Please refer to the definition file.



- 1. He transforms the sentence using the word "what".
- 2. What is this?
- 3. What is that?
- 4. When do you study?
- 5. When do you exercise?
- 6. Where is the pen?
- 7. Who is he?
- 8. Where is she?

- 9. What are these?
- 10. What are those?
- 11. Who are they?
- 12. Where are they?
- 13. Who has a book?
- 14. Who has two books?
- 15. What does she have?

- 1. Who is he?
- 2. Who is she?
- 3. Who are they?
- 4. Where are they?

- 1. What is this?
- 2. What is that?
- 3. What are these?
- 4. What are those?
- 5. Where are those?

- 1. What is this?
- 2. What is this on the table?
- 3. What is this on the red table?

- 1. Where is the pen?
- 2. Where is the blue pen?
- 3. Where are the blue and green pens?

- 1. Who is she?
- 2. Who is she in the room?
- 3. Who is she in the big room?

- 1. She walks every morning. Repeat.
- 2. She walks every morning. Transform: when.
- 3. She walks every morning. Transform: who.
- 4. She walks every morning. Transform: not.

- 1. She has two pens. Repeat.
- 2. She has two pens. Transform: what.
- 3. She has two pens. Transform: who.
- 4. She has two pens. Transform: not.

- 1. The pen is in the bag. Repeat.
- 2. The pen is in the bag. Transform: what.
- 3. The pen is in the bag. Transform: where.
- 4. The pen is in the bag. Transform: not.

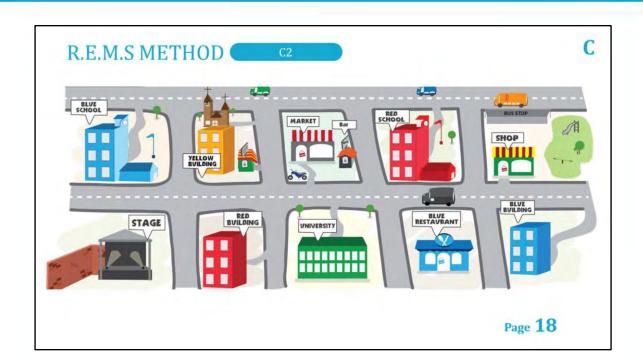
- Page 13
- 1. They transform the sentence using the word "where".
- 2. Where is the book?
- 3. Where is the bus?
- 4. What is his name?
- 5. What is in the room?
- 6. What do they have?
- 7. What does he have?
- 8. When does she play?
- 9. When do you play?
- 10. Who reads books?
- 11. Who wears a uniform?
- 12. Who has a pen?

- 1. When do you write?
- 2. When do you write on paper?
- 3. When do you write on a sheet of paper?

- 1. She has a pen. Repeat.
- 2. She has a pen. Transform: who.
- 3. She has a pen. Transform: what.
- 4. She has a pen. Transform: not.

- 1. The book is on the table. Repeat.
- 2. The book is on the table. Transform: what.
- 3. The book is on the table. Transform: where.
- 4. The book is on the table. Transform: not.

Please refer to the definition file.





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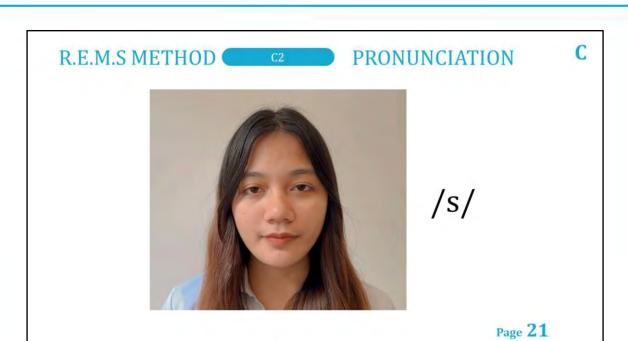
Describing Where Things Are -

PREPOSITIONS OF LOCATION

Page 20

In English, we use prepositions to describe the location of objects.

These are some of the most common prepositions used for describing locations: on, in, between, in front of, next to, under, across from



- 1. The tongue gently touches the "bump" behind the upper teeth.
- 2. Air passes through a tiny gap between the tongue and teeth.
- 3. /s/ is unvoiced.

- 1. The yellow building is between the blue school and the market.
- 2. The hospital is in front of the blue school.
- 3. The blue school is in front of the hospital.
- 4. The market is next to the yellow building.
- 5. The chair is in the room.
- 6. The stage is next to the wall.

- 7. The table is on the floor.
- 8. The picture is on the wall.
- 9. The window is next to the door.
- 10. The room is next to the door.
- 11. The house is in front of the market.
- 12. The chairs are under the table.
- 13. The shop is across from the blue building.

Pronunciation Repetition Drill

Listen to the teacher and repeat the words.

- 1. stage
- 2. school
- 3. study
- 4. stand
- 5. swim

- 1. The chair is in the room.
- 2. The table is in the room.
- 3. The table is in front of the room.
- 4. The door is in front of the room.
- 5. The door is behind the room.
- 6. The wall is behind the room.
- 7. The wall is behind the chair.
- 8. The table is behind the chair.

- 1. The picture is on the wall.
- 2. The cute picture is on the wall.
- 3. The cute picture is on the white wall.
- 4. The cute family picture is on the white wall.

- 1. The school is next to the building.
- 2. The blue school is next to the building.
- 3. The blue school is next to the yellow building.

- 1. The school is behind the hospital.
- 2. The old school is behind the hospital.
- 3. The old school is behind the big hospital.
- 4. The old school is behind the big and new hospital.

- 1. The small chair is in the room. Repeat.
- 2. The small chair is in the room. Transform: what.
- 3. The small chair is in the room. Transform: where.
- 4. The small chair is in the room. Transform: not.

- 1. The table is on the floor. Repeat.
- 2. The table is on the floor. Transform: what.
- 3. The table is on the floor. Transform: where.
- 4. The table is on the floor. Transform: not.

- 1. The chair is under the table.
- 2. The table is next to the window.
- 3. The yellow building is next to the blue school.
- 4. The market is in front of the house.
- 5. The house is next to the hospital.
- 6. The chair is on the floor.
- 7. The wall is next to the window.
- 8. The door is next to the room.

- 1. The school is behind the hospital. Repeat.
- 2. The school is behind the hospital. Change: next to.
- 3. The school is next to the hospital. Change: in front of.
- 4. The school is in front of the hospital. Change: behind.

Question and Answer Drill

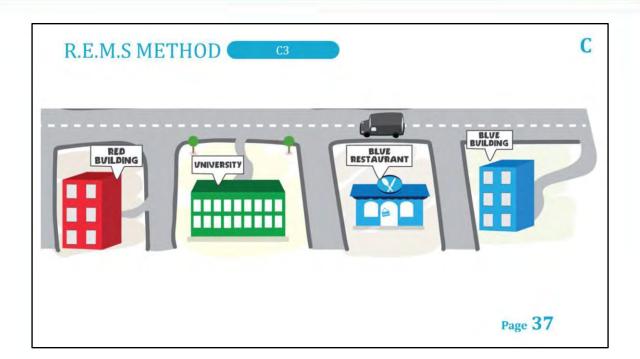
Listen and answer the questions in complete sentences.

- 1. Is the chair in the room?
- 2. Is the table next to the window?
- 3. Is the market in front of the school?
- 4. Is the house next to the hospital?
- 5. Is the door behind the window?

Please refer to the definition file.









- 1. The tongue gently touches just behind the "bump" behind the upper teeth.
- 2. Air passes through a tiny gap between the tongue and teeth.
- 3. ∫ is unvoiced.

- 1. The telephone is on the table.
- 2. The television is in front of the chairs.
- 3. The university is next to the blue restaurant.
- 4. The blue restaurant is next to the university.
- 5. The spoon is on the table.
- 6. The refrigerator is in the kitchen.
- 7. The wood is next to the refrigerator.
- 8. The glass is on the table.
- 9. The telephone is next to the TV.
- 10. The TV is next to the telephone.
- 11. The roof of the house is red.

Pronunciation Repetition Drill

Listen to the teacher and repeat the words.

