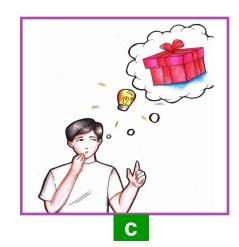
I almost forgot her birthday.









Example

- 1. I almost forgot her birthday.
- 2. I almost forgot the present.

- 3. I almost forgot the check / bill.
- 4. I almost forgot his face.

Conversation:

Jennifer: Naoto, when is your birthday?

Naoto: It's on the 3rd of May.

Jennifer: What do you usually do on your birthday?

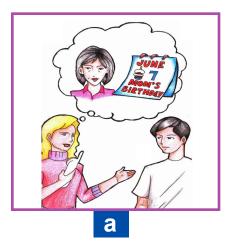
Naoto : We always have a small party at home. My mother prepares everything.

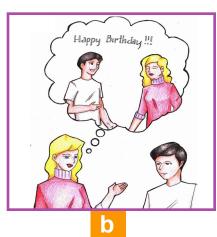
Jennifer: Wow, that's nice. You have a wonderful family.

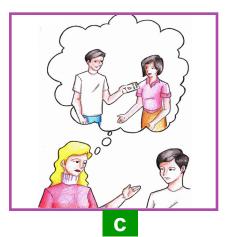
Naoto : Well, my mother is really thoughtful. Oh my! I almost forgot her birthday.

| Gramm | nar Focus | |
|------------------------|-----------------|--|
| I almost forgot + noun | | |
| I almost forgot | her birthday. | |
| | the present. | |
| | the check/bill. | |
| | his face. | |

Will you call her on her birthday?









Example

- ___1. Will you call her on her birthday?
 - 2. Will you greet me on my birthday?

- ☐ 3. Will you send him a present on his birthday?
- 4. Will you give her a card on her birthday?

Conversation:

Naoto : Jennifer, can you tell me where I can buy greeting cards?

Jennifer: Oh, there is a stationery store across from the bank.

Naoto : Is it next to the boutique? I'm thinking of buying a birthday card for my mom.

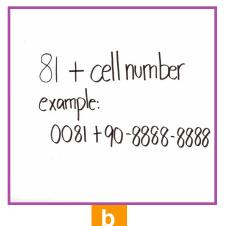
Jennifer : Yes, that's right. Will you call her on her birthday?
Naoto : Maybe, I will. I haven't called her since I arrived here.

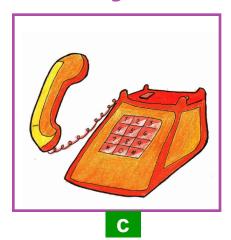
Jennifer: Your mom will be happy.

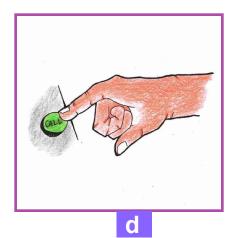
| Grammar Focus | | |
|-----------------|-------------------------------------|--|
| Will you + verb | | |
| Will you | call her on her birthday? | |
| | greet me on my birthday? | |
| | send him a present on his birthday? | |
| | give her a card on her birthday? | |

First, get the country code.









Example

- 1. First, get the country code.
- 2. Then, add the numbers.

- 3. Next, dial the numbers.
- 4. Finally, press the call key.

Conversation:

Jennifer: Hi, Naoto. What are you doing?

Naoto: I'm trying to figure out how to make an international phone call.

Jennifer: Well, that's easy. Let me help you.

Naoto: Thanks, Jennifer.

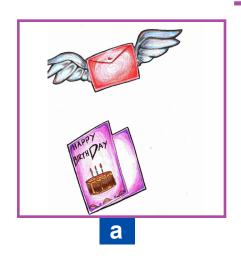
Jennifer : Ok. First, get the country code. Then, add the numbers. Next, dial the numbers. Finally, press the

call key.

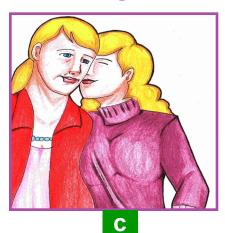
Naoto : Oh, it's really simple.

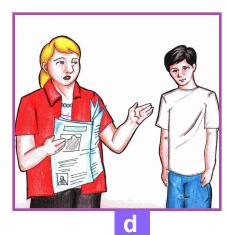
| | Grammar Focus | 🌖 |
|--------------------------|-----------------------|---|
| Transition Words of Time | | |
| First, | get the country code. | |
| Then, | add the numbers. | |
| Next, | dial the numbers. | |
| Finally, | press the call key. | |

I sent you a birthday card.









