definition: This is a color.*

**BLACK (adjective)**

*Definition: Black is the darkest color.*

The color of this pencil is black.

**RED (adjective)**

*Definition: Red is the color of fresh blood or fire.*

The color of this pencil is red.

**YELLOW (adjective)**

*Definition: Yellow is the color of lemon or gold or the sun.*

The color of this pencil is yellow.

**BLUE (adjective)**

*Definition: Blue is the color of the sky without clouds on a bright day.*

The color of this pencil is blue.

**BROWN (adjective)**

*Definition: Brown is the color of chocolate or soil.*

The color of this pencil is brown.

**GREY (adjective)**

*Definition: Grey is a color that is a mixture of black and white, or the color of the sky before it rains.*

The color of this pencil is grey.

Another spelling of grey is gray.

**GREEN (adjective)**

*Definition: Green refers to a color between blue and yellow or the color of grass.*

The color of this pencil is green.

**WHITE (adjective)**

*Definition: White is the color of milk or bone.*

The color of this pencil is white.

black, red, yellow, blue, brown, grey, green, white

---

## A6 Slides 79 & 80

### **DAY (noun)**

*Definition: The word “day” means a period of 24 hours. For example, I spent my whole day doing my math homework.*

Sunday is an example of a day.

### **MONDAY (noun)**

*Definition: Monday is the first day of the week.*

This is Monday.

### **TUESDAY (noun)**

*Definition: Tuesday is the second day of the week.*

This is Tuesday.

### **WEDNESDAY (noun)**

*Definition: Wednesday is the third day of the week.*

This is Wednesday.

### **THURSDAY (noun)**

*Definition: Thursday is the fourth day of the week.*

This is Thursday.

### **FRIDAY (noun)**

*Definition: Friday is the fifth day of the week.*

This is Friday.

### **SATURDAY (noun)**

*Definition: Saturday is the sixth day of the week.*

This is Saturday.

### **SUNDAY (noun)**

*Definition: Sunday is the seventh day of the week.*

This is Sunday.

### **TODAY (noun)**

*Definition: Today means the present day.*

Today is ... (present day).

### **WEEK (noun)**

*Definition: The word “week” means a period of seven days, especially either from Monday to Sunday or from Sunday to Saturday.*

---

The days of the week are Sunday, Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, Friday, and Saturday. There are seven days in a week.

**WEEKEND (noun)**

Definition: The word “weekend” means on Saturday or Sunday, or both Saturday and Sunday. Saturday and Sunday are the days of the weekend.

## A7 Slides 108 & 109

**CLOCK (noun)**

Definition: A clock is a device for measuring and showing the time.

This is a clock.

**O'CLOCK (adverb)**

Definition: The adverb “o'clock” is used after a number from one to twelve to say the time when it is exactly that hour.

It's 6 o'clock in this clock.

**TIME (noun)**

Definition: The word “time” is the movement from past to present to future. It is measured in minutes, days, years, etc.

The time in this clock is \_\_\_\_\_.

**NOW (adverb)**

Definition: The word “now” means at the moment.

The time now is \_\_\_\_\_.

**SECOND (noun)**

Definition: The word “second” is a short unit of time.

There are sixty seconds in one minute.

**MINUTE (noun)**

Definition: The word “minute” means a period equal to sixty seconds.

There are sixty minutes in one hour.

**HOURL (noun)**

Definition: The word “hour” means a period of 60 minutes.

There are twenty-four hours in one day.

**MORNING (noun)**

Definition: Morning means the part of the day from the time when the sun rises or you wake up until the middle of the day or lunchtime.



---

It's 8 o'clock in the morning. Before 12 o'clock, we say "morning".

**AFTERNOON (noun)**

*Definition: Afternoon is the part of the day between noon and sunset.*

It's 3 o'clock in the afternoon. After 12 o'clock, we say "afternoon".

**EVENING (noun)**

*Definition: Evening means the part of the day between the end of the afternoon and night.*

It's 11 o'clock in the evening. After 5 o'clock in the afternoon, we say "evening".

We can say 11 o'clock in the evening or 11 o'clock at night.

## A8 Slides 120 & 121

**EARLY (adjective)**

*Definition: The word "early" means before the usual or expected time.*

It's one o'clock in the morning; it's early.

**LATE (adjective)**

*Definition: The word "late" means happening toward the end of the night or evening.*

It's eleven o'clock in the evening; it's late.

**SCHOOL (noun)**

*Definition: A school is a place where children go to be educated.*

This is a school. QQ English is a school.

**GO (verb)**

*Definition: To go means to travel or move to another place.*

I go to school at six o'clock in the morning.

**LEAVE (verb)**

*Definition: To leave means to go away from someone or something, for a short time or permanently.*

I leave school at five o'clock in the afternoon.

**MEET (verb)**

*Definition: To meet means to come face to face with someone.*

I meet him at school.