- 1. shop
- 2. shopping
- 3. shirt
- 4. ship
- 5. shoe

- 1. The spoon is on the table.
- 2. The telephone is on the table.
- 3. The television is on the table.
- 4. The TV is on the table.
- 5. The glass is on the table.
- 6. The glass is on the chair.
- 7. The spoon is on the chair.
- 8. The spoon is under the chair.

- 1. The TV is on the table.
- 2. The TV is on the white table.
- 3. The TV is on the white table in the room.
- 4. The new TV is on the white table in the room.

- 1. The glass is on the chair.
- 2. The glass is on the blue chair.
- 3. The glass is on the blue chair in the kitchen.
- 4. The glasses are on the blue chair in the kitchen.

- 1. The refrigerator is in the kitchen. Repeat.
- 2. The refrigerator is in the kitchen. Transform: what.
- 3. The refrigerator is in the kitchen. Transform: where.
- 4. The refrigerator is in the kitchen. Transform: not.

- 1. The telephone is on the table. Repeat.
- 2. The telephone is on the table. Transform: what.
- 3. The telephone is on the table. Transform: where.
- 4. The telephone is on the table. Transform: not.

- 1. The spoon is in front of the chair.
- 2. The refrigerator is in the house.
- 3. The telephone is on the table.
- 4. The TV is next to the telephone.
- 5. The glass is next to the spoon.
- 6. The blue restaurant is next to the blue building.
- 7. The wood is in the house.
- 8. The wood is on the floor.

Vowel Pronunciation Drill

Listen to the teacher and repeat the words.

- 1. telephone
- 2. television
- 3. kitchen
- 4. table
- 5. glass

- 1. The wood is behind the door.
- 2. The wood is next to the door.
- 3. The wood is in front of the door.
- 4. The chair is in front of the door.
- 5. The chair is in front of the table.
- 6. The chair is next to the table.
- 7. The refrigerator is next to the table.
- 8. The refrigerator is behind the table.

- 1. The glass is on the table. Repeat.
- 2. The glass is on the table. Change: under.
- 3. The glass is under the table. Change: chair.
- 4. The chair is under the table. Change: in front of.

- 1. Is the telephone on the table?
- 2. Is the television in front of the chairs?
- 3. Is the university next to the blue restaurant?
- 4. Is the spoon under the table?
- 5. Is the refrigerator in the kitchen?

- 1. The roof of the house is red.
- 2. The roof of the building is red.
- 3. The roof of the building is blue.
- 4. The roof of the school is blue.
- 5. The door of the school is blue.
- 6. The door of the school is yellow.

7. shoe

- 1. shop
- 2. stage
- 3. school
- 4. stand
- 5. swim
- 6. ship
- 7. shoe

- 1. He transforms the sentence using the word "what".
- 2. What is this?
- 3. What is that?
- 4. When do you study?
- 5. When do you exercise?
- 6. Where is the pen?
- 7. Who is he?
- 8. The yellow building is between the blue school and the market.

- 9. The hospital is in front of the blue school.
- 10. The market is next to the yellow building.
- 11. The chair is in the room.
- 12. The picture is on the wall.
- 13. The spoon is on the table.
- 14. The telephone is on the table.
- 15. The television is in front of the chairs.

- 1. The yellow building is between the blue school and the market.
- 2. The hospital is in front of the blue school.
- 3. The blue school is in front of the hospital.
- 4. The market is next to the yellow building.
- 5. The chair is in the room.
- 6. The stage is next to the wall.
- 7. The table is on the floor.

- 8. The picture is on the wall.
- 9. The window is next to the door.
- 10. The room is next to the door.
- 11. The house is in front of the market.
- 12. The chairs are under the table.
- 13. The shop is across from the blue building.

- 1. The spoon is on the table.
- 2. The telephone is on the table
- 3. The television is on the table.
- 4. The TV is on the table.
- 5. The glass is on the table.
- 6. The glass is on the chair.
- 7. The spoon is on the chair.
- 8. The spoon is under the chair.

- 1. The spoon is on the table.
- 2. The telephone is on the table
- 3. The television is on the table.
- 4. The TV is on the table.
- 5. The glass is on the table.
- 6. The glass is on the chair.
- 7. The spoon is on the chair.
- 8. The spoon is under the chair.

- 1. The chair is in the room.
- 2. The table is in the room.
- 3. The table is in front of the room.
- 4. The door is in front of the room.
- 5. The door is behind the room.
- 6. The wall is behind the room.
- 7. The wall is behind the chair.
- 8. The table is behind the chair.

- 1. Where is the pen?
- 2. Where is the blue pen?
- 3. Where are the blue and green pens?

- 1. stage
- 2. school
- 3. study
- 4. stand
- 5. swim

- 1. The TV is on the table.
- 2. The TV is on the white table.
- 3. The TV is on the white table in the room.
- 4. The new TV is on the white table in the room.

Vowel Pronunciation Drill

Listen to the teacher and repeat the words.

- 1. telephone
- 2. television
- 3. kitchen
- 4. table
- 5. glass

- 1. The table is on the floor. Repeat.
- 2. The table is on the floor. Transform: what.
- 3. The table is on the floor. Transform: where.
- 4. The table is on the floor. Transform: not.

- 1. The small chair is in the room. Repeat.
- 2. The small chair is in the room. Transform: what.
- 3. The small chair is in the room. Transform: where.
- 4. The small chair is in the room. Transform: not.

Pronunciation Repetition Drill

Listen to the teacher and repeat the words.

- 1. shop
- 2. shopping
- 3. shirt
- 4. ship
- 5. shoe

- 1. The refrigerator is in the kitchen. Repeat.
- 2. The refrigerator is in the kitchen. Transform: what.
- 3. The refrigerator is in the kitchen. Transform: where.
- 4. The refrigerator is in the kitchen. Transform: not.

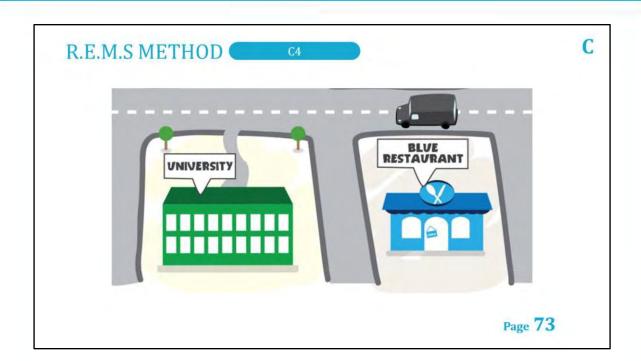
- 1. The telephone is on the table. Repeat.
- 2. The telephone is on the table. Transform: what.
- 3. The telephone is on the table. Transform: where.
- 4. The telephone is on the table. Transform: not.

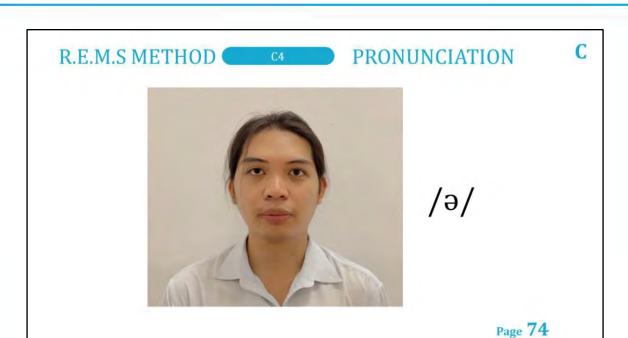
- 1. shop
- 2. stage
- 3. school
- 4. stand
- 5. swim
- 6. ship
- 7. shoe

- 1. The yellow building is between the blue school and the market.
- 2. Who wears a uniform?
- 3. The refrigerator is behind the table.
- 4. Is the house next to the hospital?
- 5. Is the university next to the blue restaurant?

Please refer to the definition file.







- 1. The tongue is in the center of the mouth in a neutral position.
- 2. The lips are unrounded, relaxed, and do not move.
- 3. The mouth, tongue, and cheeks are relaxed.
- 4. This vowel is short.

