

DAILY ENGLISH

4B

How much is this?



A



B



C



D

Example

☐ 1. How much is this?

☐ 2. How much is that?

☐ 3. How much are these?

☐ 4. How much are those?

Conversation



Sales Clerk: That jacket looks good on you.

Naoto: Do you have this in blue?

Sales Clerk: Yes, they are on sale.

Naoto: **How much is this?**

Sales Clerk: It's only \$30.

Naoto: I'll take it.

Grammar Focus

Demonstrative Pronouns in Questions

How much	+	is	{ this? that?
		are	{ these? those?

These shoes are very expensive.



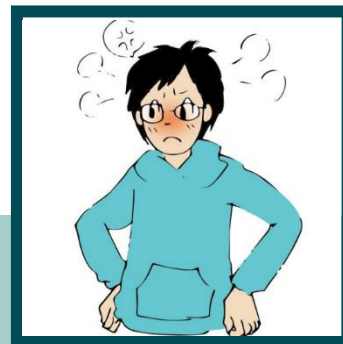
A



B



C



D

Example

☐ 1. These shoes are very expensive.

☐ 2. Canada is fairly big.

☐ 3. My hometown is really crowded.

☐ 4. I am extremely angry.

Conversation



Jennifer: What else do you need to buy?

Naoto: I need a pair of shoes.

Jennifer: How about these?

Naoto: **These shoes are very expensive.**

Jennifer: Let's look for another pair.

Naoto: I think we should.

Grammar Focus

Adverbs before adjectives

These shoes are

Canada is

My hometown is

I am

very

fairly

really

extremely

+

expensive.

big.

crowded.

angry.

You should try some local food.



A



B



C



D

Example

- | | |
|---|--|
| <input type="checkbox"/> 1. You should try some local food. | <input type="checkbox"/> 3. You must wear an ID. |
| <input type="checkbox"/> 2. You have to make a booking. | <input type="checkbox"/> 4. You had better stop working. |

Conversation



- Jennifer:** It's almost lunchtime.
- Naoto:** Let's grab a bite.
- Jennifer:** What do you want to eat?
- Naoto:** I don't know. Do you have any idea?
- Jennifer:** **You should try some local food.**
- Naoto:** Sounds great!

Grammar Focus

**Modals (describing necessity – have to, must)
(giving suggestions – should, had better)**

You	{	should	+	try some local food.
		have to		make a booking.
		must		wear an ID.
		had better		stop working.

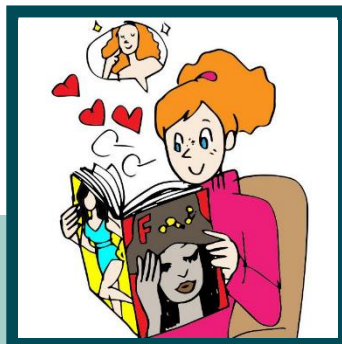
It makes me feel good.



A



B



C



D

Example

- | | |
|---|---|
| <input type="checkbox"/> 1. It makes me feel good. | <input type="checkbox"/> 3. It makes me feel sad. |
| <input type="checkbox"/> 2. It makes me feel excited. | <input type="checkbox"/> 4. It makes me feel jealous. |

Conversation



- Naoto:** Jennifer, what are you reading?
- Jennifer:** I'm looking through this fashion magazine.
- Naoto:** Oh, so you like fashion magazines?
- Jennifer:** Yes, I always try to keep up with the latest trends.
- Naoto:** Who do you look up to for fashion ideas?
- Jennifer:** No one in particular. For me, fashion helps me express myself, and **it makes me feel good.**

Grammar Focus

It makes me feel + adjective

It makes me feel

- good.
- jealous.
- sad.
- excited.

I always meet my friends here.



A



B



C



D

Example

- | | |
|--|---|
| <input type="checkbox"/> 1. I always meet my friends here. | <input type="checkbox"/> 3. I sometimes use the Internet. |
| <input type="checkbox"/> 2. I often drink with my coworkers. | <input type="checkbox"/> 4. I never smoke. |

Conversation



Jennifer: How do you like the food?

Naoto: It's great. I love it.

Jennifer: My friends and I like this restaurant.

Naoto: How often do you meet them here?

Jennifer: **I always meet my friends here.**

Naoto: I'd like to meet them next time.

Grammar Focus

Frequency Adverbs

I	{	always	+	meet my friends here.
		often		drink with my coworkers.
		sometimes		use the internet.
		never		smoke.

It's time for a walk.



A



B



C



D

Example

- | | |
|---|--|
| <input type="checkbox"/> 1. It's time for a walk. | <input type="checkbox"/> 3. It's time for your shower. |
| <input type="checkbox"/> 2. It's time for another vacation. | <input type="checkbox"/> 4. It's time for a change. |

Conversation



Naoto: The food was so delicious. I'm stuffed.

Jennifer: So am I. **It's time for a walk.**

Naoto: Now? I mean, I don't usually take a walk after dinner.

Jennifer: Come on! We have to exercise after eating a lot.

Naoto: Ok... but... Can we walk slowly?

Jennifer: Alright! Let's go!