**HOUSE (noun)**

*Definition: The word "house" means a building that people, usually one family, live in.*

---

This is my house.

I leave my house at six o'clock in the morning.

**HOME (noun)**

*Definition: Home is the house, apartment, etc. where you live, especially with your family.*

My family lives in this house. This is my home.

I leave home at six o'clock in the morning.

**COME (verb)**

*Definition: To come means to arrive or enter.*

She comes home at seven o'clock in the evening.

**EVERY DAY (adverb)**

*Definition: The adverb "every day" means happening daily.*

I go to school at six o'clock in the morning on Monday.

I go to school at six o'clock in the morning on Tuesday.

I go to school at six o'clock in the morning on Wednesday.

I go to school at six o'clock in the morning on Thursday.

I go to school at six o'clock in the morning on Friday.

I go to school at six o'clock in the morning every day.

**WEEKLY (adverb)**

*Definition: The word "weekly" means happening once a week or every week.*

I go to school at six o'clock in the morning every week. or

I go to school at six o'clock in the morning weekly.

## A9 Slides 135 & 136

**MONTH (noun)**

*Definition: Month is a period of about four weeks and one of the twelve parts of a year.*

There are seven days in a week.

There are four weeks in a month.

**YEAR (noun)**

*Definition: Year is a period of twelve months, especially from 1 January to 31 December.*

There are twelve months in a year.

---

**JANUARY (noun)**

*Definition: January is the first month of the year.*

This is January.

**FEBRUARY (noun)**

*Definition: February is the second month of the year.*

This is February.

**MARCH (noun)**

*Definition: March is the third month of the year.*

This is March.

**APRIL (noun)**

*Definition: April is the fourth month of the year.*

This is April.

**MAY (noun)**

*Definition: May is the fifth month of the year.*

This is May.

**JUNE (noun)**

*Definition: June is the sixth month of the year.*

This is June.

**JULY (noun)**

*Definition: July is the seventh month of the year.*

This is July.

**AUGUST (noun)**

*Definition: August is the eighth month of the year.*

This is August.

**SEPTEMBER (noun)**

*Definition: September is the ninth month of the year.*

This is September.

**OCTOBER (noun)**

*Definition: October is the tenth month of the year.*

This is October.

**NOVEMBER (noun)**

*Definition: November is the eleventh month of the year.*

This is November.

---

**DECEMBER (noun)**

*Definition: December is the twelfth and last month of the year.*

This is December.

The months of the year are January, February, March, April, May, June, July, August, September, October, November, and December.

## A10 Slide 168

**SEASON (noun)**

*Definition: Season is one of the four parts of the year.*

The four seasons of the year are spring, summer, fall, and winter.

**SPRING (noun)**

*Definition: Spring is the season of the year between winter and summer and the weather becomes warmer, leaves and plants start to grow again and flowers appear.*

Spring lasts from March to June in the northern part and from September to December in the southern part.

**SUMMER (noun)**

*Definition: Summer is the season of the year between spring and autumn when the weather is warmest.*

Summer lasts from June to September in the northern part and from December to March in the southern part.

**FALL (noun)**

*Definition: Fall is the season after summer and before winter, when fruits and crops become ready to eat and the leaves fall off the trees.*

Fall lasts from September to November in the northern part and from March to May in the southern part.

British English speakers use "autumn" while American English speakers use "fall".

**WINTER (noun)**

*Definition: Winter is the season between autumn and spring, has the lowest temperatures, and when the weather is the coldest.*

Winter lasts from November to March in the northern part and from May to September in the southern part.

**AMERICA (noun)**

*Definition: America means the United States of America either North America or South America.*

In America, spring is from March to May, summer is from June to August, fall is from September to November, and winter is from December to February.

---

# A11 Slide 177

## **NAME (noun)**

*Definition: Name is a word or group of words by which something or someone is known.*

My name is (teacher's name). My name's (teacher's name)

What is your name? My name's (student's name).

## **THANK YOU (noun)**

*Definition: Thank you is used to tell someone that you are grateful because they have given you something or done something for you.*

How are you today? I'm fine. Thank you!

How are you today? (I'm fine. Thank you!)

## **GREETINGS (noun)**

*Definition: Greeting is something polite that you say or do when you meet or welcome someone.*

It's nice to meet you is an example of a greeting.

We say "Good morning" in the morning.

We say "Good afternoon" in the afternoon.

We say "Good evening" in the evening.

Good morning, good afternoon, and good evening are "greetings".

## **GOOD (adjective) BAD (adjective)**

*Definition: The word "good" means pleasant or enjoyable while the word "bad" means not good.*

Yesterday, my day was good. Today, it's not. It's bad.

The opposite of "good" is "bad".