- 1. The stage is across from the blue school.
- 2. The chair is against the wall.
- 3. They walk along the street.
- 4. She eats eggs after the English class.
- 5. This is a big area.
- 6. The big picture is above the small picture.
- 7. They walk about the university.
- 8. The picture is by the window.
- 9. This is my right side.
- 10. He goes out of the house.
- 11. The glass is over the table.
- 12. The spoon is over the table.

- 1. The book is above the table.
- 2. The book is next to the table.
- 3. The chair is next to the table.
- 4. The chair is across from the table.
- 5. The chair is across from the door.
- 6. The window is across from the door.
- 7. The window is behind the door.
- 8. The window is after the door.

Pronunciation Repetition Drill

Listen to the teacher and repeat the words.

- 1. about
- 2. across
- 3. against
- 4. along
- 5. above

- 1. He walks across the building.
- 2. He walks across the old building.
- 3. He walks across the old building next to the market.

- 1. She goes home.
- 2. She goes home by bus.
- 3. She goes home by bus after school.

- 1. The window is across from the door. Repeat.
- 2. The window is across from the door. Transform: what.
- 3. The window is across from the door. Transform: where.
- 4. The window is across from the door. Transform: not.

Vowel Pronunciation Drill

Listen to the teacher and repeat the words.

- 1. after /æ/
- 2. area *lεl*
- 3. street /i/
- 4. next /ε/
- 5. spoon /u:/

- 1. The picture is above the door. Repeat.
- 2. The picture is above the door. Transform: where.
- 3. The picture is above the door. Transform: what.
- 4. The picture is above the door. Transform: not.

- 1. She is next to the window. Repeat.
- 2. She is next to the window. Transform: who.
- 3. She is next to the window. Transform: where.
- 4. She is next to the window. Transform: not.

- 1. The hospital is across from the blue school.
- 2. The red school is next to the market.
- 3. The market is across from the house.
- 4. The university is next to the red building.
- 5. The building is along the street.
- 6. She goes home after work.
- 7. The glass is above the table.
- 8. The table is in the house.
- 9. They eat after swimming.
- 10. The spoon is above the table.

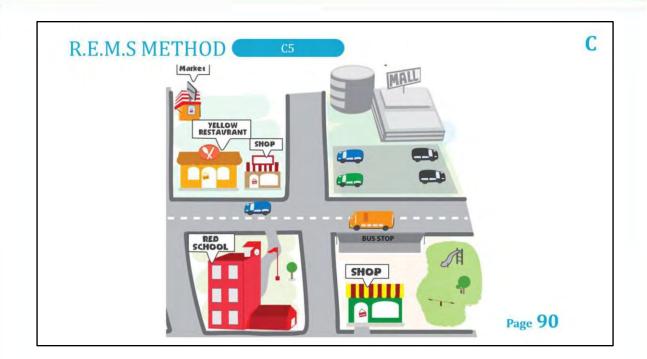
- 1. The TV is in the house.
- 2. The TV is in the big house.
- 3. The new TV is in the big house.
- 4. The new TV is in the big white house.

- 1. Is the chair against the wall?
- 2. Do they walk along the street?
- 3. Is this a big area?
- 4. Is the picture above the wall?
- 5. Is this my right side?

- 1. after
- 2. glass
- 3. about
- 4. above
- 5. stand
- 6. against
- 7. along
- 8. black

Please refer to the definition file.





- 1. My room is on the top floor.
- 2. On top of the house is the roof.
- 3. This town is big.
- 4. That village is small.
- 5. The market is in front of the house.
- 6. She goes in the front door.
- 7. This is my left.
- 8. This is my left side.

Basic Single-slot Substitution Drill

Listen to the teacher and repeat the sentences.

- 1. This town is big.
- 2. This town is small.
- 3. This village is small.
- 4. This village is big.
- 5. That village is big.
- 6. That village is small.
- 7. That town is small.
- 8. That town is big.

- 1. This is a town.
- 2. This is a small town.
- 3. This is a good small town.

- 1. That is a house.
- 2. That is a cute house.
- 3. That is a cute black house.

- 1. The picture is by the window. Repeat.
- 2. The picture is by the window. Transform: what.
- 3. The picture is by the window. Transform: where.
- 4. The picture is by the window. Transform: not.

- 1. She goes in the front door. Repeat.
- 2. She goes in the front door. Transform: who.
- 3. She goes in the front door. Transform: where.
- 4. She goes in the front door. Transform: not.

- 1. The shoe is out of the room. Repeat.
- 2. The shoe is out of the room. Transform: what.
- 3. The shoe is out of the room. Transform: where.
- 4. The shoe is out of the room. Transform: not.

- 1. The picture is by the window.
- 2. The picture is next to the window.
- 3. The picture is in front of the window.
- 4. The picture is behind the window.
- 5. The picture is behind the door.
- 6. The picture is by the door.
- 7. The picture is in front of the door.
- 8. The picture is next to the door.

- 1. Is the picture by the window?
- 2. Is the roof on top?
- 3. Is this town big?
- 4. Is that village small?
- 5. Does she go in the front door?
- 6. Is this my left?

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Talking About Where Things Are -

WHERE QUESTIONS

Page 100

We use the word 'where' to ask questions about places.

Questions that use 'where' often ask about the location of places or the location of places where actions or events happen.

'Where' usually starts the sentence, followed by the verb, and then the other words of the sentence.



- 1. The tongue gently touches just behind the "bump" behind the upper teeth.
- 2. Air passes through a tiny gap between the tongue and teeth.
- 3. /ʒ/ is voiced.

- 1. Where is the red building?
- 2. Where is the blue school?
- 3. Where is the market?
- 4. Where is the telephone?
- 5. Where is the table?
- 6. Where is the house?
- 7. Where is the hospital?
- 8. Where is the picture?

- 9. Where is the yellow restaurant?
- 10. Where is the glass?
- 11. Where is the TV?
- 12. Where is the window?
- 13. Where is the telephone?
- 14. Where are the glasses?
- 15. Where are the chairs?

- 1. television
- 2. revision

Basic Single-slot Substitution Drill

Listen to the teacher and repeat the sentences.

- 1. Where is the TV?
- 2. Where is the wall?
- 3. Where is the window?
- 4. Where is the door?
- 5. Where is the glass?
- 6. Where are the glasses?
- 7. Where are the chairs?
- 8. Where are the tables?

- 1. Where is the picture?
- 2. Where is the cute picture?
- 3. Where is the cute white picture?

Vowel Pronunciation Drill

Listen to the teacher and repeat the words.

- 1. restaurant
- 2. window
- 3. glass
- 4. picture
- 5. door
- 6. market

- 1. Where is the house?
- 2. Where is the big house?
- 3. Where is the big blue house?

- 1. Where is the restaurant?
- 2. Where is the small restaurant?
- 3. Where is the small red restaurant?

- 1. The glass is on the table. Repeat.
- 2. The glass is on the table. Transform: where.
- 3. The glass is on the table. Transform: what.
- 4. The glass is on the table. Transform: not.

- 1. The house is next to the restaurant. Repeat.
- 2. The house is next to the restaurant. Transform: where.
- 3. The house is next to the restaurant. Transform: what.
- 4. The house is next to the restaurant. Transform: not.

- 1. The telephone is on the table. Repeat.
- 2. The telephone is on the table. Transform: where.
- 3. The telephone is on the table. Transform: what.
- 4. The telephone is on the table. Transform: not.

- 1. vegetable
- 2. message
- 3. television
- 4. job
- 5. revision

- 1. Where is the refrigerator?
- 2. Where is the wood?
- 3. Where is the door?
- 4. Where is the stage?
- 5. Where is the telephone?
- 6. Where is the television?
- 7. Where are the tables?
- 8. Where are the spoons?

Question and Answer Drill

Listen and answer the questions in complete sentences.

- 1. Where is the table?
- 2. Where is the house?
- 3. Where is the hospital?
- 4. Where is the picture?
- 5. Where is the glass?
- 6. Where is the TV?
- 7. Where are the glasses?
- 8. Where are the chairs?