Example

- 1. I sent you a birthday card.
- 2. I made her coffee.

- 3. She gave her a kiss.
- 4. She told him the news.

Conversation:

Naoto : Hello mom, this is Naoto, Happy Birthday!

Chikako: Thank you Naoto.

Naoto : Are you surprised I called?

Chikako : Yes, I am, I didn't expect you to call.

Naoto: I sent you a birthday card. Did you receive it?

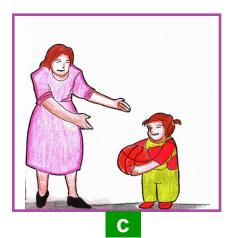
Chikako: Yes, I did. It made me happy.

| Grammar Focus | |
|------------------------------------------------------|--|
| S - V - I.O - D.O. (Indirect object - Direct object) | |
| I sent you a birthday card. | |
| I made her coffee. | |
| She gave her a kiss. | |
| She told him the news. | |

My boss is nice.









Example

- 1. My boss is nice.
- 2. Her daughter is active.

- 3. His dog is playful.
- 4. Our neighbor is friendly.

Conversation:

Naoto: Hi, Tom. You're here.

Tom : Yes. My boss is nice. He gave me a holiday.

Naoto: Wonderful! So, do you have any plans?

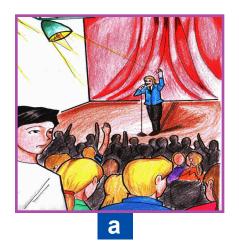
Tom: Well, I have one thing in mind.

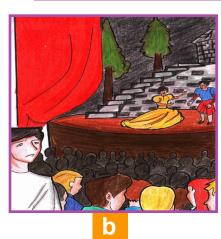
Naoto: And what is that?

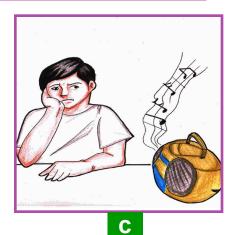
Tom : Surfing. Do you want to come with me? The weather is nice.

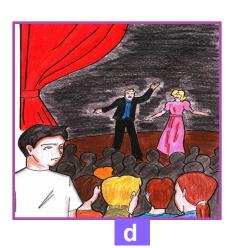
| | | 9 |
|----------------------|---------------|-----------|
| | Grammar Focus | |
| Possessive Adjective | | |
| My boss | | nice. |
| Her daughter | is active. | active. |
| His dog | | playful. |
| Our neighbor | | friendly. |

I'm not into concerts.









Example

- 1. I'm not into concerts.
- 2. I'm not into music.

- 3. I'm not into stage play.
- 4. I'm not into opera.

Conversation:

Tom : So, Naoto, have you been to a concert?

Naoto: Yes. A few times. I'm not really into concerts.

Tom: Why not?

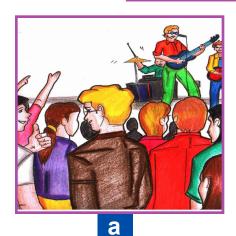
Naoto: I hate crowded places.

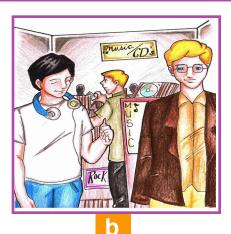
Tom : Oh. I'm planning to go to a concert this Saturday. I thought you might be interested.

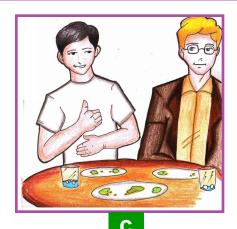
Naoto: Well, who's playing?

| Grammar Focus | | |
|---------------------|-------------|--|
| I'm not into + noun | | |
| I'm not into | concerts. | |
| | music. | |
| | stage play. | |
| | opera. | |

It's the best concert I've ever been to.









Example

- 1. It's the best concert I've ever been to.
- 2. It's the best food I've ever tasted.

- 3. It's the best movie I've ever seen.
- 4. It's the best song I've ever heard.

Conversation:

Naoto: That concert was awesome.

Tom: Yeah. I really had fun.