## **HELLO (noun) HI (noun)**

*Definition: Hello is used when meeting or greeting someone while Hi is used as an informal greeting, usually to people whom you know.*

When someone says "Hello, good morning!", you answer with "Hi, good morning too!"

Hello and hi are also "greetings".

## **LESSON (noun)**

*Definition: A lesson is a period of time in which a person is taught about a subject or how to do something.*

We are having an English lesson today.

## **BEGINNING (noun)**

*Definition: Beginning means the first part of something or the start of something.*

I say "Good morning" to you at the beginning of the lesson.

## **END (noun)**

---

**Definition:** End means the final part of something such as a period of time, activity, or story.

I say "Goodbye" to you at the end of the lesson.

### **GOODBYE (interjection) BYE (interjection)**

**Definition:** Goodbye is used to express good wished when someone is leaving. "Bye" is a short form of goodbye.

We can also say the word "bye" at the end of the lesson.

## **A12 Slides 189 & 190**

### **ASK (verb)**

**Definition:** To ask means to put a question to someone.

What is your name? (My name's \_\_\_\_\_.)

I am asking you for your name.

### **DOOR (noun)**

**Definition:** A door is an opening through which one enters or leaves a room or building.

This is a door.

### **PUSH (verb)**

**Definition:** To push is to use physical force, especially with your hands, in order to move something.

I'm pushing the door.

### **PULL (verb)**

**Definition:** To pull means to hold and move something toward oneself.

I'm pulling the door.

### **OPEN (verb)**

**Definition:** To open means to allow something or someone to pass through.

I'm opening the door.

### **CLOSE (verb)**

**Definition:** To close means to change from being open to not being open.

I'm closing the door.

### **WALK (verb)**

**Definition.** To walk means to move along on foot.

I'm walking. I'm walking to the door.

### **KNOCK (verb)**

**Definition:** To knock means to hit something, producing a noise, using the back of your hand.

---

I'm knocking on the door.

**OWN (verb)**

*Definition: To own means to have something that belongs to you.*

This is my pen. I own this pen.

**CARRY (verb)**

*Definition: To carry means to take something from one place to another.*

I carry my pen to school. I carry my bag to school.

**BRING (verb)**

*Definition: To bring means to take or carry something toward the person speaking, or from one place to another.*

I bring my pen home. I bring my bag home.

**SWIM (verb)**

*Definition: To swim means to move through the water by moving parts of the body.*

I am swimming. I swim every week.

## A13 Slides 220 & 221

**PICTURE (noun)**

*Definition: A picture is a drawing, painting, photograph, etc.*

This is a picture.

**PHONE (noun)**

*Definition: A phone is a device people use to talk to someone in another place.*

This is a phone.

**CELLPHONE (noun)**

*Definition: A cellphone is a wireless telephone which you can bring anywhere.*

This is a cellphone.

In British English they are called mobile phones; in American English, they are called cellphones.

**MESSAGE (noun)**

*Definition: A message is a short piece of information that you send to a person when you cannot speak to them directly.*

There is a message on my phone.

**WALLET (noun)**

*Definition: A wallet is used to hold money, cards, or other personal items.*

---

This is a wallet.

**PURSE (noun)**

*Definition: A purse is a small container for money, usually used by a woman.*

This is a purse.

**MONEY (noun)**

*Definition: Money refers to coins or paper notes of a country used to buy things.*

This is money.

There is money in the purse. There is money in the pocket.

**RADIO (noun)**

*Definition: A radio is a device we can use to listen to songs or news.*

This is a radio. I listen to the radio every day.

**NEWS (noun)**

*Definition: News refers to information or reports about recent events.*

I listen to the news on the radio every day.

**NEWSPAPER (noun)**

*Definition: A newspaper is a set of large sheets of paper that have news stories, information about local events, advertisements, etc.*

This is a newspaper. I read the news in the newspaper every day.

**SOAP (noun)**

*Definition: Soap is a substance used for washing the body or other things.*

This is soap.

**MILK (noun)**

*Definition: Milk is the white liquid produced by cows, goats, and sheep and used by humans as a drink or for making butter, cheese, etc.*

This is a box of milk.

## A14 Slide 232

**DIVIDE (verb)**

*Definition: To divide is to separate into two or more parts or groups.*

I'm dividing a sheet of paper into two.

**CUT (verb)**

*Definition: To cut means to divide or make something smaller.*

I'm cutting the paper.



---

**BREAK (verb)**

Definition: To break means to destroy something.

I'm breaking my pen.

**RUN (verb)**

Definition: To run means to move along, faster than walking.

I'm running.

**COVER (verb)**

Definition 1: As a verb, to cover is to hide something by putting something on top of it.

I'm covering my hands with my book.

**COVER (noun)**

Definition 2. The noun of the verb "cover" is "cover". It means something that is put on another thing.

The cover of this book is color (blue).

# R.E.M.S METHOD