- 9. Where is the refrigerator?
- 10. Where is the wood?
- 11. Where is the stage?
- 12. Where is the university?
- 13. Where are the spoons?
- 14. Where is the yellow building?
- 15. Where is the yellow restaurant?

- 1. The stage is across from the blue school.
- 2. The chair is against the wall.
- 3. They walk along the street.
- 4. The market is after the yellow building.
- 5. This is a big area.
- 6. The roof is on top.
- 7. The top of the house is the roof.
- 8. This town is big.

- 9. That village is small.
- 10. The front of the house is the market.
- 11. They walk about the university.
- 12. The picture is by the window.
- 13. This is my right side.
- 14. This is my left.
- 15. This is my left side.

- 1. My room is on the top floor.
- 2. On top of the house is the roof.
- 3. This town is big.
- 4. That village is small.
- 5. The market is in front of the house.
- 6. She goes in the front door.
- 7. This is my left.
- 8. This is my left side.

- 1. Where is the red building?
- 2. Where is the blue school?
- 3. Where is the market?
- 4. Where is the telephone?
- 5. Where is the table?
- 6. Where is the house?

- 7. Where is the hospital?
- 8. Where is the picture?
- 9. Where is the yellow restaurant?
- 10. Where is the glass?
- 11. Where is the TV?
- 12. Where is the window?

Pronunciation Repetition Drill

Listen to the teacher and repeat the words.

- 1. about
- 2. across
- 3. against
- 4. along
- 5. above

Basic Single-slot Substitution Drill

Listen to the teacher and repeat the sentences.

- 1. This town is big.
- 2. This town is small.
- 3. This village is small.
- 4. This village is big.
- 5. That village is big.
- 6. That village is small.
- 7. That town is small.
- 8. That town is big.

Vowel Pronunciation Drill

Listen to the teacher and repeat the words.

- 1. after
- 2. area
- 3. street
- 4. next
- 5. spoon

Question and Answer Drill

Listen and answer the questions in complete sentences.

- 1. Where is the table?
- 2. Where is the house?
- 3. Where is the hospital?
- 4. Where is the picture?
- 5. Where is the glass?
- 6. Where is the TV?
- 7. Where are the glasses?
- 8. Where are the chairs?

Question and Answer Drill

Listen and answer the questions in complete sentences.

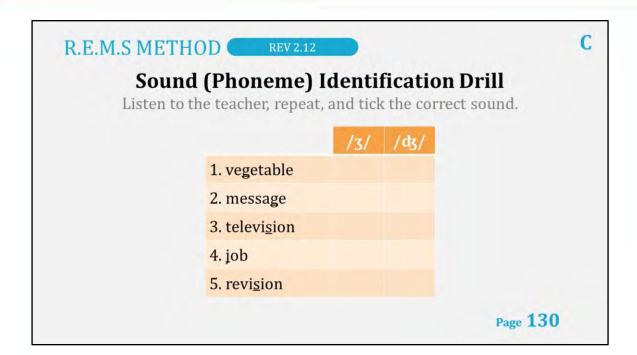
- 9. Where is the refrigerator?
- 10. Where is the wood?
- 11. Where is the stage?
- 12. Where is the university?
- 13. Where is the hospital?
- 14. Where is the yellow building?
- 15. Where is the yellow restaurant?

- 1. after
- 2. glass
- 3. about
- 4. above
- 5. stand

- 1. This is a town.
- 2. This is a small town.
- 3. This is a good small town.

- 1. television
- 2. revision

- 1. Where is the house?
- 2. Where is the big house?
- 3. Where is the big blue house?



- 1. vegetable
- 2. message
- 3. television
- 4. job
- 5. revision

- 1. The shoe is out of the room. Repeat.
- 2. The shoe is out of the room. Transform: what.
- 3. The shoe is out of the room. Transform: where.
- 4. The shoe is out of the room. Transform: not. [The shoe is not out of the room.

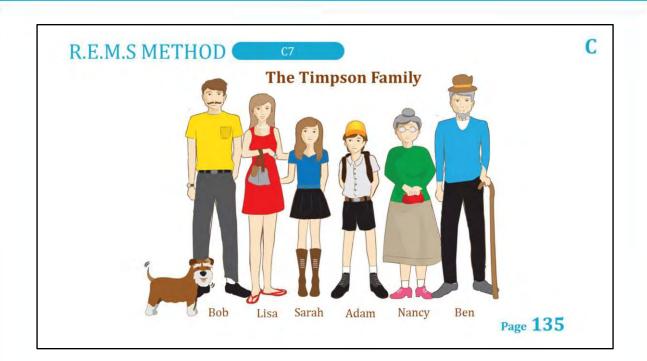
Vowel Pronunciation Drill

Listen to the teacher and repeat the words.

- 1. restaurant
- 2. window
- 3. glass
- 4. picture
- 5. door
- 6. market

- 1. The picture is in front of the window.
- 2. Where is the small red restaurant?
- 3. The telephone is not on the table.
- 4. The hospital is across from the blue school.
- 5. She goes home by bus after school.
- 6. This is a good small town.

Please refer to the definition file.



R.E.M.S METHOD

C7

C













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Asking About People-

WHO QUESTIONS

Page 137

We use the word 'who' to ask questions about people.

'Who' usually starts the sentence, followed by the verb, and then the other words of the sentence.

- 1. Who is he?
- 2. Who is she?
- 3. Who are they?
- 4. Who is behind the woman?
- 5. Who is across from the queen?
- 6. Who is next to the singer?

- 7. Who is behind the doctor?
- 8. Who is in front of the writer?
- 9. Who is after the worker?
- 10. Who is behind the speaker?
- 11. Who is next to the girl?
- 12. Who is after the boy?
- 13. Who is that man?

- 1. The woman is in front of the worker.
- 2. The woman is next to the worker.
- 3. The woman is behind the worker.
- 4. The woman is after the worker.
- 5. The woman is across from the worker.

- 1. The queen is in front of the table.
- 2. The queen is in front of the red table.
- 3. The queen is in front of the small red table.

- 1. The writer likes this house.
- 2. The good writer likes this house.
- 3. The good writer likes this big house.

- 1. The doctor is in the hospital. Repeat.
- 2. The doctor is in the hospital. Change: worker.
- 3. The worker is in the hospital. Change: woman.
- 4. The woman is in the hospital. Change: speaker.
- 5. The speaker is in the hospital. Change: singer.

- 1. The singer is on the stage. Repeat.
- 2. The singer is on the stage. Change: behind.
- 3. The singer is behind the stage. Change: next to.
- 4. The singer is next to the stage. Change: in front of.
- 5. The singer is in front of the stage. Change: across from.

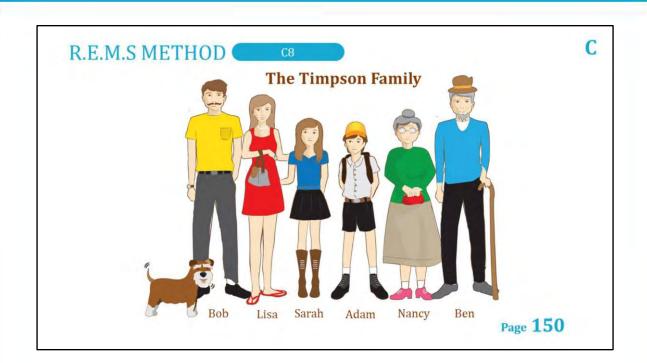
- 1. The writer is in the restaurant. Repeat.
- 2. The writer is in the restaurant. Transform: who.
- 3. The writer is in the restaurant. Transform: where.
- 4. The writer is in the restaurant, Transform: not.

- 1. The singer is next to the stage. Repeat.
- 2. The singer is next to the stage. Transform: who.
- 3. The singer is next to the stage. Transform: where.
- 4. The singer is next to the stage. Transform: not.

- 1. The worker is in the building. Repeat.
- 2. The worker is in the building. Transform: who.
- 3. The worker is in the building. Transform: where.
- 4. The worker is in the building. Transform: not.