Grammar Focus

It's time for + noun phrase

- | | | |
|---------------|---|-------------------|
| It's time for | { | a walk. |
| | | another vacation. |
| | | your shower. |
| | | a change. |

I'm interested in sports.



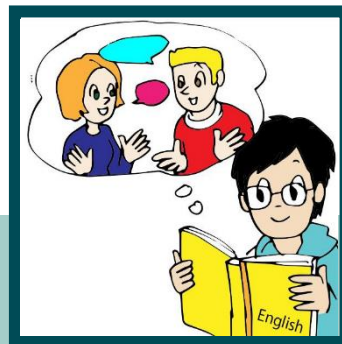
A



B



C



D

Example

☐ 1. I'm interested in sports.

☐ 2. I'm interested in movies.

☐ 3. I'm interested in English.

☐ 4. I'm interested in business.

Conversation



Jennifer: Do you want to play ice hockey?

Naoto: That sounds fun! **I'm interested in sports.**

Jennifer: Good, let's play ice hockey this weekend.

Naoto: I am excited, but I have never played it.

Jennifer: I will teach you. It will be fun.

Naoto: I can't wait!

Grammar Focus

I'm interested in + noun

I'm interested in

sports.

movies.

English.

business.

How high is Mt. Fuji?



A



B



C



D

Example

- | | |
|---|---|
| <input type="checkbox"/> 1. How high is Mt. Fuji? | <input type="checkbox"/> 3. How cold is it in Hokkaido? |
| <input type="checkbox"/> 2. How far is Niagara Falls from here? | <input type="checkbox"/> 4. How big is Japan? |

Conversation



- Naoto:** I'm giving you a picture of Mt. Fuji.
- Jennifer:** Thank you. It's beautiful.
- Naoto:** You're welcome. It's the highest mountain in Japan.
- Jennifer:** How high is Mt. Fuji?
- Naoto:** It's about 3,776 meters or 12,388 feet.
- Jennifer:** Amazing!

Grammar Focus

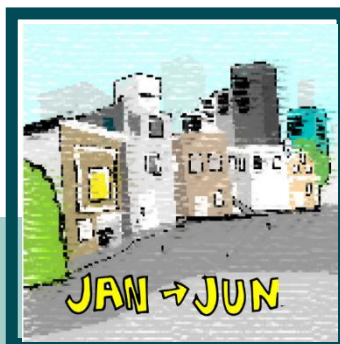
Questions with How + adjective

- | | |
|-------------------------------------|---------------|
| How high is Mt. Fuji? | It's about... |
| How far is Niagara falls from here? | It's about... |
| How cold is it in Hokkaido? | It's about... |
| How big is Japan? | It's about... |

I lived there for ten years.



A



B



C



D

Example

- | | |
|--|---|
| <input type="checkbox"/> 1. I lived there for ten years. | <input type="checkbox"/> 3. I've lived there since 2008. |
| <input type="checkbox"/> 2. I lived there for five months. | <input type="checkbox"/> 4. I've lived there since January. |

Conversation



Jennifer: Where is Mt. Fuji located?

Naoto: It's just west of Tokyo.

Jennifer: Oh, are you from Tokyo?

Naoto: **I lived there for ten years.** It's a busy city.

Jennifer: Really? What was it like living in Tokyo?

Naoto: It was crowded but convenient.

Grammar Focus

Expressions for and since

I lived there	{	for ten years.
		for five months.
I've lived there	{	since 2008.
		since January.

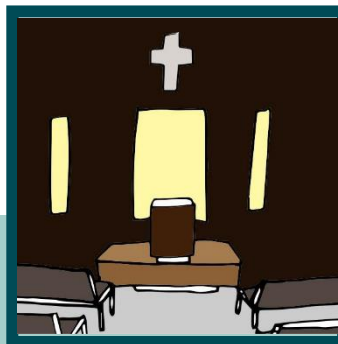
We are on our way to the bus station.



A



B



C



D

Example

- ☐ 1. We are on our way to the bus station. ☐ 3. She is on her way to the office.
☐ 2. He is on his way to the church. ☐ 4. They are on their way to the party.

Conversation



- Mrs. Smith:** Hello, Jennifer. This is Mom.
Jennifer: Yes, Mom?
Mrs. Smith: It's time for dinner. What time will you be back?
Jennifer: We'll be there in 30 minutes.
Mrs. Smith: Okay, get home safe.
Jennifer: We are on our way to the bus station now.

Grammar Focus

On my way (to + noun/ noun phrase)

We are	+	on our way	} to the bus station. to the church. to the office. to the party.
He is	+	on his way	
She is	+	on her way	
They are	+	on their way	

In this lesson, we will review:

Words and Phrases

Noun

coworker
booking
church

Verb

look for
work off
sound

Adjective

local
crowded
stuffed

Adverb

fairly
extremely
often

Grammar Structure

1

Demonstrative Pronouns
in Questions

6

It's time for + noun phrase

2

Adverbs before adjectives

7

I'm interested in + noun

3

Modals

8

Questions with How + adjective

4

It makes me feel + adjective

9

Expressions for and since

5

Frequency Adverbs

10

On my way (to + noun/
noun phrase)