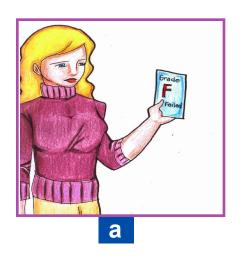
Naoto: It's the best concert I've ever been to.

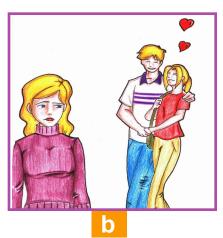
Tom: What did you like most about it? **Naoto**: Well, the performance was fantastic.

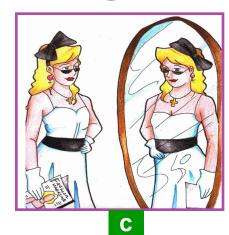
Tom: I couldn't agree more.

| Grammar Focus | | |
|------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------|--|
| It's the best + noun + I have ever + past participle | | |
| It's the best | concert I've ever been to. | |
| | food I've ever tasted. | |
| | movie l've ever seen. | |
| | song l've ever heard. | |

It makes me feel good.









Example

- 1. It makes me feel good.
- 2. It makes me ecstatic.

- 3. It makes me feel blue.
- 4. It makes me feel envious.

Conversation:

Naoto: Jennifer, what are you reading?

Jennifer : I'm just browsing through this magazine. **Naoto** : Oh, I didn't know you were into fashion.

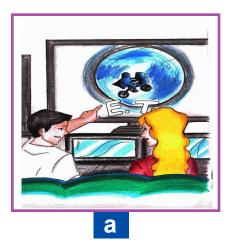
Jennifer: Fashion is my life and Madonna is my fashion icon.

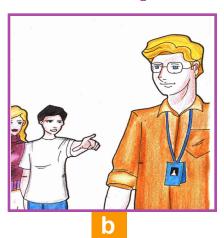
Naoto: Why do you like her?

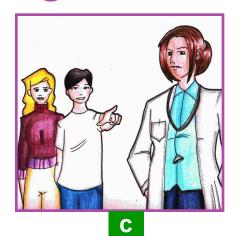
Jennifer : Well, I like her style because it makes me feel good.

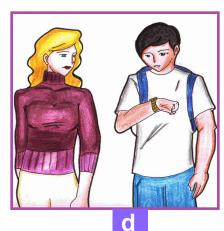
| Grammar | Focus |
|------------------------------|-----------|
| It makes me feel + adjective | |
| It makes me feel | good. |
| | ecstatic. |
| | blue. |
| | envious. |

It is a Steven Spielberg movie, isn't it?









Example

- 1. It is a Steven Spielberg movie, isn't it?
- 2. She is a doctor, isn't she?

- 3. He is a teacher, isn't he?
- 4. We are late, aren't we?

Conversation:

Naoto : Jennifer, what are you watching?

Jennifer: I'm watching E.T.

Naoto : It's a Steven Spielberg movie, isn't it?

Jennifer : Yeah, right. Have you seen this film?

Naoto : Yes, I have. I love Spielberg movies.

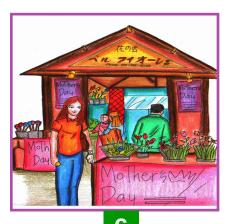
Jennifer : So do I.

| Gramı | mar Focus 🦪 |
|---------------------------------|-------------|
| Tag C | Questions |
| It is a Steven Spielberg movie, | isn't it? |
| She is a doctor, | isn't she? |
| He is a teacher, | isn't he? |
| We are late, | aren't we? |

Children's Day is a day when Japanese families have parties in honor of their children.









Example

- 1. Children's Day is a day when Japanese families have parties in honor of their children.
 - 2. Mother's Day is a day when people in many countries honor mothers.
- 3. New Year's Day is a day when people make resolutions.
- 4. Thanksgiving is a day when people celebrate the harvest.

Conversation:

Jennifer: What is your favorite holiday in Japan, Naoto?

Naoto : I used to like Children's Day.

Jennifer : What did you like about it?

Naoto : Well, it's a day when Japanese families have parties in honor of their children.

Jennifer: That's interesting!

Naoto: But we don't celebrate it anymore.

| | | Grammar Focus |
|-------------------------|---------------|------------------------------------------------------------|
| Relative Clause of Time | | |
| Children's Day | | Japanese families have parties in honor of their children. |
| Mother's Day | | people in many countries honor mothers. |
| New Year's Day | is a day when | people make resolutions. |
| Thanksgiving | | people celebrate the harvest. |