- 1. Who is he?
- 2. Who is she?
- 3. K \c]g \ Y3
- 4. K \c']g'g\Y3'
- 5. Who are they?
- 6. K \c]g]b ZfcbhcZh\Y k ca Ub3
- 7. K \c']g'UZHYf'h\Y'k cf_Yf3'
- 8. K \c]g VY\]bX h\Y gdYU_Yf3
- 9. K \c]g UWVcgg Zfca h\Y g]b[Yf3
- 10. K \c]g bYl hhc h\Y ei YYb3
- 11. K \c]g]b h\Y fYghUi fUbh3
- 12. K \c]g]b h\Y Vi]`X]b[3

Please refer to the definition file.





Talking About What is Happening Now-

PRESENT CONTINUOUS

Page 152

One use of the present continuous tense is to talk about actions and events that are happening in the present.

PAST -----> NOW -----> FUTURE

It is formed by adding "-ing" to the verb. For example,

work > working

clean > cleaning

study > studying

If the verb ends in an "e", the "e" is removed before adding "-ing". For example,

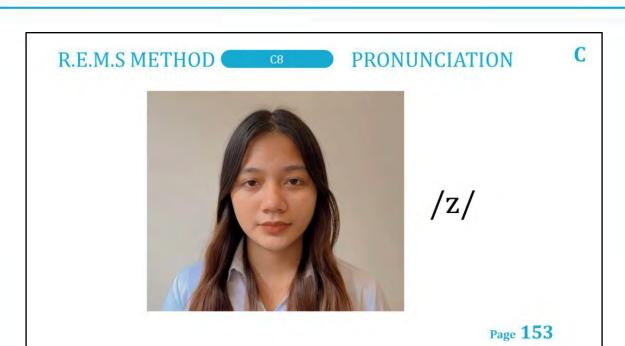
have > having

write > writing

If the verb ends in a "t", this consonant is doubled before adding "-ing". For example,

get > getting

let > letting



- 1. The tongue gently touches the "bump" behind the upper teeth.
- 2. Air passes through a tiny gap between the tongue and teeth.
- 3. /z/ is voiced.

- 2. She is having a class.

1. He is working.

- 3. They are resting in the room.
- 4. The teacher is busy now.
- 5. The baby is wearing a shirt.
- 6. The brother is studying.
- 7. The sister is drawing.
- 8. The reader is reading.
- 9. The students are ready now.
- 10. He is getting the pen.
- 11. She is giving the book to the man.
- 12. The cleaner is cleaning.

Basic Single-slot Substitution Drill

Listen to the teacher and repeat the sentences.

- 1. He is working.
- 2. She is working.
- 3. She is studying.
- 4. She is reading.
- 5. He is reading.
- 6. He is writing.
- 7. They are writing.

Pronunciation Repetition Drill

Listen to the teacher and repeat the words.

- 1.trousers
- 2. cousin
- 3. exercise
- 4. busy
- 5. music
- 6. news
- 7. newspaper
- 8.opposite

- 1. She is writing.
- 2. She is writing on the table.
- 3. She is writing on the red table.

- 1. The brother is resting.
- 2. The brother is resting in the room.
- 3. The brother is resting in the room now.

- 1. The sister is singing.
- 2. The sister is singing on the stage.
- 3. The sister is singing on the big stage.

Consonant Pronunciation Drill

Listen to the teacher and repeat the words.

- 1. work
- 2. rest
- 3. baby
- 4. give
- 5. sister

- 1. He is working in the restaurant. Repeat.
- 2. He is working in the restaurant. Transform: who.
- 3. He is working in the restaurant. Transform: where.
- 4. He is working in the restaurant. Transform: not.

- 1. He is walking across the building. Repeat.
- 2. He is walking across the building. Transform: who.
- 3. He is walking across the building. Transform: where.
- 4. He is walking across the building. Transform: not.

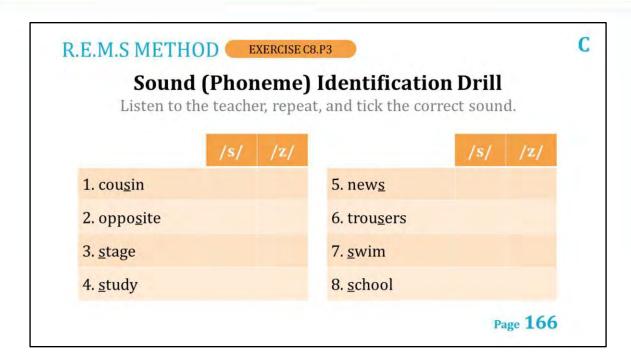
- 1. She is singing in the room. Repeat.
- 2. She is singing in the room. Transform: who.
- 3. She is singing in the room. Transform: where.
- 4. She is singing in the room. Transform: not.

- 1. The baby is watching TV.
- 2. The boy is singing.
- 3. The girl is walking.
- 4. The man is talking.
- 5. The cleaner is pushing the table.
- 6. The woman is opening the book.
- 7. The student is studying.
- 8. They are eating.
- 9. The worker is reading.
- 10. The queen is leaving.

Basic Single-slot Substitution Drill

Listen to the teacher and repeat the sentences.

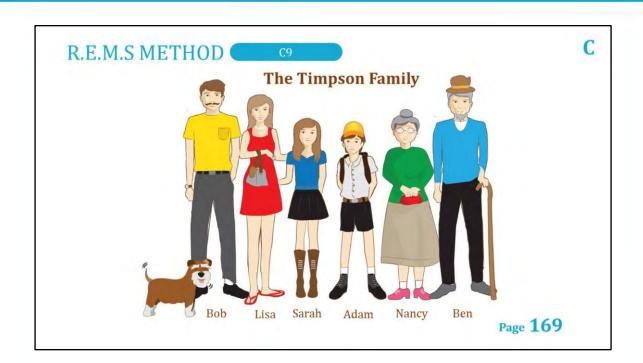
- 1. She is eating.
- 2. He is eating.
- 3. He is reading.
- 4. He is singing.
- 5. She is singing.
- 6. They are singing.
- 7. They are leaving.

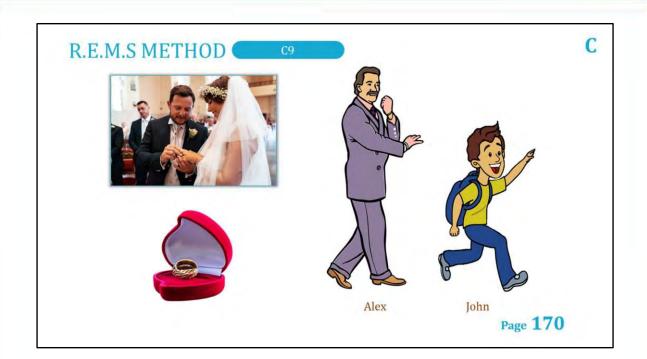


- 1. cousin
- 2. opposite
- 3. stage
- 4. study
- 5. news
- 6. trousers
- 7. swim
- 8. school

- 1. Is the baby watching TV?
- 2. Is the boy singing?
- 3. Is the cleaner pushing the table?
- 4. Is the student studying?
- 5. Are they eating?
- 6. Is she having a class?
- 7. Are they resting in the room?
- 8. Is the teacher busy now?
- 9. Is the baby wearing a shirt?
- 10. Is he working?

Please refer to the definition file.







- 1. The tongue is in the center of the mouth and a little low.
- 2. The lips are semi-rounded with the bottom lip a little more tensed than the top lip.
- 3. This vowel is usually long.

- 1. The father is pulling the door.
- 2. The mother is pushing the window.
- 3. The family is leaving the house.
- 4. The couple is happy.
- 5. The husband is giving the ring.
- 6. The wife is getting the ring.
- 7. She is marrying him.
- 8. He is marrying her.
- 9. She is a good daughter.
- 10. He is a good son.
- 11. I have two cousins.
- 12. I have three uncles.

- 1. The husband is pushing the window.
- 2. The wife is pushing the window.
- 3. The wife is pushing the door.
- 4. The wife is pushing the table.
- 5. The wife is pulling the table.
- 6. The daughter is pulling the table.
- 7. The daughter is cleaning the table.

- 1. The wife is in the room.
- 2. The wife is in the big room.
- 3. The wife is in the big white room.

Pronunciation Repetition Drill

Listen to the teacher and repeat the words.

- 1.purse
- 2. work
- 3. return
- 4.learn
- 5. early
- 6. first

- 1. The family is leaving.
- 2. The family is leaving the house.
- 3. The family is leaving the old house.

- 1. The husband is giving the ring.
- 2. The husband is giving the small ring.
- 3. The husband is giving the small red ring.

- 1. The couple is in the big house. Repeat.
- 2. The couple is in the big house. Transform: where.
- 3. The couple is in the big house. Transform: who.
- 4. The couple is in the big house. Transform: not.

- 1. The mother is reading a book. Repeat.
- 2. The mother is reading a book. Transform: what.
- 3. The mother is reading a book. Transform: who.
- 4. The mother is reading a book. Transform: not.

- 1. The husband is standing on the floor. Repeat.
- 2. The husband is standing on the floor. Transform: who.
- 3. The husband is standing on the floor. Transform: where.
- 4. The husband is standing on the floor. Transform: not.

Consonant Pronunciation Drill

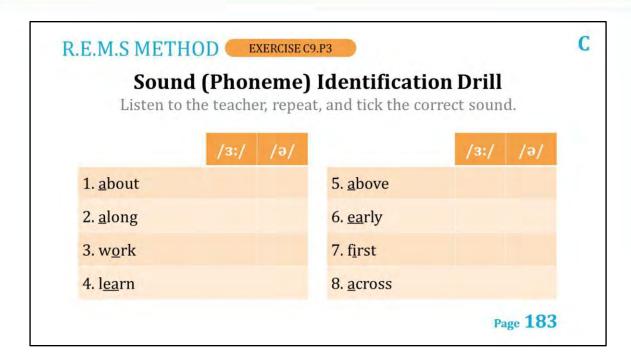
Listen to the teacher and repeat the words.

- 1. marry
- 2. ring
- 3. husband
- 4. wife
- 5. daughter
- 6. family

Basic Single-slot Substitution Drill

Listen to the teacher and repeat the sentences.

- 1. The son is walking.
- 2. The daughter is walking.
- 3. The daughter is eating.
- 4. The daughter is working.
- 5. The wife is working.
- 6. The wife is singing.
- 7. The wife is leaving.



- 1. about
- 2. along
- 3. work
- 4. learn
- 5. above
- 6. early
- 7. first
- 8. across

- 1. Is the couple happy?
- 2. Is the family leaving the house?
- 3. Is she marrying him?
- 4. Is she a good daughter?
- 5. Is the mother pushing the window?

R.E.M.S METHOD REV3.1

READING EXERCISE

- 1. Who is he?
- 2. Who is she?
- 3. Who are they?
- 4. Who is behind the woman?
- 5. Who is across from the queen?
- 6. Who is next to the singer?
- 7. Who is behind the doctor?

- 8. Who is in front of the writer?
- 9. Who is after the worker?
- 10. Who is behind the speaker?
- 11. Who is next to the girl?
- 12. Who is after the boy?
- 13. Who is that man?

R.E.M.S METHOD REV 3.2

READING EXERCISE

1. He is working.

7. The sister is drawing.

2. She is having a class.

8. The reader is reading.

3. They are resting in the room.

9. The students are ready now.

4. The teacher is busy now.

10. He is getting the pen.

5. The baby is wearing a shirt.

11. She is giving the book to the man.

6. The brother is studying.

12. The cleaner is cleaning.

- 1. The husband is pushing the window.
- 2. The wife is pushing the window.
- 3. The wife is pushing the door.
- 4. The wife is pushing the table.
- 5. The wife is pulling the table.
- 6. The daughter is pulling the table.
- 7. The daughter is cleaning the table.

- 1. The father is pulling the door.
- 2. The mother is pushing the window.
- 3. The family is leaving the house.
- 4. The couple is happy.
- 5. The husband is giving the ring.
- 6. The wife is getting the ring.
- 7. She is marrying him.
- 8. He is marrying her.
- 9. She is a good daughter.
- 10. He is a good son.
- 11. I have two cousins.
- 12. I have three uncles.

Pronunciation Repetition Drill

Listen to the teacher and repeat the words.

- 1.trousers
- 2. cousin
- 3. exercise
- 4. busy
- 5. music
- 6. news
- 7. newspaper
- 8.opposite

Pronunciation Repetition Drill

Listen to the teacher and repeat the words.

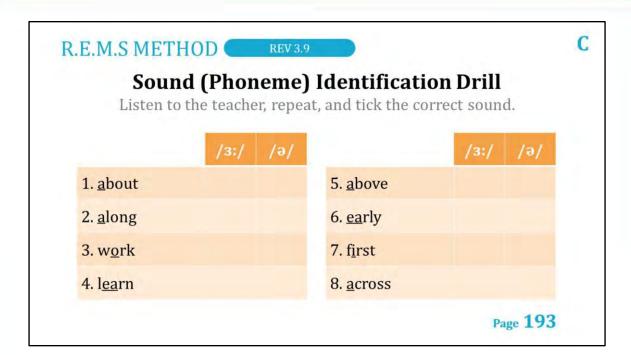
- 1.purse
- 2. work
- 3. return
- 4.learn
- 5. early
- 6. first

Question and Answer Drill

Listen and answer the questions in complete sentences.

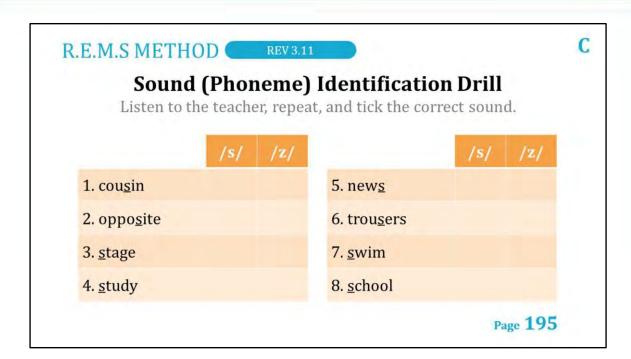
- 1. Who is he?
- 2. Who is she?
- 3. Who is in front of the woman?
- 4. Who is after the worker?
- 5. Who are they?
- 6. Is the couple happy?
- 7. Is the family leaving the house?
- 8. Is she marrying him?
- 9. Is she a good daughter?
- 10. Is the mother pushing the window?

- 1. She is writing.
- 2. She is writing on the table.
- 3. She is writing on the red table.



- 1. about
- 2. along
- 3. work
- 4. learn
- 5. above
- 6. early
- 7. first
- 8. across

- 1. The singer is next to the stage. Repeat.
- 2. The singer is next to the stage. Transform: who.
- 3. The singer is next to the stage. Transform: where.
- 4. The singer is next to the stage. Transform: not.



- 1. cousin
- 2. opposite
- 3. stage
- 4. study
- 5. news
- 6. trousers
- 7. swim
- 8. school

Transformation Drill

Listen to the teacher and follow the instructions.

- 1. The mother is reading a book. Repeat.
- 2. The mother is reading a book. Transform: what.
- 3. The mother is reading a book. Transform: who.
- 4. The mother is reading a book. Transform: not.

Consonant Pronunciation Drill

Listen to the teacher and repeat the words.

- 1. work
- 2. rest
- 3. baby
- 4. give
- 5. sister

Consonant Pronunciation Drill

Listen to the teacher and repeat the words.

- 1. marry
- 2. ring
- 3. husband
- 4. wife
- 5. daughter
- 6. family

- 1. The good writer likes this big house.
- 2. Where is the writer?
- 3. The brother is resting in the room now.
- 4. Who is walking across the building?
- 5. The husband is giving the small red ring.
- 6. The family is leaving the old house.

Asking About Things -

WHAT QUESTIONS

Page 200

We use the word 'what' to ask questions about things.

'What' usually starts the sentence, followed by the verb, and then the other words of the sentence.

'What' can also be used with a noun to ask about things. For example, 'what + color' asks about the color of things.

- 1. What is this?
- 2. What is that?
- 3. What are these?
- 4. What are those?
- 5. What is next to the university?
- 6. What is across from the market?
- 7. What is the man doing?
- 8. What is the woman reading?

- 9. What is she eating?
- 10. What are they doing?
- 11. What is above the wall?
- 12. What is on the table?
- 13. What are they watching?
- 14. What color is that?
- 15. What color is this?

- 1. What color is this?
- 2. What color is that?
- 3. What color are those?
- 4. What color are these?

- 1. What is this?
- 2. What is that?
- 3. What are those?
- 4. What are these?

- 1. What color is this
- 2. What color is this picture?
- 3. What color is this cute picture?

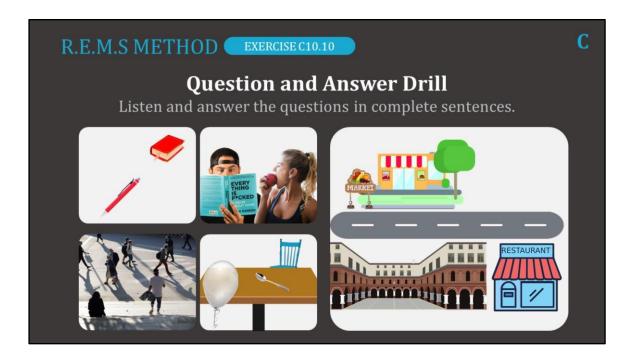
- 1. What is that?
- 2. What is that on the wall?
- 3. What is that on the white wall?

- 1. What is she doing?
- 2. What is she doing in the room?
- 3. What is she doing in the room now?

- 1. She is reading a book in the room. Repeat.
- 2. She is reading a book in the room. Transform: what.
- 3. She is reading a book in the room. Transform: where.
- 4. She is reading a book in the room. Transform: who.

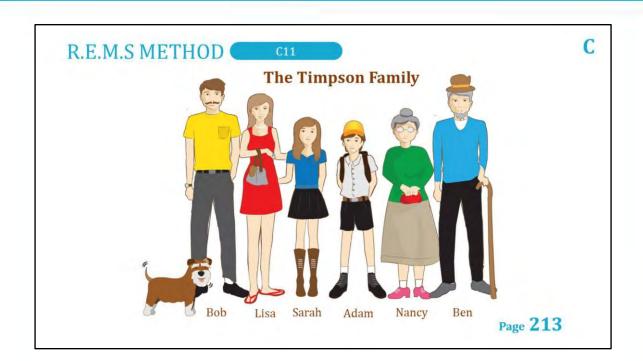
- 1. He eats two eggs in the morning. Repeat.
- 2. He eats two eggs in the morning. Transform: what.
- 3. He eats two eggs in the morning. Transform: when.
- 4. He eats two eggs in the morning. Transform: who.

- 1. They are watching TV in the room. Repeat.
- 2. They are watching TV in the room. Transform: what.
- 3. They are watching TV in the room. Transform: where.
- 4. They are watching TV in the room. Transform: who.
- 5. They are watching TV in the room. Transform: not.



- 1. What is this?
- 2. What is that?
- 3. What is next to the university?
- 4. What is across from the market?
- 5. What is the man doing?
- 6. What is she eating?
- 7. What are they doing?
- 8. What is on the table?
- 9. What color is that?
- 10. What color is this?

Please refer to the definition file.



- 1. He has a rich daddy.
- 2. He is strong.
- 3. She has a tall mommy.
- 4. She is poor.
- 5. He is slow.
- 6. She is a new member here.
- 7. The people are unhappy.
- 8. That person is happy.
- 9. This place is clean.
- 10. He is tall.
- 11. I am strong.
- 12. They are poor.

Basic Single-slot Substitution Drill

Listen to the teacher and repeat the sentences.

- 1. Where is mom?
- 2. Where is dad?
- 3. Where is he?
- 4. Where is she?
- 5. Where are they?

Basic Single-slot Substitution Drill

Listen to the teacher and repeat the sentences.

- 1. She is happy.
- 2. She is tall.
- 3. She is strong.
- 4. She is unhappy.
- 5. He is unhappy.
- 6. He is poor.

- 1. They are happy people.
- 2. They are happy and strong people.
- 3. They are happy, strong, and poor people.

- 1. Dad is writing.
- 2. Dad is writing and eating.
- 3. Dad is writing and eating in the room.

- 1. This is a good place.
- 2. This is a good and clean place.
- 3. This is a good, clean, and big place.

- 1. The strong man is walking. Repeat.
- 2. The strong man is walking. Transform: who.
- 3. The strong man is walking. Transform: what.
- 4. The strong man is walking. Transform: not.

- 1. The poor people are in the house. Repeat.
- 2. The poor people are in the house. Transform: who.
- 3. The poor people are in the house. Transform: where.
- 4. The poor people are in the house. Transform: not.

- 1. Mom is cleaning the table. Repeat.
- 2. Mom is cleaning the table. Transform: who.
- 3. Mom is cleaning the table. Transform: what.
- 4. Mom is cleaning the table. Transform: not.

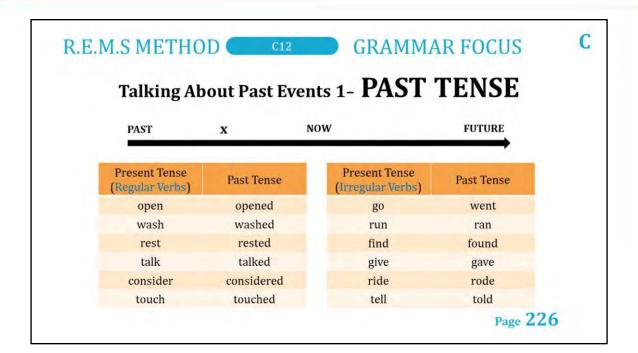
Question and Answer Drill

Listen and answer the questions in complete sentences.

- 1. Does he have a rich daddy?
- 2. Is he strong?
- 3. Is she poor?
- 4. Is she a new member?
- 5. Is this place clean?
- 6. Is that person happy?
- 7. Are the people unhappy?
- 8. Are they poor?
- 9. Does she have a tall mommy?
- 10. Is he slow?

Please refer to the definition file.





We use this tense of the verb to talk about the past or an action that started and finished at a specific time in the past.

We form the past tense of regular verbs by putting the letters "ed" at the end.

For example: I call my friend on the phone every day; I called my friend on the phone yesterday.

For irregular verbs, we do not add "ed" to form the past tense. Instead, we change the word.

For example: I drink a bottle of milk every day; I drank a bottle of milk yesterday.

Sometimes the past tense of irregular verbs do not change. For example, "cut – cut , put – put" , etc.

- 1. The house was good in the past.
- 2. She had a bad week.
- 3. The police walked in this area.
- 4. We talked in the room.
- 5. Dad sold the house.
- 6. We opened the box.
- 7. He drove the bus yesterday.
- 8. He spoke English.

- 9. We learned the past tense this morning.
- 10. The policeman wore a uniform.
- 11. He repeated the word "write".
- 12. He told the man.
- 13. They opened the door.
- 14. She sold this pen.
- 15. The woman repeated the song.

Basic Single-slot Substitution Drill

Listen to the teacher and repeat the sentences.

- 1. Dad sold the house.
- 2. Mom sold the house.
- 3. Mom sold the table.
- 4. She sold the table.
- 5. She sold the chair.
- 6. She sold the door.
- 7. She opened the door.

- 1. He drove the bus.
- 2. He drove the white bus.
- 3. He drove the white bus yesterday.

- 1. She opened the box.
- 2. She opened the big box.
- 3. She opened the big box this morning.

- 1. She sold the car.
- 2. She sold the red car.
- 3. She sold the red car yesterday.

- 1. He wrote a letter yesterday. Repeat.
- 2. He wrote a letter yesterday. Transform: what.
- 3. He wrote a letter yesterday. Transform: who.
- 4. He wrote a letter yesterday. Transform: when.

- 1. She opened the box this morning. Repeat.
- 2. She opened the box this morning. Transform: what.
- 3. She opened the box this morning. Transform: who.
- 4. She opened the box this morning. Transform: when.

- 1. They sold the house last week. Repeat.
- 2. They sold the house last week. Transform: what.
- 3. They sold the house last week. Transform: who.
- 4. They sold the house last week. Transform: when.

- 1. The policeman got the car.
- 2. The girl sold this picture.
- 3. I wrote a letter yesterday.
- 4. We opened the room.
- 5. The boy repeated the lesson.
- 6. We talked this morning.
- 7. They had breakfast.
- 8. We had lunch.
- 9. I opened the window.
- 10. She called the police.

Open Question Exercise

Listen and answer the questions in complete sentences.

- 1. Who had a bad week?
- 2. Who walked in this area?
- 3. Who talked in the room?
- 4. Who sold the house?
- 5. Who opened the box?
- 6. Who repeated the song?
- 7. Who sold this picture?
- 8. Who wrote a letter yesterday?
- 9. Who called the police?
- 10. Who had breakfast?

Please refer to the definition file.





/dʒ/

- 1. The tongue touches the "bump" behind the upper teeth and closes the air passage.
- 2. The tongue is then dragged backwards slightly and downwards slightly to create a small gap.
- 3. Air passes through the tiny gap created.
- 4. /dʒ/ is voiced.

- 1. He made a call yesterday.
- 2. She has a difficult job.
- 3. This is a big company.
- 4. The customer is wearing a blue shirt.
- 5. This work is hard.
- 6. The price of the book is five dollars.
- 7. The cost of the pen is two dollars.
- 8. This pen costs two dollars.
- 9. He is the manager of this company.
- 10. She has ten dollars.

Pronunciation Repetition Drill

Listen to the teacher and repeat the words.

- 1. vegetable
- 2. message
- 3. refrigerator
- 4. job
- 5. large
- 6. village
- 7. subject

Basic Single-slot Substitution Drill

Listen to the teacher and repeat the sentences.

- 1. She has ten dollars.
- 2. She has five dollars.
- 3. He has five dollars.
- 4. He has fifty dollars.
- 5. He has one dollar.
- 6. They have one dollar.

- 1. She has a difficult job.
- 2. She has difficult work.
- 3. She has great work.
- 4. She has a great job.
- 5. He has a great job.
- 6. They have a great job.

- 1. The customer is wearing a shirt.
- 2. The customer is wearing a blue shirt.
- 3. The customer is wearing a blue and white shirt.

- 1. She has ten dollars.
- 2. She has ten dollars in the bag.
- 3. She has ten dollars in the small bag.

- 1. He is the manager.
- 2. He is the manager of this company.
- 3. He is the manager of this big company.

- 1. She made a call yesterday. Repeat.
- 2. She made a call yesterday. Transform: who.
- 3. She made a call yesterday. Transform: when.
- 4. She made a call yesterday. Transform: what.

- 1. The customer is wearing a blue shirt. Repeat.
- 2. The customer is wearing a blue shirt. Transform: who.
- 3. The customer is wearing a blue shirt. Transform: what.
- 4. The customer is wearing a blue shirt. Transform: not.

Sound (Phoneme) Listen to the teacher, repea			d.
/dʒ/ /z/		/कु/	/z/
1. cou <u>s</u> in	6. oppo <u>s</u> ite		
2. bu <u>s</u> y	7. mu <u>s</u> ic		
3. large	8. subject		
4. vegetable	9. message		
5. job	10. exercise		

- 1. cousin
- 2. busy
- 3. large
- 4. vegetable
- 5. job
- 6. opposite
- 7. music
- 8. subject
- 9. message
- 10. Exercise

- 1. The manager works in the company. Repeat.
- 2. The manager works in the company. Transform: who.
- 3. The manager works in the company. Transform: where.
- 4. The manager works in the company. Transform: not.

Question and Answer Drill

Listen and answer the questions in complete sentences.

- 1. Who made a call yesterday?
- 2. Who has a difficult job?
- 3. Is this a big company?
- 4. What is the customer wearing?
- 5. Is this work hard?
- 6. What is the price of the book?
- 7. Is he the manager of this company?
- 8. Does she have ten dollars?
- 9. Does this pen cost two dollars?
- 10. What is the cost of the pen?

R.E.M.S METHOD REV 4.1

READING EXERCISE

- 1. What is this?
- 2. What is that?
- 3. What are these?
- 4. What are those?
- 5. What is next to the university?
- 6. What is across from the market?
- 7. What is the man doing?
- 8. What is the woman reading?

- 9. What is she eating?
- 10. What are they doing?
- 11. What is above the wall?
- 12. What is on the table?
- 13. What are they watching?
- 14. What color is that?
- 15. What color is this?

R.E.M.S METHOD REV 4.2

READING EXERCISE

7. The people are unhappy.

1. He has a rich daddy. 8. That person is happy. 2. He is strong.

9. This place is clean. 3. She has a tall mommy.

10. He is tall. 4. She is poor.

5. He is slow. 11. I am strong.

6. She is a new member here. 12. They are poor.

- 1. The house was good in the past.
- 2. She had a bad week.
- 3. The police walked in this area.
- 4. We talked in the room.
- 5. Dad sold the house.
- 6. We opened the box.
- 7. He drove the bus yesterday.
- 8. He spoke English.

- 9. We learned the past tense this morning.
- 10. The policeman wore a uniform.
- 11. He repeated the word "write".
- 12. He told the man.
- 13. They opened the door.
- 14. She sold this pen.
- 15. The woman repeated the song.

- 1. He made a call yesterday.
- 2. She has a difficult job.
- 3. This is a big company.
- 4. The customer is wearing a blue shirt.
- 5. This work is hard.
- 6. The price of the book is five dollars.
- 7. The cost of the pen is two dollars.
- 8. This pen costs two dollars.
- 9. He is the manager of this company.
- 10. She has ten dollars.

Pronunciation Repetition Drill

Listen to the teacher and repeat the words.

- 1. vegetable
- 2. message
- 3. refrigerator
- 4. job
- 5. large
- 6. village
- 7. subject

Basic Single-slot Substitution Drill

Listen to the teacher and repeat the words.

- 1. What color is this?
- 2. What color is that?
- 3. What color are those?
- 4. What color are these?

Basic Single-slot Substitution Drill

Listen to the teacher and repeat the words.

- 1. Dad sold the house.
- 2. Mom sold the house.
- 3. Mom sold the table.
- 4. She sold the table.
- 5. She sold the chair.
- 6. She sold the door.
- 7. She opened the door.

C

Basic Single-slot Substitution Drill

Listen to the teacher and repeat the words.

- 1. She has ten dollars.
- 2. She has five dollars.
- 3. He has five dollars.
- 4. He has fifty dollars.
- 5. He has one dollar.
- 6. They have one dollar.

- 1. The customer is wearing a shirt.
- 2. The customer is wearing a blue shirt.
- 3. The customer is wearing a blue and white shirt.

- 1. cousin
- 2. busy
- 3. large
- 4. vegetable
- 5. job
- 6. opposite
- 7. music
- 8. subject
- 9. message
- 10. Exercise

- 1.He eats two eggs in the morning. Repeat.
- 2. He eats two eggs in the morning. Transform: what.
- 3. He eats two eggs in the morning. Transform: when.
- 4. He eats two eggs in the morning. Transform: who.

- 1. He wrote a letter yesterday. Repeat.
- 2. He wrote a letter yesterday. Transform: what.
- 3. He wrote a letter yesterday. Transform: who.
- 4. He wrote a letter yesterday. Transform: when.

- 1. The manager works in the company. Repeat.
- 2. The manager works in the company. Transform: who.
- 3. The manager works in the company. Transform: where.
- 4. The manager works in the company. Transform: not.

Question and Answer Drill

Listen and answer the questions in complete sentences.

- 1. Who had a bad week?
- 2. Who walked in this area?
- 3. Who talked in the room?
- 4. What is this?
- 5. What is that?
- 6. What is next to the university?
- 7. Are the people unhappy?
- 8. Are they poor?
- 9. Does she have a tall mommy?
- 10. Is he slow?

- 1. What does he eat in the morning?
- 2. Dad is writing and eating in the room.
- 3. She opened the big box this morning.
- 4. She has ten dollars.
- 5. He is the manager of this company.
- 6. The price of the book is five dollars.